

# Idu ethnozoology

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## ABSTRACT

The Idu people of Arunachal Pradesh still inhabit a rich and biodiverse environment which has been preserved from the major threats to SE Asian forests. The zoology of these forests is still little-known, though recent monographs have begun to remedy this situation in regard to mammals and herpetofauna. The birds have yet to be inventoried in any detail, although similar species to Bhutan and Nepal can be expected.

Keywords; Idu; ethnobotany; Arunachal Pradesh

## 1.2.3.1 Mammals

Identifications based on Choudhury (2013) and Menon (2014)

English	Idu	Latin	Comment
? the Arunachal macaque	āmē lē	<i>Macaca munzala</i> ?	? the Arunachal macaque
animal, generic	àmbrē àthà		
Asiatic black bear	āhū rā	<i>Ursus thibetanus</i>	
bat, any	kàp <sup>h</sup> ū		
bear, generic	āhū		H. àmbrē njòótò wild huge and awkward (walks from side to side). P. hulu dō lō coyī
Bengal slow loris		<i>Loris lydekkerianus</i>	
binturong, bearcat	āhū lū	<i>Arctictis binturong</i>	
buffalo, wild	mājī kṛāá	<i>Bubalus arnee</i>	
civet, Himalayan	èphá mitsī	<i>Paguma larvata</i>	
palm			
civet, Indian	kātō	<i>Viverra zibetha</i>	
civet, small Indian	āmṛā dà	<i>Viverricula indica</i>	tiger + squirrel
deer generic	mānjō		H. áphú áci from the field (deer come and eat crops in the night)
deer, Alpine musk	àlà	<i>Moschus chrysogaster</i>	H. ámbéshù ‘small animal’
deer, barking red	mānjō èmàsù	<i>Muntiacus muntjak</i>	
deer, barking, black	mānjō ākūmà	<i>Muntiacus putaoensis</i>	This is a probable resident of Arunachal Pradesh
deer, half-black, half red	mānjō īmbù	<i>Muntiacus gongshanensis</i>	This is a probable resident of Arunachal Pradesh
deer, sambar	màcō	<i>Rusa unicolor</i>	
deer, spotted	màcō dùmsú	<i>Axis axis</i>	also ràgúnā < Assamese
dhole, wild dog	āprūprú	<i>Cuon alpinus</i>	
elephant	ātā	<i>Elephas maximus</i>	P. Inyi ambrumē aka la baci = name of clan granary fall down
elephant, large male, tusk	ātālā	<i>Elephas maximus</i>	
felid sp.	āmṛā àphùngō		in the early morning makes the noise
housebat	àphólō		phólōlō
flying fox, generic	kàp <sup>h</sup> ū àndrō		
flying squirrel, Gray’s	????		
giant	āgrīprà	<i>Petaurista nobilis</i>	
flying squirrel, Mishmi	kāmweē	<i>Petaurista mishmiensis</i>	
flying squirrel, particoloured	āláci	<i>Hylopetes alboniger</i>	
flying squirrel, red	ètōphá	<i>Petaurista petaurista</i>	
giant			
golden jackal	bāmbū	<i>Canis aureus</i>	Mithu dial. mām̐bū. cf. Kman mām̐bōw ‘fox’. Soup of gall bladder of a fox gives relief in breathing problems
hare, Indian	cìrù	<i>Lepus nigricollis</i>	
hoary bamboo rat, poss. bay bamboo rat	āṛū	<i>Rhizomys pruinosus</i> , <i>Cannomys badius</i>	also the name of a bamboo sp.

English	Idu	Latin	Comment
hoolock	àmē ló	<i>Hoolock leuconedys</i>	The belief is it is the pet of the sun goddess and if it is killed, one may fall sick with cancer, epilepsy etc.
hoolock	àmē pá	<i>Hoolock leuconedys</i>	
house mouse	kācīngō	<i>Mus musculus</i>	
leopard	āmṛā kècì	<i>Panthera pardus</i>	et. 'tiger + xx'
leopard cat	āmṛā āṛūlī	<i>Prionailurus bengalensis</i>	
leopard, clouded	kècì mǎnū	<i>Neofelis nebulosa</i>	et. 'leopard + xx'
long-tailed field mouse	kāhō	<i>Apodemus sylvaticus</i>	
marble cat, golden cat	àpùngō	<i>Catopuma temminckii</i>	
marble cat	ācāngú	<i>Pardofelis marmorata</i>	P. <i>apungu apolo</i> any wild cat that climbs trees
mole, white-tailed	āpī tūrumbú, āpīmbú	<i>Parascaptor leucura</i>	
monkey, generic but usually macaque	āmē		
monkey, small	āmē krù	<i>Macaca assamensis</i> subsp. ?	et. 'monkey + female' ?
mountain weasel	ībīcī	<i>Mustela altaica</i>	
otter, Asian small-clawed	āṛḏ	<i>Aonyx cinerea</i>	small, comes in pairs
otter, Eurasian	āṛḏ gā	<i>Lutra lutra</i>	comes in groups, bigger
pangolin, Chinese	ākūsōrō	<i>Manis pentadactyla</i>	
pencil-tailed tree mouse [?]	āhōngō	<i>Chiropodomys gliroides</i>	white chest, long tail, found in jungle
pika, large-eared	ībījù	<i>Ochotona macrotis</i>	
porcupine	āsō	<i>Hystrix brachyura</i>	
porcupine, brush-tailed	ālú	<i>Atherurus macrourus</i>	Mithu dial. <i>kālú</i>
rat sp.	àgūnū		small, white chest, stays around house
rat sp.	ākēngō		small, white chest
rat sp.	àsō		tip of tail is white, lives in jungle
rat sp.	àyókò		largest rat, lives in rocky area
rat, Indian long-tailed	àsā ēmāsù	<i>Vandeleuria oleracea</i>	
red goral	āmí	<i>Naemorbedus baileyi</i>	H. <i>àjùshù</i> deep and high gorge small
red panda	àyí mīnjīnī	<i>Ailurus fulgens</i>	
rhino, greater one-horned	mālōyā	<i>Rhinoceros unicornis</i>	
serow	māāy	<i>Capricornis thar</i>	H. <i>àmàdrò</i> + split in two (because it has a divided hoof). P. <i>anu dō ekayi</i> serow and any deer <i>mānjō</i> probably just a local colour type
serow, brownish, smaller	māāy àdásù	<i>Capricornis sp.</i>	
shrew, Hodgson's	āpīcī	<i>Soriculus caudatus</i>	
brown-toothed			
squirrel, black giant	àkhè	<i>Ratufa bicolor</i>	
squirrel, general	àdà		
squirrel, Himalayan	àdāngò	<i>Callioscurus pygerythrus</i>	
hoary-bellied			
squirrel, Himalayan	àdàkà	<i>Tamiops maclellandi</i>	

English	Idu	Latin	Comment
striped			
squirrel, Pallas'	àdàmà	<i>Callioscurus erythraeus</i>	
squirrel, small, red	ànūcé	?	
sun-bear	āhũ trò	<i>Helarctos malayanus</i>	
thakin, Mishmi	ākrū	<i>Budorcas taxicolor</i>	H. àmbrè kàcì animal big. P. lemu dole mayi
tiger	āmā	<i>Panthera tigris</i>	H. àngócì 'from the highlands' àngó montane region. P. drũũ dō kàcì covers tigers plus leopards The tiger is considered as brother of ancestors; hence it is not to be killed. If killed accidentally, one has to perform death ceremony, similarly of a human being. It is believed that killing of tiger brings bad luck to the person and family. It is also believed that the soul of a tiger never dies and so it hunts the killer and his family. On killing a tiger, whole village has to observe 5 days abstain from field works. However, there is an exception that Meme, Mishiwru, Mepo etc. clans are free from the above rules. The fat of amra is applied in joint parts of the body to get relief of swelling, dislocate and pain from arthritis.
tiger, large male	d <sup>ŋ</sup> rò		
wild pig	āmwe	<i>Sus scrofa</i>	H. ènàmbòn dì nose sharp P. ati do ayayi
wild pig, boar, ash-coloured	āmwe ālīprù	<i>Sus scrofa</i>	
wild pig, smaller	āmwe ēkhōlō	<i>Sus scrofa</i>	
wild pig, smaller	āmwe gōrō	<i>Sus scrofa</i>	
yak	dzāmī	<i>Bos gruniens</i>	
yak	sāpūu	<i>Bos gruniens</i>	'mithun + lama' i.e. Tibetan mithun
yellow-bellied weasel	ìṭṭṭgō	<i>Mustela kathiah</i>	
yellow-throated marten	ākōkó	<i>Martes flavigula</i>	

### 1.2.3.2 Reptiles

Scientific names of reptiles from Ahmed et al. (2009) and Purkayastha (2013)

Latin	English	Idu	Comment
	snake	tàbù	Also called àbù. H. name tàbù tàpà [which apparently softens the name tabu]
<i>Python bivittatus</i>	Burmese python	bròõ	The fat of <i>bròõ</i> is used to get relief from joint pain. The claws and fangs of the <i>bròõ</i> are considered magical
<i>Radinophis prasinus</i>	flying snake	bəhə	
<i>Chrysopelea ornata</i>	green trinket snake	bəl̩	
<i>Ophiophagus hannah</i>	ornate flying snake	àbòbə	
	king cobra	bwéká	This snake exceptionally belongs to Brùù unlike other snakes and is equally a spirit which can drag you to your death. misu status
<i>Naja kaouthia</i>	monocled cobra	ājū	
<i>Bungarus niger</i>	greater black krait	lòkā	
<i>Naja naja</i>	Indian cobra	èkáyí	misu status
?	cobra sp.	àbòdzī	
<i>Coelognathus radiatus</i>	copper-headed trinket snake	bwèthé	
<i>Sinomicrurus maclellandi</i>	McLelland's coral snake	àprū àlá	misu status
<i>Bungarus fasciatus</i>	banded krait	àprū krú	misu status
<i>Typhlopidae spp.</i>	blind snake	ābū ànjí	lit. 'father + earthworm' though ābū is Tani rather than Idu
<i>Ptyas mucosa</i>	Oriental rat snake	bōsòmbō	
Not identifiable	snake sp.	mànù	misu status. This is a snake with semi-mythical status living in plains areas, said to have two tails. It has not been seen for a long time.
<i>Daboia russeli</i>	Russel's viper	ētá	Possibly also the Oriental mountain viper, <i>Ovophis monticola</i>
<i>Enhydryis enhydryis</i>	rainbow snake	water mǎcī tābú	

## Other reptiles

turtle	ícĩmbù	
Bengal monitor	àkùprà	
common water monitor	àkùndĩsĩ	
spotted forest skink	ētáyú	
forest garden lizard	àṇṇṇī	and other forest lizard spp.
Brook's house gecko	àmùṇṇə	
Garnet's house gecko	ètōgrə	
gecko sp.	akuthrə	

## 1.2.3.3 Amphibians

frogs are edible, not toads

toad	pāhō	Mithu dial. àpāhũ
Asian toad sp.	pāmbò	
mountain horned frog	pàsùkrū	
Taipeh frog	pātītī	
small, black frog sp.	cènē prà	

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frog sp.	ā[ɾ]ōpá	
frog sp.	[p]ākā prā	
Indian hylid frog	pālí	
frog sp.	pàyi	
two-striped pygmy tree frog	àpādā	‘frog + squirrel’
tadpole	àpātō	frog + babies

## 1.2.3.4 Fish

fish	āṇjá		cf. Kman àṇjà
fish sp. I	ábrò		
fish sp. I	àdú		
fish sp. I	àṅgḡ		
fish sp. I	āṇríprā		similar to <i>pītíkà</i> but much larger
fish sp. I	āpā		
fish sp. I	āpāṛò		
fish sp. I	àpwḡ		large catfish A. <i>guru mas</i>
fish sp. I	āṛéjò	<i>Channa stewartii</i>	Assamese snakehead
fish sp. I	āṛèmbù		snakehead
fish sp. I	āṛènā		has a flat tail
fish sp. I	áṛō	<i>Tor putitora</i>	golden maseer
fish sp. I	áṛōprā		small <i>áṛō</i> . climbs out onto rocks
fish sp. I	āsò		
fish sp. I	āyá		
fish sp. I	áyú	<i>Garra rupicola</i>	Mishmi garrah
fish sp. I	dāyá		catfish. has sharp spines around the mouth which can cripple the hand in extreme cases
fish sp. I	ēkābrū		name incorporates the <i>brū</i> numeral classifier for long tubular objects. Also <i>ēkāṅgō</i> . Found in high mountain streams
fish sp. I	ēkāṅgō		Also <i>ēkābrū</i> .
fish sp. I	ētóʔũ		
fish sp. I	ìcīnō		has sharp spines around the mouth and the word ici means ‘to sting’
fish sp. I	kòkōlá		has a long mouth. Found in the plains rivers. ? borrowed name
fish sp. I	lòprā		white + flat
fish sp. I	pītíkà		flat and triangular
fish sp. I	rēkènā		catfish et. scratch + lip
eel	ṇwōbū	<i>Anguilla bengalensis</i> and <i>Monopterus cuchia</i>	Indian mottled eel, swamp eel

## 1.2.3.5 Birds

Idu bird identifications from Inskipp et al. (1999)

Idu	English	Latin	Bhutan	Comment
prā	bird, generic			
prā àbrānā	all very small birds			these birds sleep at night on the leaves of a bamboo abrana
prā límbrá	general term for small birds with a long beak			

Idu	English	Latin	Bhutan	Comment
prā mǎthrù	general term for small birds that fly in tight flocks			
prā sǔ	bird nest			
àdù	eagle, generic		86	
àdù àbrā ɾò	smaller eagles			àdù àbrā lò Hill dialects
àdù ɛɾwèthrè	shikras, falcons & kestrels		90.3-5, 98	
àdù ĩmbū	mountain eagle hawk	<i>Spizaetus nipalensis</i>	96.4	
àdù kùnyì	large eagle, generic		86.6	The black eagle, <i>Ictinaetus malayensis</i> , is one of the common species locally recognised
àmēɾū	Himalayan griffon	<i>Gyps himalayensis</i>	88.3	
āmṛā kūtūlū	collared Scops owl	<i>Otus bakkamoena</i>	72.3	lit. tiger + rounded. This is a <i>mīsù</i> bird, i.e. must not be killed
āɾū	kalej pheasant	<i>Lophura leucomelanos</i>	46.3bc	
bòrmā	weaver bird sp.			Plains dial. < ? Assamese
cēndā	Himalayan monal	<i>Lophophorus impejanus</i>	46.1	Hunter's name <i>kaneci</i> . <i>kane</i> is bare mountain top <i>ci</i> from k. area
cíkhú	bird sp. like a partridge			H. <i>pra muna</i> bird + feather bird is known for its excessive feathers. Lives in snow region
dējò	wreathed hornbill	<i>Aceros undulatus</i>	58.4	
dēkā	Indian roller	<i>Coracias benghalensis</i>	60.4	
dèkrǐ	greater spotted eagle ?	<i>Aquila clanga</i>	94.1	catches monkeys
déù	raptor sp.			?
dùyū	black kite	<i>Milvus migrans</i>	86.2	
èkāwè	common green magpie	<i>Cissa chinensis</i>	108.6	?
ēkòhū	speckled wood pigeon	<i>Columba hodgsonii</i>	78.3	? not known
ékòkā	emerald dove	<i>Chalcophaps indica</i>	78.7	
ēkòlò	spotted owlet	<i>Athene brama</i>	72.7	
ēkòmì	large green pigeon, generic	<i>Treron spp.</i>	80.4,5	
ēkòsǎ	barred cuckoo-dove	<i>Macropygia unchall</i>	78.6	
ēkòtùrù	mountain imperial pigeon	<i>Ducula badia</i>	76.6	said to have a frightening call like a tiger
ēlō krū	grey peacock pheasant	<i>Polyplectron bicalcaratum</i>	46.4	
èphōlō	jungle owlet	<i>Glaucidium calcaratum</i>	72.6	maybe other owlets
ètō phá	greater coucal	<i>Centropus sinensis</i>	68.1	
ètō'sà	red junglefowl	<i>Gallus gallus</i>	46.2	
gèràmbū	duck, generic			also <i>gàràmbū</i> ? borrowed
īcītú	spot-bellied eagle owl	<i>Bubo nipalensis</i>	74.1	
ilúũ	barred buttonquail	<i>Turnix suscitator</i>	42.8	the ũ is a representation of the sound of the bird
īsū.ũ	Himalayan flameback	<i>Dinopium shorii</i>	54.7	common name for large woodpeckers
pālā	swallows, swifts	<i>Apus spp.</i>	70	e.g. Himalayan swiftlet
pāgrē	blue-throated barbet	<i>Megalaima asiatica</i>	56.5	
pēndró	great hornbill	<i>Buceros bicornis</i>	58.2	now extinct in this area
pèrà	bird sp.			?



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Idu	English	Latin	Bhutan	Comment
pèròbè	blue-fronted redstart	<i>Phoenicurus frontalis</i>	128.7	?
pījīkú	rufous-necked laughing thrush	<i>Garrulax ruficollis</i>	150.5	
pīmsà	olive-backed pipit	<i>Anthus hodgsoni</i>	172.8	
pīmsū	common tailor-bird	<i>Orthotomus sutorius</i>	146.2	
pīpī	grey-bellied cuckoo	<i>Cacomantis passerinus</i>	66.2	
pókō	general term for pigeons	<i>Columba spp.</i>	76	includes the common Oriental pigeon
pōkō	Tibetan partridge	<i>Perdrix hodgsoniae</i>	42.4	
pōshō	seasonal migrant sp.			In Mithu dial. éshòbē
prā bō	cattle egret	<i>Bubulcus ibis</i>	102.4	follows cattle
prā cèyā	crakes, generic	<i>Porzana spp.</i>	82	
prā ché	white-throated bulbul	<i>Alophoixus flaveolus</i>	140.6	
prā rō	mountain bulbul	<i>Hypsipetes maclellandii</i>	140.8	
prā dūkù	spotted dove	<i>Streptopelia chinensis</i>	78.3	
prā hò	lesser racket-tailed drongo	<i>Dicrurus remifer</i>	116.5	
prā ĩĩ	streaked spiderhunter	<i>Acronothera magna</i>	168.2	
prā ĩmbūlū	yuhinas, generic	<i>Yuhina spp.</i>	162	
prā ĩpi	scaly-breasted munia	<i>Lonchura punctulata</i>	174.4a	lives in groups, considered to be a thief
prā jārīmū	white-crested laughing thrush	<i>Garrulax leucolophus</i>	150.2	plays a role in folklore
prā jólō	red-vented bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus cafer</i>	140.5	
prā kālā	speckled piculet	<i>Picumnus innominatus</i>	52.1	
prā kūlā	seasonal migrant sp.			Mithu dial. prā kúdù
prā krāyā	large-billed crow	<i>Corvus macrorhynchus</i>	110.6	
prā kri	rose-ringed parakeet	<i>Psittacula krameri</i>	68.4b	
prā kriĩ	kingfisher, general term		62	
prā krō	great cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax carbo</i>	100.4	
prā lí	lammergeier	<i>Gypaetus barbatus</i>	88.1	when it cries then s.o. will die. <i>misu</i>
prā līmùnā	warblers, generic		148	
prā līsūpū	golden-fronted leafbird	<i>Chloropsis aurifrons</i>	106.6	? includes classifier for rounded objects
prā lū	spangled drongo	<i>Dicrurus hottentotus</i>	116.6	?
prā lūālā	sunbirds		166	
prā mājī	common myna	<i>Acridotheres tristis</i>	132.6	
prā mòsā	house sparrow	<i>Passer griseus</i>	168.3	
prā ndrò(yē)	hoopoe	<i>Upopa epops</i>	60.1	
prā pā	bird sp.			A nocturnal bird. Its noise should not be imitated, because your clothes and possessions will burn up.
prā pādù	plaintive cuckoo	<i>Cacomantis merulinus</i>	64	probably also cuckoos, generic term
prā pì	white-throated fantail	<i>Rhipidura albicollis</i>	114.8	
prā tī	forktail spp.	<i>Enicurus spp.</i>	130.5-8	photo shows slaty-backed forktail, <i>Enicurus schistaceus</i> 130.6
prā ìtū	black drongo	<i>Dicrurus macrocercus</i>	116.1	possibly some of the other drongos
prā pōpò	blue-throated	<i>Cyornis rubeculoides</i>	124.8	

Idu	English	Latin	Bhutan	Comment
	flycatcher	<i>Phoenicurus erythrogaster</i>	128.6	
	white winged redstart			
prā rŭ	lesser cuckoo	<i>Cuculus poliocephalus</i>	64.8	
prā siŋgùni	woolly-necked stork	<i>Ciconia episcopus</i>	104.3	
prā thē	white-throated bulbul	<i>Alophoixus flaveolus</i>	140.6	
prā tú	red-headed trogon	<i>Harpactes erythrocephalus</i>	60.2	Also Ward's trogon 60.3
pūdùpūmō	rosefinch	<i>Carpodacus spp.</i>	176	
pūthrū	citrine wagtail	<i>Motacilla citreola</i>	170.3	
pūú	great barbet	<i>Megalaima virens</i>	56.2	appears in folktales. This barbet used to have a big beak like a hornbill today, but the two had to exchange beaks
pwēbá	tragopans	<i>Tragopan satyra, T. blythii</i>	44.5,6	
pwēdé	peacock	<i>Pavo cristatus</i>		H. <i>imbuci</i> from the forest
pwēdrū	ruddy shelduck	<i>Tadorna ferruginea</i>	48.2	migratory birds which make noise at night
pwēkà	grey treepie	<i>Dendrocitta formosae</i>	108.8	
pwēkú	greater necklaced laughing thrush	<i>Garrulax pectoralis</i>	150.4	
pwēlā	oriental skylark	<i>Alauda gulgula</i>	172.3	
pwētā	grey nightjar	<i>Caprimulgus indicus</i>	74.4	
pwētā	blue whistling thrush	<i>Muoponus caeruleus</i>	118.4	said to be the third wife of Ano
pwēyà	rufous-throated partridge	<i>Arborophila rufogularis</i>	44.2	also hill partridge 44.1
pwītí	grey bird sp. with long tail			
pwīshù	long-tailed minivet	<i>Pericrocotus ethologus</i>	114.3	should not be killed as it is the bird of the <i>khānyu</i> . Goes in groups of 6-7.
pwīthū	rufous-necked hornbill	<i>Aceros nipalensis</i>	58.3	Also <i>pwōthō</i> in Mithu dialect
thòmò	Oriental pied hornbill	<i>Anthraceroceros albirostris</i>	58.1	
tīlērō	yellow-billed blue magpie sp.	<i>Urocissa flavirostris</i>	108.5	
?	great crested grebe		50.5b	
?	lapwings		84.7	
?	ferruginous pochard		50.4c	
?	hill mynah		132.9	
	common stonechat	<i>Saxicola torquata</i>	130.9	
	gold naped finch, female	<i>Pyrrhoplectes epauletta</i>	178.6	
	grey-cheeked warbler	<i>Seicurus poliogenys</i>	148.9	

### 1.2.3.6 Insects

àbà	bedbug	
ābīci	caterpillar, colourful	has painful sting
ābrīsōmē	arthropod	
ācītāhū	scorpion	
àgāyā	ant, harmless, lives inside bamboo	

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āhībrā	bee, nest in hole in tree	honey
āhūhū	bee, large, nest in trees, ground	
ājārū	large, black/red ant, bites	edible
ākru	bamboo stemborer	
ākruṭō	bamboo stemborer powder	
ālīpī	cockroach, small	
ālāndō	leaf insect	
ālōkōprā	cockroach, big	found in rotten trees
ālōndrō	mosquito	
ālūbrā	housefly	
ālūpī	maggot	
āmbō	flying ant	
āmbrē	bee, Asian giant	honey
āmbrē māpū	beehive III, large	
āmpī	assassin bug	
āmūbrā	fly, small, black, biting	
āmūsū	fly, very small, bites at night	
āndīmbū	dung beetle	
āndūndū	mason wasp	
ānjīpō	tapeworm	
ānjīpōmbrā	earthworm	
āngrebrā	hornet	
āpīnjō	cricket, small	appears at end of rains
āpōmō	caterpillar	This can also be a personal name and the name of a spirit which causes itching and swelling
āpōndzōrōmō	hairy caterpillar, bright yellow	
āpōtō	woodworm	
ārō	honeycomb	
ārōkā	large red ant	edible and eggs are eaten by the Assamese
ārūlī	firefly	
ārūndī	beetle sp.	
āsāyīnā	locust sp.	
āsīdīmbō	stick insect	Also āsāndō
āsāndō	stick insect	Also āsīdīmbō
āsūci	large black stink-ant	
ātāpū	insect sp. black which appears on rotting meat, doesn't fly	
āthū hō	nectar	
āthū khə	propolis	
āthūbrā	bee, small, black	honey
ātūtā	caterpillar sp.	it rolls into a ball when touched
āwā brā	bee, domestic	honey
āwā hə	honey from the āwā bee	
āwā māpū	beehive I	
āwēyāsū	wasp nest	
āwēyā	wasp	
āwūtō	termite	
āyābrā	bee	honey
āyēbrā	fly, small, black and yellow stripes	
ayimi	fly sp.	
āyīngō	bee, large, striped	honey but too dangerous to collect. Also āyūngō.
āyōbrā	fly, large, bites cattle	
āyūngō	bee, large, nest in ground	edible larvae. Also āyīngō.
dūkū	ant-lion	

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dzōdzī	cricket, cries all night	Also <i>tūrūū</i> .
ícùlī	beetle sp.	
èkágū	locust	Also <i>èkālī</i> .
èkālī	locust	Also <i>èkágū</i> .
èkápòrā	grasshopper	
èkhòndō	grasshopper sp. with long pointed tail	this insect used its 'sword' to cut off the head of the stick insect <i>mekrōō</i> and the mantis <i>enolū</i> was invited to mediate
èkólō	beetle with long antennae, white	
éló òmbō	larvae which feed on rotten wood	
èmēbrā	wasp which makes a large nest in trees	
ènōlū	mantis	
ēpáhūthō	millipede	
ètrē	long thin beetle	
ētōthrō	large fly	especially seen in June-July when the jackfruit ripens. Very noisy
ētómālū	horned grasshopper	
gèrìkō	insect sp. which appears on rotting meat, shiny, green and flies	
hā	honey	
īcīrū	rhinoceros beetle	
īkū trūū	dog lice	
īlī pītrū	stag beetle	
īlī trūū	pig lice	
īlīkhè āpū	horned beetle	
īphībrā	moth	
īphīlō	butterfly, white	
īphīlōŋā	butterfly, generic	
īphīŋgā	spider	
īphīsá	cobweb	
īphīsù	butterfly, red	
ítílā	grasshopper sp.	with horns, green
ítínjì	grasshopper sp.	has a pointed crest
ītītrā	centipede	
júkòtō	woodworm	
kàpísù	tick, smaller, red	
kàpítā	tick	
kàpwē	leech	
kàpwēlī	leech, green	found in montane areas
khā	beeswax	
mācī cétā	dragonfly	
mācī trūū	pondskater	water + louse
mèkrōō	mantis sp.	
pāsī	small ant	
pāsī àpòkà	ant, general	
pèkhā	caterpillar, small	
pīpī	cricket, cries all night	
tāyō	fly, small, black, biting found in high areas	
trūū	lice	
trūūŋgū	louse	
tūrūū	cricket, cries all night	Also dzōdzī

### 1.2.3.7 Crustaceans

snail	ànàbrə̀
snail sp. large	ànàmbò
snail sp. small	ànàngò
water shell, large flat, bivalve	jograya
water shell, small, conical, edible	anayibra
crab, large, edible	àtàgrà
crab, small, edible	cì'iprà
prawn	àngò kù

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