KIRIKĘNI OKŲĘINGBOLŲ DIRI

OKRIKA DICTIONARY

by

Levi Sika

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This version prepared by;;

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Cambridge, Sunday, 15 May 2005

Introduction

The present manuscript was among those left by the late Kay Williamson, apparently produced by Mr. Levi Sika, whose original preface is included below. I have been charged with the task of reading and editing these manuscripts and ensuring their eventual distribution and publication. This particular dictionary was prepared in 1995 and seems to have been typed onto a Macintosh without proofreading. The file was converted to IBM word format but no further changes were made. The task of identifying lacunae and resolving queries is under way, but in the meantime, the dictionary seems to be so valuable that it is worthwhile circulating it in the present form. I have left all the comments and queries in the text in order to clarify the status of certain entries.

I have made the following changes for this circulation version;

- 1. English corrected [the English is highly idiosyncratic and it is not at all clear what the author intends at times. I have left these entries for further research]
- 2. Fonts changed from IPA Kiel, SIL Doulos to Times New Roman [but some conversions were uncertain and so have been left until more information is available]
- 3. Text formatted as a table
- 4. Scientific names added
- 5. New synonymns added
- 6. Cross-references added
- 7. Etymologies added
- 8. Parts of speech re-assigned

I have not so far been able to find the original manuscript from which the text was typed but a search is under way. The appendices referred to in the text have so far not come to light. Several other sources on Kirike have been used in the editing, including Kay Williamson's transcriptions in her ms. 'Comparative Ijoid', Richard Freeman's notes on Kirike fish names and my own notes on Kirike musical instruments.

I am well aware of the many problems with the present document. Nonetheless, it seems to me that the information is so rich and many epxressions so unusual, that it makes the usual dictionaries of African languages seem very pallid. I hope in due course to do full justice to the manuscript.

Roger Blench Cambridge Sunday, 15 May 2005

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Original compiler's preface

1. Special consultants

- (a) BIBLIOGRAPHY: Gospels and other Biblical books by Ven Archs. H.E. Oriaku & B.A. Obuoforibo. Gospels, Biblical books, and scripts by Committee of Translators.
- Teke Na Nime Na by accredited Translators. Okrika Primer by W.W. Peters; Kabo Na Gbun Ekwein Na by Dinah Kalio; Tatari Go Diri by Levi Sika.

(b) PERSONALITIES:

- 1. Mr M.D. Selema (Late)
- 2. Mrs Margaret Ine Sika (Late)
- 3. Chief A.A. Jamabo
- 4. Chief I.K. Gbobo
- 5. Chief (Dr) A.S. Abam
- 6. Mr S.L. Owubokiri (Late)
- 7. Rev. Canon Vincent B.D. Aminadoki (Late)
- 8. Ven. Arch. B.A. Obuoribo
- 9. Mr B.D. Iwo (Late)
- 10.Rev. S.A. Oforibo (Late)
- 11.Mr I.D. Gogo

12. Some individual members of the Okrika Bible Translation Project.

(c) PHONOLOGY: Mr George J. Orupabo

(d) EDITORIAL CONSULTANT STAFF:

- 1. Professor Kay Williamson
- 2. Professor E.J. Alagoa
- 3. Dr Charles E.W. Jenewari

2. Appendixes

- (i) Glossary of obsolete words
- (ii) The level tone mark
- (iii) Words related to culture and ceremonies
- (iv) Counting system in Okrika
- (v) Talking Instruments
- (vi) Table of Words: Antonyms, Synonyms, Homophones, Homonyms, Onomatopoeia, Coined Words. Changed words, Borrowed Words.
- (vii) Table of Names of Fishes, Animals, Birds, Reptiles, Insects, Trees
- (viii) Some Common Biblical Words in Kirike

[N.B. the appendices were apparently never typed. *Editor*]

3. General Introduction

The aim of the Okrika Word Book is to provide the general reader of Okrika language with as much up-todate informative words and facts as can be compiled within a single manageable volume, in the most readily accessible presentation. It is unfortunate, a language will have to be explained to its owners in a foreign language which here serves as lingua franca. This goes to emphasise the fact that the Word book is more concerned with the literate class that suffers the language deficiency. Of course, it has to be explained to them in the language they can better understand. This is therefore a boon to those who encounter this difficulty, whose limited vocabulary tends to run down in their stock of expression. This is also the reason why the standard of explanation is not elementary. To the rest of people who may not make the most of the explanation, their stock of vocabulary is increased by words either new or synonymous to those they know. This Word Book is concerned with the whole world of Kirike Se from Ole, Isaka, Bolo, Abuloma, Ogu to the Island. People who speak Kirike can be divided into two groups: those who have inherited it as their birth tongue, and those who are compelled to use it as a second language. The latter may further be split into two sub groups:

- (a) the original bilingual people like the Abulomas and
- (b) the village dwellers who, in considering their strangers or for purposes of their business, accommodate a foreign language. But we find it fairly stable on the island, Ogu, Bolo, Isaka and Ole.

It should also be noted that the Kirike spoken on the island, that is, the main town, is homogeneous, not heterogeneous. It could be likened to the **Union Igbo** of the Ibos or the **Yoruba** spoken in Lagos, because it could be understood by every Okrika man from the other towns of the district. But the indigenous **Kirike** spoken in Ogu or Ogoloma contains more original words and therefore stocks more obsolete words for general use. Here the language is heterogeneous. For instance, the word '**buan'** (a parent-in-law or Qgo) is only spoken by the Ogu people as **bùleri** (to bluff or **lólo** is peculiar to the Ogolomas; there are many of such examples. Therefore this book tends to serve the nation with what is common to the nation (see appendix I).

This book should not be taken for a complete dictionary of the Okrika language, for it does not give all that is expected of a dictionary as language changes daily. Even with advanced languages there are diverse dictionaries to explain things, but suffice it to be, that it is time Okrika had a reference book in the language. At this stage of language study it is necessary we relieve ourselves of being confronted with a word which appears completely new to us. It is true sometimes the context in which a word occurs allows us to make a reasonable guess at its meaning; sometimes the context does not help at all. Either way, our reaction may then be to reach for the dictionary or Word book to discover the meaning.

4. Acknowledgements

This collection of over 7000 words from the whole Kirike-be-se and all her dialects, has been compiled by dint of hard devoted endeavour encouraged by the availability of resources and materials. It has been an exercise I was delightfully pushed into by the young man, George Orupabo. It was he, who, seeing our lacking situation, suggested to me, after the Rivers State Language Workshop staged under the auspices of the Rivers Readers Project (R.R.P.) of Professors E.J. Alagoa and Kay Williamson fame, in 1988, to compile a dictionary of Okrika language. "What is the idea? Who will use it? In what form and expression can it be written? Are we ripe enough to have a dictionary?" I asked him. In reply he said, "We need to retain our language for posterity; besides, it will give you name." I then made a promise to think about it. At another instance he broached the topic, reminding me of it. Then after thinking in his line in order to retain our language I deemed it necessary to take it up as a challenge. I prayed over it and embarked upon the venture after surveying the wide field of research. And today, thank goodness! We can proudly say we have got Okrika Language recorded, though in Kirike/English and vice versa.

My first thanks go to this young man, George Orupabo, and may I ask the entire Okrika nation to thank him for his foresight. It was in 1990 I started the big task, using the available stock of materials in bibliography and personalities. In my early research I hinted my late mother who wove the weft of the basket by supplying me with the necessary ideas on correct pronunciation of words and synonyms. Then to our Late Pa M.D. Selema, who gave me an exercise book, containing some collections he had already made, through which I scanned and picked quite a good number of words. And so also to late Mr B.D Iwo who also gave me his collections in a small note book. These two did give me a good inkling of experience on the venture. I thank them as they peacefully rest. Like a keen steerer of a swift boat, late "Opu Saa" S.L. Owubokiri had been my director and chief consultant, who kept me abreast of the times in current and obsolete words. May my thanks rest with him in peace. And so to the late young Revs. Aminadoki and Oforibo, who showed me the biblical style of interpreting meanings of words. May my thanks rest with them in peace. To the honourable rest of Chiefs and gentlemen on the list of personalities, I say thanks; these were they who readily gave me their attention each time I consulted them; moreso, I say my heartfelt thanks to Chief (Dr) A.S. Abam and Dr Dima Dennis Fiberesima by whose financial aid I put my constant revisal write-ups sifted now and again until the overall computer programme aided by the University of Port Harcourt through Professor Kay Williamson, brought the production work to an upshot. I am very grateful to you all.

Last word for further editions either by the author or budding writers: Okrika would, after this publication, expect Okrika wordbook published completely in Kirike, that is, not in Kirike/English. This will be when literacy is completely dawn on Okrika, when the reading class can read meanings of Okrika words in Kirike, just as the following epitome:

áþágō	n	etete ini nwo se chin inji be-e
ákpó	a.	chingbolu biaka-okuma; bèleka
ámákáná	v	dẹriye se nwẹngima bòrọ; ama dùko nwẹngima bòrọ
bûkúrómà	v	inyo chụa ye miệ; tẹmẹ se ye bù chuu; inyo ḥaa ye piri
bûọdékî	v	sarama nwengi so; ibiokuma mu
chýchì	n	tękę wari; nime chu Tamuno boma nyo. Tamuno bereni ogbo
chíẹmà	v	ye se gbụkụkụma koroma
dìkìsímà	v	ye se yechinka; ye oki iderima
dûọindín	v	oju bù chụaye se elekima miệ kururu-nyana fịbộ pịrị
fálí	a.	dekichiệ
fàngákpè	v	bùkarakarama pakabìa ye piri
ígbō	n	ini itoli-itoli bù dori pakuma ye se inji baabìa erechi
ìnjì	n	mengi bie anga oboku-pulo bù sime dùmo nyana ye, sangulu chua, efeferi chua, piki
		oki-isamsam (pamba) nyana; nanguò oju nyana wu
nwéngí	v	gbọrị nyọ wẹrịso mu jinyọ laa, bùọ bù
sùkúlù	n	diri dawo wari

5. Pronunciation key

Pronunciation of Okrika words is closely associated to tone marks as the language is phonetical. There are three main symbols used to indicate stress: These are high (\uparrow) as in 'ágá' (cane), low (\uparrow) as in 'àgà' (age), and

level or down step (-) as in 'ágā' (fish). Two other rarely used symbols are the falling and rising tone marks, e.g. '**Ìnjí**' (fish) rising; 'énémì' (palm fruit) falling. More examples of falling and rising tone marks: $\hat{A}b\bar{o}$ '? (Do I come?); $\hat{A}s\bar{o}$ '? (Do I go?); 'Sô' (Go), '**Ŗ**ô' (Come), '**Tî**' (Play). Another form of stress is the double vowel like 'faa', 'maa', íin', 'gbuun', etc. There are nine vowels in Kiriķe, five of which are wide and the remaining four narrow in sound. Both vowels and consonants numbering thirty-four form the alphabet of Kiriķe. These are

VOWELS	CONSONANTS
á as in ámá (town)	b as in bún (bee)
à as in àbà (shoulders)	þ as in þùrú (yam)
ā as in ķárā (hand)	ch as in chín (stick)
é as in éné (day)	d as in dèdé (morning)
è as in ègèdè (flat hat)	d as in dírí (book)
ē as in élē (field)	f as in fikífikí (saw)
é as in éré (name)	g as in góō (to read)
è as in èndè mí (nit)	gb as in gbúm (u) (bell)
ē as in péndē (dance)	h as in hệhệ (light)
í as in írí (blade)	j as in jújū (spray/sprinkle)
ì as in ìrī (thread)	k as in kírī (ground)
ī as in írī (missing)	kp as in kpàkô (gorilla)
í as in írí (you)	i as in lòlìá (star)
ì as in ìrī` (I)	m as in máà (these)
ī as in íkī (selfish)	n as in nínī (nose)
O as in ólókó (law)	nw as in nwo (as)

O as in òlò (pomade)	ny as in nyó (place)
O as in Ógō (Inlaw)	p as in pùá (separate)
Q as in óló (cough)	r as in rúlà (ruler)
Ọ as in òkòlobì (parrot)	s as in sísī (please)
Ọ as in ólō (hold)	r as in tòrú (chalk)
U as in gbúlú (mullet fish)	v as in vîn (veer)
U as in gbùún (deep)	w as in wá (we)
U as in músū (putrified)	y as in yé (thing)
Ų as in sựnự (cane)	z as in záà (scatter)
Ų as in ùkùa (rice fruit)	
Ų as in fúrų (bad smell)	

5. Unproductive letters

A few of our letters in the Okrika alphabet are not rich in producing words in the sense that they are rare as word-beginners, even though they are quite exhaustive in usage as middle letters. In some cases, of course, they begin syllables and here they figure more frequently. These letters are, nw, ny, r, u, u, z.

6. The down step or level sign

The pronunciations of some vowels in some words either lack stress or have loose stress; the vowel is not firm or tense. This creates some difficulty in accentuation. One can only make out the difference mainly by careful listening. I have tried to introduce a third category in our pronunciation scheme with the symbol (-) on top of such vowel stress. We should therefore have three classes of stress in our pronunciation scheme; these are the high (/), the low (\), and the middle or level (-) signs to distinguish them. Furthermore, as I have remarked, it is not easy to distinguish the middle stress and cannot be done by hard and fast rule. The stress is relative to usage. For instance, in the following example the vowel tends to wave as it combines with another word or usage; 'bárā' in 'bárátúmgbálûnme' becomes heightened. Another discovery is, there is a tendency of a 'curve' or 'double sound' if the stress is dragged or prolonged e.g. julepuma (clumsily), feleema (stealthily) miema mun (continue doing). These endings require sharp and prompt pronouncement or utterance as in dûpō (plank) íkpíkpā (ladder), íjírī (mango) etc.

More examples of this are found in ágā (fish) as distinct from ágá (cane) or àgàgá (side); dǔmō (life) as distinct from dǔmò (be alive); òkō (vomit or in this manner) as distinct from ókó (white mangrove) or òkò (ulcer); dò\$kìpákúmábō (to discover) as distinct from dò\$kìpákúmábō\$ (a discoverer) írī (missing) as distinct from írí (blade); also in some of the 'bù' prefixed/suffixed words we get these examples: àníbù`^ (on account of that), mìnàbû (oneself), bûtímákà (perhaps), bûnē mí (used to; awareness). They also characterise rise and fall accentuation.

7. Diphthongs/double vowels

Added to the pronunciation or sound value of the nine vowels there is another striking feature in Kirike, Diphthongs and synaeresis play some important role in reducing the precipice of language expression. In Kirike we have the following examples:

ia as in fía'fía (clean), bia (bright);
ua as in dûabǒ (helper), púa (mockery);
ua as in pùá (separate);
ei as in ìngèí (one), àtèí (ten);
ei as in tệìn (more), kệīn (hair-do?;
iè as in chíệ (stand), míệ (do);
oe as in bóe (come), sóe (go);
uè as in árúệ (it's a canoe), ómúệ (it's war).

Even though accentuation signs help to produce the correct tone in the language, their use must not be monotonous or else they disfigure the page of any written material. Once one is conversant with letters, there may not be the use of these signs except for rare occasions where the need demands it. The common signs of accentuation are δ , δ , e. i. aa, a, others for emphasis are maa, ngíi, double letters.

8. Etymology and grammar keys

The etymology of Kirike can be traced to the Ijo language which forms the derivatives of most of its words. As always the case of all languages, especially those not written, they sometimes corrupt into something absolutely different from the original. For example "human being" is **'keme'** in Ijo and **'tomb'bo**' in Kirike. But the word **'keme'** in Kirike now is applied to ceremonial mourning for a 'human being', wife or husband. Pei is to eat fish or meat, but it means to cut or carve fish or meat etc. in Ijo.

The idea is still retained. Here are examples changed in spelling.

I jo	Kirikę	Meaning
árà	árì	she
èrí	òrì	he
bo	 bô	come
be	þ ê	this (man)
beni	mèngí	water
èré-árà	érémbò\$	woman
èbí	ìþí	good
bólóbóló	bò\$lòsíkì(tararisika)	long ago
béingbà	mímgbà	today
èr èsínì	èréchì	therefore
ìndī	ìnjí	fish
kálátọb ò \$	kálátòkù	small child
òwéibò\$	ówúbě	man
Òfóní	féní	bird
Kìrìọ`tìmí	kírìsìmê	sitdown
seìbò\$	sìbò\$	bad person

The Okrikans left their place of origin – Ijoland and settled in their new abode thousands of years ago. Down the years, later generations and new settlements came into them and corruption or change of language ensued. As in English you have derivatives from Latin, French, Greek etc, so in modern Kirike you find Hausa, Ibo and Yoruba. This linguistic metamorphosis is a normal phenomenon and cannot be easily ruled out. It should be accommodated as the ages roll on. What we should look up to is speaking the correct language in its correct pronunciation and correct writing.

The volume here contains words most commonly used in a more or less uniform fashion in communicating within ourselves intelligibly. In short, these words provide the understandable mode of expression. Most of them are current since they are produced at such a time when literacy dawns on the age. Nonetheless there are indications of obsolete words like **kile** (majority), **bachi** (strength), **iguangi** (money), **okoba** (money), **ononi** (mercy) which had been in use and can be treated as old Kirike.

For a guide the following symbols or abbreviations should be noted: der, for derived from, Eng. for English, Igbo for Igbo, Ha. for Hausa, Yor. for Yoruba (n) for Noun, (a.) for Adjective, (adv.) for Adverb, (excl.) for Interjection, (con.) for Conjunction, (v) for Verb, (colloq.) for Colloqial, (sl.) for Slang, (obs.) for Obsolete, (ph.) for Phrase, (ph.w) for Phrase word, (abb.) for Abbreviated.

Language all over is always made up of words original and borrowed and since it is a medium of expression understood by all of one area, Okrika language falls into the form of a graft with the stock and scion. Thus the imgbuku' that is, the native, original Okrika tolerates or accepts some foreign words in making the language. Such new words will therefore adapt the 'sound' spelling e.g., **sukulu** (<Eng.); **boli** (<Eng.); **ube** (<Igbo); **moinmoin** (<Yor.); **goro** (<Ha.).

9. Formation of Words

The formation of new words falls into three classes mainly: calques, loanwords and coinages.

1. Calques are the natural and direct way to get at words for their foreign equivalents. This is derived by getting the direct meaning of word in the mother tongue. These may be single, compound or double, and sometimes sentence words; thus: Count = $ki\dot{e}$ `@n; read = $g\dot{o}\bar{o}$; length = $n\dot{a}ng\dot{u}\dot{o}/isun$; breadth = finji; height = $g\acute{e}l\acute{e}$; depth = $gb\bar{u}n$; heritage = $d\dot{a}\dot{o}\dot{k}\dot{i}y\acute{e}$; afternoon = $\acute{e}n\acute{e}k\acute{a}k\grave{a}$; submissive = $b\hat{u}s\acute{e}k\acute{i}r\acute{i}p\acute{i}r\acute{i}$; necessary = $m\dot{e}k\acute{a}m\acute{e}k\acute{a}b\dot{e}aa$.

- 2. Loanwords are borrowed words that change their form. They are split into two categories:
 - (a) Those that were originally English and are now corrupted or changed by spelling into a new form to suit the mother tongue, that is, by adaptation; Shilling = sílíngì (sílì); pound = pónì (pam); awning = ónìnì; school = sùkúlù; bowl = bólì; teacher = tíchà; church = chóchì; dirty = dòtí; number = governor = gòvínà; consul = kósìnì; sum (mathematics) = sóm(ù); damned fool = dámfúl; son of a bitch = sónófàbích.
 - (b) There is the other class where borrowed words totally substitute for the original because of their popularity or more common usage. These are therefore adopted by substitution e.g. ázízà (Igbo) for ílía or ísùlú (broom); ójí (Igbo) for íláapó (kola nut); ókpárá (Igbo) for táríbǒ (first son); àhúekéré (Igbo) for þárámbí (groundnuts).

3. Coinage is another class where words are formed by means of changing the main word or stem by means of prefixing "bù" or "ye" to the stem; and also by combining two words of same or two languages e.g. addition = yéchúa or kìęngbólómà; subtraction = yésín; multiplication = yébárí (multiply = bárí); division = yédía; counting = yékíen; boastful = bûbómá; exalting = bûdékí-chíemà; argumentative = béréágío (if permissible) béréchúogbō; bùgadini bùkeke; bishoprick = bísòpkìrì. Coinage in many cases arises out of some historical or spectacular event. For instance, the word 'genocide' meaning extermination of racial group, was coined by Dr Raphael Lemkin in 1944. (Gk genos 'race' + cide 'kill') that is, during the Second World War of 1939 1945. So also in Kìrìkè, many words are coined in answer to events and developing influx of fashion. Thus in our increasing vocabulary we have the following as a few examples: dódólī meaning to struggle and contend with some opposing force; dàchúa-másínì is photostat machine; ègbèrìfíeyé means riddle; fósà means something of no use or importance, something attained without labour; íwóbárákpóímbí is a nickname given to a menopause who is fond of applying make-up' to her feature; lólói is encased cooked 'fufu' loaf smoothly packed in polythene bags; Ókúeín-nímé is poem; kúbíewárí means conscience; vódō means eating voraciously and untidily; wùlé is an expression of casting aspersion on someone, sò-àkpàkpà or akpakpa-feni for locust, àbàjí-wàrì for ship, bódō for grabbing and sharing (see Appendix vi).

It should be noted that sentence expressions like 'yé dáwó wárí' for school, 'Tamuno teke wari' for church, are no words; they explain things by meaning and therefore do not increase or develop our stock of vocabulary. They can only be used when there is inevitable need for explanation. Furthermore, adopting foreign expressions or sentences in the language is irregular and dangerous. For instance, many carelessly express the following phrases; Ó di ka' for áni sime oku', má emele di' for 'matite' or 'ma olo chièma', Names may be tolerated but even then, for purposes of retaining identity, foreign names should be scrapped. Dick, James, Fortunatus, Levi, Samuel, Ogbonna, Akpan, do not show any trace of the bearer as an Okrikan, rather Bapakaye, Orakuro, Kaine, Tokoni, Somiari, report identity.

10. Synonyms, homonyms, and antonyms

When Okrika literature assumes its stand the use of these literal examples will profusely be exploited, because Okrika is rich in them. In this volume only a few accentuation has been used to denote some. All the same the user of this book will find the examples for himself.

A word by accentuation can mean several words e.g., '**chiri**' could be market square or leopard; '**kiri**' could be land, different, cut; **óbiri**' could be dog or smart, etc. These are homonyms. Examples of antonyms that is, words opposite in meaning could be '**si**' (bad) and **íbi**' (good); '**nyana**' (have) and '**fama**' (lose); **ówubò**' (man) and **éremenibò**' (woman); '**dùmo'** (alive) and '**fi**' (dead). Synonyms are those similar in meaning e.g., '**kala**' (small) and '**boka**' (little); '**bo**' (plenty) and '**baka**' (much); '**pere**' (wealthy) and **ála**' (rich).

11. Explanatory notes

Material in this Word Book has been arranged in the order considered to be the most convenient for the user. All items in it are in one alphabetical list: words of the common vocabulary names of towns, quarters and persons. Similarly, all information within a vocabulary entry has been arranged for the convenience of the user. In general information about spelling and pronunciation indicated by the accentuation marks on the word, where necessary, comes first; the part of speech next in brackets; meanings with derivatives where necessary, last.

The entry word appears in large bold-face type at the left of sheet or page. A full key to the pronunciation system appears inside the front cover of this book. Italicised letters in brackets or single abbreviated letters after the word indicate the part of speech. Inflected forms of words from the entry word are written in italics with their meanings in brackets after them. Entries that are limited in usage are marked with such italicised labels as colloq., sl., obs., echoic, etc. Definitions are individually numbered where necessary. Etymologies appear in square brackets after the definitions of the entry. Synonyms are marked with the hyphen and abbreviation of synonym e.g., Syn in blocks.

12. Inflected forms

The following are examples of inflected forms of words which are of regular usage in Okrika. The user of this book should carefully note them particularly the varied use of \mathbf{m} 'a' as suffix. These include:

- (i) Nouns with double spellings, where a bracket envelopes the last letter to suggest a second pronunciation, and also the é' and ó'/o' to begin a new pronunciation, àkàm(ù), ákòm(ù), góm(ú), góm(ú). égbégbé/ógbégbé, ègbèlèrémè/ògbèlèrémè. ìngàjí or ngàjí (spoon) ìndà or ìdà (fish) éféré or óféré (plate) óféférí or éféférí (scale) ógbē or égbē = bird (hammerkop). All these words are in common use in Kirike.
- (ii) The important use of 'ma' as suffix.

(a) In forming Verbs from Nouns or other Verbs: $Kp\phi m\bar{a} = to$ set confusion between two. (From $kp\phi = tie$). Sima = to make bad; to spoil. (From si = evil) Karakarama = to make ready. (From karakara = orderly). dinma = to change. (From din = change).

(b) In forming Verbs from Adjectives: **galagalama** = to scatter. (From **galagala** = scattered). **fiafiama** = to clean up. (From **fiafia** = clean). **kpekima** = to concern with. (< **kpeki** = near).

(c) In forming Adverbs from Adjectives: **beinma** = fully. (From **bein** = full). **gbędęręma** = complacently. (From **gbędęrę** = satisfied), **gbįgbįma** = firmly. (From **gbįgbį** = tight). **fęlęma** = laxily, stealthily. (From **fęlę** = slow). **julępuma** = clumsily. (From **julępu** = clumsy). **kueinma** = keenly. (From **kuein** = clear). **Kięnma** = thriftily, economically. (From **kięn** = counting). **yauma** = silently. (From **yau** = quiet).

Compound words are obtained from Nouns and Verb-nouns (gerunds) e.g., **áka-fian**', **ápian-fi**', '**fin-joi**', '**ye-mi**è' (see the '**ye**' series under the alphabet 'y').

(iii) 'Ma' as epithet. 'ma' is used as a definite article before or after the word it qualifies. It is used in the plural number and also as quantitative adjective. Its singular form is 'mi'.

Examples:

wari mi = the house (singular)
fiye mi = the food (singular)
wari ma = the houses (plural)
fiye ma = the foods (plural)
(mengi ma = the water (quantitative adjective)
(pulo ma = the oil (quantitative adjective)
(fun ma = the salt (quantitative adjective)

Exceptional case in Kirike, though plural in form.

(iv) In its inflection it lapses into being part of words as suffix e.g., inima = themselves, oribe = himself,
 árima = herself, íríma = yourself, irima = myself, àrima = the things, yémá = the things.

13. Scientific names

Scientific names are included in the definition whenever possible. The reference books used are:

Birds	Serle, W., G.J. Morel and W. Hartwig. 1977. A field guide to the birds of West Africa. London:
	Collins.
D ('1	Borrow, Nik & Ron Demey 2001. <i>Birds of Western Africa</i> . London: Christopher Helm.
Reptiles	Cansdale, G.S. 1961. West African snakes. London: Longmans Green
	Chippaux, J-P. 2001. Les serpents d'Afrique occidentale et centrale. Paris: IRD.
Fish	Holden, Michael and W. Reed. 1972. West African freshwater fish. London: Longman.
	Olaosebikan, B.D. & A. Raji 1998. Field guide to Nigerian freshwater fishes. New Bussa:
	Federal College of Freshwater Fisheries Technology.
	Schneider, Wolfgang. 1990. Field guide to the commercial marine resources of the Gulf of
	Guinea. Rome: FAO.
Insects	Boorman, John 1981. West African insects. London: Longman.
Mammals	Happold, D.C.D. 1987. The mammals of Nigeria. Oxford: Clarendon Press.
	Kingdon, Jonathan A. 1997. The Kingdon field guide to African mammals. San Diego:
	Academic Press.
Plants	Burkill, H.M. 1985. The Useful Plants of West Tropical Africa, Families A-D, Kew, Royal
	Botanic Gardens.
	Burkill, H.M. 1994. The Useful Plants of West Tropical Africa, Families E-I, Kew, Royal
	Botanic Gardens.
	Burkill, H.M. 1995. The Useful Plants of West Tropical Africa, Families J-L, Kew, Royal
	Botanic Gardens.
	Burkill, H.M. 1997. The Useful Plants of West Tropical Africa, Families M-R, Kew, Royal
	Botanic Gardens.
	Burkill, H.M. 2000. The Useful Plants of West Tropical Africa, Families S-Z, Kew, Royal
	Botanic Gardens.
	Okezie Akobundu, I. & C.W. Agyakwa 1998. A handbook of West African weeds. 2 nd ed.
	Ibadan: International Institute of Tropical Agriculture.
Trees	Keay, R.W. J. 1989. Trees of Nigeria. Oxford: Clarendon Press.

Notes on the Kirike language

Introduction

Despite the importance attached to literacy in the Kirike area, there are few accessible modern publications on the language, which may make the dictionary difficult to use for linguists and outsiders to the Niger Delta region. I am therefore summarising the existing materials on Kirike to make the dictionary more useful for comparative research.

Kirike phonology and orthography

The phonology of Kirike is very similar to most Ijoid languages and uses the same orthographic conventions.

Vowels

Kirike has nine vowels, arranged in + ATR harmony sets;

			Front		Central		Back		
Close	i								u
		ι						υ	
Close-Mid			e				0		
Open-mid				3	ə	э			
Open					а				

Table 1. Kirikę vowels

These can be arranged as follows;

+ATR	-ATR
u	υ
i	l
0	э
e	ε
	а

By Nigerian convention, the -ATR set are subdotted. Thus;

-ATR	Orthographic
υ	ų
ι	į
э	Ò
ε	ę

Kirike operates strict vowel harmony with the central vowel harmonising with either set. 'Mixed' vowels only occur in compounds. Kirike possessive pronouns have two forms that can harmonise with the stem vowels of the word qualified. –ATR vowels qualify /a/ suggesting the former presence of a tenth vowel, which survives in other Ijo lects. Kirike has many VV sequences of like vowels, but these are not usually considered evidence for a systematic long-short contrast, as the two vowels can often bear different tones

and are frequently the result of deletion on intervocalic consonants which can be reconstructed from other Ijo lects.

Consonants

Table 2 shows the consonants of Kirike;

Table 2. Kirike consonant inventory

	Bilabial	Labio- dental	Alve- olar	Palatal	Velar	Labial -velar	Glottal
Plosive	рb б		t d	t∫ dʒ	k g	kp gb	
Nasal Trill	m		n	ŋ	ŋ		
Fricative Flap		f v	s z r				h
Approximant Palatal			1	У		W	
Lateral Approximant			1				

Kirike has syllabic nasals which bear tones but which are homorganic with the following consonant, mbefore labial consonants (b, b, gb, kp, m, p) and n- before the remainder.

Kirike orthographic conventions correspond to IPA symbols as follows;

ķ	6
c	t∫
j	dz
ng	ŋ
ny	η

Tones

Kirike has a relatively restricted tone-system, distinguishing High, Low and Downstep, like many Ijo and Igbo lects. The conventions are as follows;

- low tone, unmarked
- high tone
- downstepped high tone

Key to semantic field codes

		-			
а	architecture	dr	item of dress	mt	mat
ai	agricultural implement	e	emotions	р	person
an	ant	f	fish	pd	personal decoration
		fa	farming		
ap	animal part	fg	fishing gear	pl	plant
_		fo	food	po	pot
b	bird	fr	fruit	r	reptile, amphibian
bf	bodily fluid	g	grass	S	snake
bm	body mark, sore etc.	ga	game	sh	shrub
		go	gourd		
bp	body part	gr	grasshopper	so	song
bs	basket	h	herb	t	tree
с	crop	hu	hunting equipment	ti	title
		i	insect	tm	temporal (adverbs)
co	colour	k	kinship	to	tool
cr	crustacean	la	landscape	tp	tree part
d	disease, sickness	ma	mammal	tr	traditional religion
da	domestic animal	me	medicine	tx	textile
dc	dance	mi	musical instrument	v	vine
dk	drink	mo	money	W	weaving
		ms	masquerade	W	weather

Kirikę	PoS	SF	English gloss
A , a			
A a			vowel, the first letter of the Okrika alphabet
á	pron.		she
à	pron.		Ι
àa	excl.		exclamatory expression; also a feeling of tolerance or acceptance,
			stress
aan	excl.		yes (in response)
àabà	n	f	hammer-headed shark, Sphyrna spp. probably Sphyrna lewini
àbà	n		shoulder, also àbâ
Àbá	p.n.		town in Imo State
ábá	V		to weave in a continuous process, round and round as when laying the
			cross bars on a fish-racket (kasa)
àbàbá	v.		to lift or carry someone on the shoulders firmly
	n 2		idiomatically applied to mean helping someone financially or
			economically
àbàchúayé	n		vaccination affected on part of the body, esp. on the shoulder
ábágálá	v		to paint around esp. the eye, thus toru abagala
ábágo	n	f	fish sp. (also = $\acute{e}t\acute{e}t\acute{e}$)
ábàín	n		red or white mud used in building
	n		large mangrove bird
àbàjì	n		wide sea or ocean
àbàjìḥàràḥà	n	f	sting-ray, Dasyatis margarita. cf. also síká
àbàjiọ`\$kpọ	n		nickname for gari (coined
àbàjìpálì	n	f	whale
àbàjô	n		boundary area, borderline, between Asakura (Onne) and Nunju's
			village
ábáká	n		club of singers in Adedeme Biri, inaugurated in the first decade of the
			twentieth century later degenerated to youthful inheritors
	n		climbing stem used as twine in tying water-fence (chua)
Àbàkú	p.n.	fm	family in Okrika living in Biri and A.T.C. Road
àbàkùá	v		to shudder with the expressive demonstration of raising the shoulders
àbàla	v.a.		to advise with caution
ábálálá	n		white drill; any whitish material
Ábàm	p.n.	fm	family in Okrika abound at Ambeme Biri. Chief Abam's proper native
\ h \		c	name was Dikisikiboka
àbàná àbárà	n	f	mudfish found in the swampy mud (lèlà)
àbárà àbàràltá	n		bluff, assertion; making a exaggerated outward show
àbàràká ábàtúràgbàlà	n		dregs in water or liquid
ábàtúmgbèlè	n		name given to any dangerous club, commonly used in murderous acts or fight
Ábè`\$	p.n		popular joker of Jama house in Okrika
àbî	n		manila an old currency used in Okrika, replaced by the metallic coins
•			of penny and shilling
ábìlì	n		game, like chess, played by two on a draughts board also èpèlè
àbíntú	n		manila currency
àbò	a.		white, referring to white chicken
ábònìá	n	f	large mudfish in the swampy creeks, mostly used as bait in angling
àbónímá-sáidà	n		nickname for gari (changed from sawdust) coined by the labourers who
			worked in the first sawmill at Degema under the U.A.C.

KIRIKE-ENGLISH DICTIONARY

Kirike	PoS	SF	English gloss
Àbújá	p.n		capital territory of Nigeria
Àbùlómà	p.n.		town in Okrika division situated at the mainland near Port Harcourt. It
			is bilingual.
àchàkàrà	n		nickname given to a smart swift runner
àchàrà	n		tall grasses; elephant grass (<igbo)< td=""></igbo)<>
áchí	n		cooking material or ingredient, yellowish in colour and in powder form used in making soup thick (<igbo)< td=""></igbo)<>
áchíríbám	n		venereal disease
àchọ́	n		way, cause, road, reason, solution
ádà	n.		referring to a father
	n		the style of address a son or daughter makes to a father in Ogu
àdà	n		dance, thus ada'kụa (its drum), ada-owu or pamba-owu (its masquerade)
àdá	n		first female child; first-born daughter
Áḍà	p.n.	fm	family in Okrika, living in Adedeme Biri
ádáin	n		beetle
Ádáin	p.n.	fm	family in Okrika, living in Awoolome Biri
àdàín	n		first female child, first daughter (Ogu dialect)
àdáka	n		crawcraw, scabies
ádálà	n		comb
Ádédémé 'Biri	p.n.		ward or an occupied area in Okrika
Àdô	p.n.		king and family in Okrika
ádo	n		title addressed to the wife of a man by his sisters and female relatives
Àdókì	p.n.	fm	family in Okrika, living in Edereme Biri
ádùa	n		help; helper; defence; defender, protection; favourite
adumú	n		water mermaid like a boa constrictor
Áfàm	n	~	name of the town where NEPA power station is situated in OTELGA
áfárí	n	f	herring; flat sardine
áfiná	n		food made out of cassava commonly known as kpokpo-gari
áfò	n		main road
áfògònò	n		on the street or main road, a straight
áfónò (f)(1)	n		wife-mate; a rival
áfộtíbì Sốmilm à	n		on the main road or street, straight looking road
àfùrùkpà	n		lies or formed stories (usually accompanied with the phrase, afurukpa temi i.e. blowing lies)
ága	n	f	catfish, probably the sea catfish, Arius spp.
ágá	n		cane for making basket, chairs, furniture and fishing traps
ágábá	n		masquerade
àgàdá	n		forked stick used in the fishing boat to support or suspend nets while removing the catch from the net
àgàga	a.		not too big, not too small, sizeable (usually referred to such as yam, cocoyam, maize, etc)
àgàgá	n		side of the human body
àgàgàmgbe	n		side bones, ribs
àgàlá	a.		equal formation; bracketing as of racing, sporting, grading; drawn on
0			equal strength
ágàlágà	n		canopy built in canoe with supporting sticks, generally used by fish and food traders on sea mbòtò
àgàmà-gbàsà	n		straight mangrove sticks generally used as wall-fence
àgàm-gàm	n		male lizard
àgàm;ìpòlì	n	f	lobster also called kpaikpai (see kpaikpai)
ágánágàná	n		flat oblong tray knit of mangrove, generally used in spreading fish on

Kirikę	PoS	SF	English gloss
			for curing or selecting etc.
àgì	n		rag (obs.)
àgiḍí	n		solidified pap (<yor.)< td=""></yor.)<>
àgìjì	n		machete; cutlass
àgìjì-òwú	n	ms	masquerade that chases with sword
àgìlí	n	f	fish like perch found in fresh water and streams
ágílì	n		bullets; iron balls used in shooting
àgìpệkệrệ	n		old filthy piece of cloth lying about
àgírì	n		ancient masquerade
àgìrbà	n		drum used to accompany other drums in modulation
ágìrígà	n		behaviour that causes rough encounter, wickedness, stubbornness, a
0.0			behaviour not conducive to co-operation (<igbo)< td=""></igbo)<>
ágógò	n		namesake
Àgùdà	n		town in Rivers State (YELGA)
àgỳgà	n		goggle eyes, terrifying and shining eyes, when wide open to frighten
0.0			someone
àgùrù	n		potassium bromide
	n		frightening look effected by goggling the eyes
ágýrý	n	f	water-termite found in the empty shell of shellfish
àgbà	n	-	sacrifice, charm
ágbá ¹	n		paint
ágbá ²	n		deep fishing ground
ágba	v		to anchor, to get affixed to another boat; to approach
ágbaþa	n		snake; a deity ascribed to Ogu town by its ancestral parents
ágbáþílé			to fish by diving especially from the holes of water-cliffs (agba-kuru)
Àgbà Ŗiri	v		ward or an occupied area in Okrika
Agbádá	n		flowing gown (<yor.)< td=""></yor.)<>
-	n		
àgbàgbá àgbàgbà	n		bamboo stick got from raffia palm
àgbàgbà	n		side used only when prefixed to other words e.g. bulo-agbagba (side of the human body), wari agbagba (walls of a house)
ácháláchala	0		•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
ágbálágbala	a.		incidental; not very real; within reach; unimportant; immaterial
àgbàmiĕ-àlàlí	n		sacrificial feasts, harvest festivities altar of sacrifice
àgbàmì;é-ệb;é	n		
àgbàmìẹḥợ ź - k ź k św.	n		one who offers the sacrifice in a religious group; priest
ágbákúrú	n		cliff-like growth inside the water in creeks, containing holes in which
· • · ·			fishes hide
àgbàn;ì	n		oblong basket-tray with raised edges, made of cane, commonly used in
/			carrying yams, cocoyams and market products
àgbànịchụ̀á	V		to make a sumptuous presentation to mark a special event, e.g. during
\ 1 \ /		c	iria ceremony, etc.
àgbàrá	n	f	red snapper, <i>Lutjanus agennes</i> (also sóró)
ágbọ	n		shield
àhúekéré	n		groundnuts (<igbo) <b="" also="">barambi</igbo)>
ájálà	n		dangerous snake, fond of attacking fowls
ájárí	n		rust
áj'ríchúa	V		to be rusty
àjíbùlù	n		traditional headgear used by the wealthy on special occasions
àjìmínà	n		castrated male sheep
ájìrìmâ	n		uncastrated male sheep, ram
àjísàkà	n		whirlwind
ájúkújúkú	n	ms	masquerade built of raffia material whose tassels dangle around
ákā	n		palm-frond of the water palms with thorns

Kirike	PoS	SF	English gloss
áká	n		tooth
àkà	n		art; tact
Ákâ	excl.		expression of pain
àkàdìèín	n		strategy
ákáfárí	n.v		gnashing of teeth; to grind one's teeth together
ákáfían	n		child's faeces when teething
Ákáii	excl.		exclamation of pain when someone gets injured suddenly
ákáin	n		thatch made from raffia palm fronds
àkáīn	n		bitter kola also garagara (Ogu dialect <ogoni)< td=""></ogoni)<>
ákákà	n		side, brim
àkàkàmà	a.,		tactful, diplomatic, artful
	adv.		
àkàkàmàchùa	v		to apply art or diplomacy in behaviour or expression
àkàkánjà	n		nickname for manila currency
anananja	n		person with scarified face, ichi
ákákàrá	n		carved teeth (an old fashion adopted by some parts of Ogoni,
ananara	11		perforating the set of teeth)
àkàkàràbà	n		white ant, termite
akakaraya àkàlų			moon
акац	n		
) ->141 4	n	6	month formile in Obrita, lining an atla in Arrahama Diri
Àkàlúogbó	p.n.	fm	family in Okrika, living mostly in Awolome Biri
àkàmà	n		wasp, stinging bees
ákámáká	n		popular large talking drum with bass tone, usually standing
ákámákámá	n		fishing bird very commonly seen in the open sea
ákámbúló	n	с	sluggish crab with whitish stomach, red fingers, and dark back,
			commonly found in the mangroves
ákámèrè	n		nickname for locally distilled gin (<igbo)< td=""></igbo)<>
àkàmú	n		pap made from maize (<yor)< td=""></yor)<>
ákángá	n	с	West African fiddler crab, Uca tangeri. Crab generally found in holes
			bored in the mud of swamp or sand banks.
àkàngàrà	n		straw hat
àkángō	n		skeleton; dried body, human body that has lost flesh
àkànìbŏ	n		carpenter, trickster
àkàrà	n		fried balls of ground beans
àkàrìkpò	p.n.	ms	rascally masquerade that usually plays to the rhythm of a sophisticate
	_		drumming, owned by the Jama family in Okrika. It is believed that
			when akarikpo is out, strife is imminent, because the drumming stirs
			beholders to action.
ákásíkì	n		edge, brim
ákáàlàlà	n		fishing bird
ákį́ámā	n		seabird, tern
ákíárā	n		bird commonly found in creeks
àkìrí	n		tiny frog commonly eaten by some people
ákíríkírí	n	f	fish sp.
ákísì	n		handkerchief, a yard of cloth
ákō	n		hook; idiomatically used to mean hitch in any progressive affair
ákòm(u)	n		ailment, fever
akym(u) àkpà	n		bag, dirt, pocket
akpa àkpàká	n		shoe
акрака ákpákpá	n		grasshopper
akpakpa àkpàkùrù			decomposed cassava sifted into condensed powder and prepared as
акракиі й	n		fufu for food

Kįrįkę	PoS	SF	English gloss
àkpángā	n		style of plaiting the hair into single long hair twines, also a style of
			headgear of wide spread cloth fashion usually with a fathom or more
àkpárà	n	f	chained food material e.g., pieces of meat or small fishes like ichila
			(mud-skipper) or abana (mudfish) etc.
àkpí	n		tick, usually found on cows and lama
ákpó	a.		unripe fruit; not sweet
ákpú	n		basket of stitched raffia-woven rings (Hausa product)
áký	n		strong plant (tree) producing strong inedible seeds used in playing
ákpùká	n		strong and tough man (<igbo)< td=""></igbo)<>
àkpùrùká	n		thick woollen wear, usually worn during fishing to guard against cold (akpuruka-buchuaye)
àkpùtú	n		sweater, thick garment for cold
akputu àkù	n		billows; high waves
ákų	a.		bitter
ákųá	a. n		drum
ákúachírí			set of drums
ákýafárí	n v		to play or beat drum
ákúafáríbě	v n		one who plays or beats various styles and types of drum; a drummer
ákỳamírí	n		special cloth woven by the people of Akwete of Imo State; also named
akyannı	11		akuete (<igbo)< td=""></igbo)<>
áū-kúþìe	n		bitter mind or hatred, characterized by intense animosity
ákýkýbìlákì	n		wild ants; soldier ants
àkùlà	n		special walking stick, also amgbara
àkùlàkúlà	n		harlotry; prostitution
àakùlàkúlábò\$	n		harlot, prostitute, promiscuous woman, whore, tart
àkỳmà	n		large talking or call-drum for occasions
ákýmà	v		to make bitter
àkýetè	n		special cloth woven by the people of Akwete
àkùsà	n		largest of the set of drums in display, having deep bass tone
Àkwétè	p.n.		town in Imo State, famous for cloth weaving
Álá	p.n.	fm	family in Okrika living in Agba Biri
	n		wealth, riches, richness, chieftaincy
àlà	n		salt water
àlàbá	n		growth of flesh by the side of the stomach
àlàbàmbám	n		bedbug
àlàþìrìká	n		measles on the skin of human beings
áláb 	n		chief, wealthy man, ruler
àlàfón	n		temporary white marks on the skin caused by salt water stain
álágà	n		eaves of a building (usually prefixed with the word "wari" thus wari-
J			alaga
àlágbā	n		gun
àlàgbà	n		ancient masquerade
àlàkàláká	n		funnel used in conveying liquid from one container into another
álákón	v		to become rich; to acquire wealth
álálí	n		period of merriment and jubilation, e.g. Christmas; merry-making
álálísíkì	n		Yule-tide; Christmas season
álángádà	n		special seat of respect meant for men of high rank, usually placed
_			conspicuously in a parlour; also ascribed to heavenly throne; modern
			foam for òmìnè
Álángíþì	p.n.	fm	family in Okrika, living in Ngeme Biri
àlàpámpām	n	f	small flat fish, resembling the sole
àlàpéléká	n		bronze; brass metal

Kirikę	PoS	SF	English gloss
àlàpéléká-ákpátà	n		brass or bronze cymbals
álápónìa	n	f	tongue-sole, <i>Cynoglossus</i> spp. (also álápúínjī, álínjì)
álápú	n		pl. chiefs
álápųínjī	n	f	tongue-sole, <i>Cynoglossus</i> spp. (also álápónìa, álínjì)
álásómá	v		to make someone a chief; to enthrone or install one as a chief, to cause
•			one to be wealthy e.g. servants, slaves, workers, peasants rendering
			service to their master
Álátórū	p.n.	fm	family in Okrika, living in Ngeme Biri
áláwáríþùrù-	n	f	pompano, Trachinotus spp. small flat fish of no value
àpùrà			
àlègé	n		water-lily mostly found in streams and brackish water e.g. those at
			Elelenwo waterside (Ikpuruba market)
Àlàgé	p.n.	fm	family in Okrika, living around Okuru village
àlèlèyà	p.n.	ms	aquatic masquerade ascribed to Ogu
álī	р.н. а.	IIIS	reduced in size; declined in stature
Álī	p.n.	fm	family in Ogu
Ali Álíþì	p.n. p.n.	fm	family in Ogu
álílí	n n	mi	drum with loud tone also imgbiri
álínjì	n	f	tongue-sole, <i>Cynoglossus</i> spp. (also =álápónìa)
álú	n	1	print-cloth
àmà	n		human being, usually applied to a developed person, young man or
ama	11		lady
ámá	n		town
àmàḥárā	n		right hand
àmàbárángà			right hand side
ámáþérệ	a. n		national issue
			arbitrary end of town, usually applied by both Koniju and Tuboniju to
ámáþíejù	p.n.		describe the respective ends of Okrika
ámábinbě	n		one who founds a new land, a founder
ámáþípì	n		voice of the people; mandate
ámábộ^	n		townsman; native
ámábůrù	n		national cake, food for everybody ámádá;nó
amaburu	n		ruler; paramount chief
ámádé	v.n.		ceremony of the last night of the year; watch-night, 31st December
amaut	v.11.		also amagua
Àmádí	nn	fm	family in Ogoloma; also a common proper noun in Ikwere
ámáděkípákýmá;	p.n. n	1111	founder of a new land
nò	11		
ámáfíemá	v.n.		to cause breach of the peace; riot tumult
Àmàfìná	p.n.	fm	family in Okrika living in Ambeme Biri and Koroni-Ogono
ámáfíni	n n	1111	lit. national fire; fire that is for all like electricity, idiomatically applied
amarini	11		to denote familiar property for all
ámáfírì	n		national duty or obligation
ámáfíyè	n		national cake; common property of the nation
ámáfíeyé	n		common news; current news or even
ámágúa	v		to perform the cleansing ceremony of the watch-night, 31st December
	•		(amagua-din)
ámáìþàlàfámà	n		special name given to lightning without thunder (sowakam)
ámáígbíkì	n		national fund
ámájû	n		home; at home; homeward
ámákámá	n v		to hawk; to go round town; to do marketing
ámákírí			soil of the land, also ascribed to the deity, "mother earth" which is
aillanii i	n		son of the failu, also ascribed to the defty, mother earth which is

ámákórómábǒnone who establishes a settlement; first settlerámámíęmíęyèncustom of the nation; traditionámánánname of an injiri clothámánànhammeràmànà-éréná-nvoluntary sexual intercourse between man and woman, married orýmýengìunmarried; adulteryàmànèmìkántradition; culture of the peopleÀmànỳngò-Bírìp.n.ward or area in Okrikaámánýánábǒnkingámánýánábǒ-nsceptre of the kingámánýánábǒ-chûnprinces and princesses, royal childrenámánýánábǒ-ópûnmajestyámánýánábó-ópůnkingship, kingdom, royalty	
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ámányánábộ-ópû n majesty ámányáná-kírì n kingship, kingdom, royalty	
ámányáná-kírì n kingship, kingdom, royalty	
ámányjángi há n n neostituta	
ámánwéngíbě n prostitute	
ámáóbî n common sickness, epidemic, influenza	
ámáóbů n civil war also amaowu	
ámáóchóyè n tribute, tax, national contribution	
ámáógónò n home; at home, where home is also amaju	
ámáówú n civil war also amaobu	
ámáų n.pl. townsmen, natives, indigenes of a place pl. of mmabò ;	
ámásó n ?	
ámátémésó n mother-earth, deified spirit of the land; guardian angel of a people	
ámáwárí n town-hall; place where the people of a village or town usually assemble; hotel	
ámáwárí-kórúbò\$ n publican; hotelier	
àmbá n young lady, also commonly used as name	
Ámbà p.n. fm family in Okrika; another name for the Kalio family	
Àmbémè Ŗiri p.n. ward or an area in Okrika	
ámbílémbìlé n lizard (abb. ámbílé)	
ámb'rà (ámbùrà) n sister	
ámb'rè (ámbìrè) n brother	
ámbúrá n waves	
àmgbà n cheek, jaw	
Àmgbàrà p.n. fm family in Okrika, living in Agba Biri	
àmgbàrá n walking stick	
ámgbárímà adv allusively referring to something or somebody indirectly; to look	
sideways, looking with a glance	
ámgbō n millipede; also, mígbō	
Àmìesímákà p.n. fm family in Okrika living in Awolome Biri; the native name of Chief	
Ogudire	
ámìníkpò p.n. ms masquerade of the Ogoni people, comparable to Kiri-Owu of Okrika	ı
ám';a v to wrap something, to wrap; to wrap around the body with cloth	
ánáná n sheep	
ánánà n sparkles in the salt water by night	
v to roast on fire	
ànànà n goggling of eye especially to terrorise someone	
ánáná-ógbó n flock of sheep	
ànàngà adv as soon as; immediately	

Kirike dictionary	Draft Levi	Sika ed. Roge	r Blench
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Kirikę	PoS	SF	English gloss
ànàngàràḥà	n		lines of cracks in a canoe
àndàá	v.a.		bend; bent
anda-na-iko-na	n		joint
ángá	pron		some
ángâ	v.n		live, side
àngàá	n		representing twenty in counting e.g. inji-anga (20 rackets of fish)
ángálá	n		mangrove wood
ángánàngánà	ph.w		from all sides i.e. considering all angles
ángānyō	n		dwelling place; habitation
àngàrà	n		native garden-egg
àngàràfí	v		to extort, to grab
áng <u>ī</u>	a.		sour
ángìlóf	n		envelope (<eng.)< th=""></eng.)<>
àngụa	n		spear, javelin (obs)
àní	n		that, it
•	v		used as the verb of incomplete predication (v.i.p)
ànìàtíbì	conj.		because; for the reason that
ànìbàrábù`^	ph.w		on account of that; because of that following that
ànìbèjínyè	adv		again; also; in addition
ànìbèníbè	adv		immediately thereafter
àniéréchì	adv		therefore; an account of that
ànígósè	adv		because of that, therefore
ànìgbòrìkírí-kìrì	adv		at once; immediately
ànìkánìká	conj		or; instead
ànìkánìkàbàràmiì	v		to, compel; to force also mieka-mieka-barami ệ
`@ę	•		
àniò`\$kýmà	ph		well; then; if so; so; in that; also adv.
ànìsìmèòkúsíméók	conj.		however it is; in any case; however
ý	eonj.		
÷ ànísō	adv		even then, yet; still yet
ànìtéi-ángá	adv		especially; more so
(àn'teí-ángá)			
ánjí	n		edge; line near a dividing portion
J;	n		brow of the eye
ánjú	n		line of weaving on a basket e.g. on the ' ikata ' or net or cloth
ànwùa	v		to yawn
ànwùkìrì	n		imaginary strange place of suffering and disorderliness
(ànwùtòrù)			
ányá	v		to spread
ányámkpékē	n		conjunctivitis; supposed imported infection believed to have been
U I			introduced by the stranger labourers who used to mud our houses in the
			past; it affects the eyes, which get inflamed and produce matter
			hanging at the canthus of the eyes (<igbo <b="">jbàtòmgbólù)</igbo>
ányín	n		cinder, burning coal or fire wood
ànyìn	n		egg
ányámâ	a.		broken
ànyìmànyímá	a.		weak pains at the joints as a result of tiredness arising from fatigue,
J J			over exercise, etc. also kỳmệkệmệ
Ànyìẹmé Biri	p.n.		ward or an area in Ogoloma
àpà	n n		voracious eater (þùrù-apa , also bùru-anwua
ápáin	n		dry epidermis; skinny scale
àpàlà	n		axe

Kirikę	PoS	SF	English gloss
ápálápá	n		dish made up of tapioca and ripe plantain in oil
àpányā	n	f	jelly-fish
àpìàn	n		oath by riddle
àpìanfí	V		to take oath
ápíapía	n		bird sp.
àpìlìké	n		marketing system whereby people buy on credit and sell immediately to refund cost or value to owner of product; a system mostly applied in the fish market, gari and other food commodity (<eng.)< td=""></eng.)<>
ápíitíi	n		fool, idiot
ápíitíipàa	n		big fool, a nonentity
àpìpìngìlárì	n	f	snake-like fish of the hagfish family (Ogu dialect)
ápýn	n	f	longish snake-like mudfish in creeks; hagfish
	n		ascaris worm in the human body
ápýrá	n		rind, skin, bark; sheath
ápụ́rá-sárá	v.n.		method of fishing with cast-net on tilapia (atabala) fish; rotten rind of cassava is spread on a spot to attract the fish during flowing tide when the catcher spreads his net over them
àpùurá	V		to embrace with great joy
àpùrùmbà	n		filthy rag
árá	V		to roast by heating
àrà	a.		those
árà	a.		her
àràbà	n		wide mouthed pitcher
àràrá	n		fatty, oily substance found floating on food
arègérègé	n		cloth dazzling in appearance
árí	n		hook
árí dá	v.p.		angle, fish with hook
árì	pron.		she
àrì	pron.		they
àrìà	a.		their
àrìàpú	n.pl.		sorcerers, wizards, people addicted to supernatural powers
àrímgbà	n		all of them
àrìsó	ph.w		those, those also
árìsó	ph.w		even herself; she too or she also
áró	excl.		expression of assent, denoting 'that's it' isn't it?
árų	n		boat, canoe, vehicle
árúb ò \$	n		partner in business; a canoe-man; fellow crew
árýdĭa	V		to separate business front; to break off partnership in business, like the biblical references to Paul and Barnabas (Acts 15:36)
árýdókýtí árýdôc	n		regatta
árýdůa ávýdů at	v.n.		complete, competition, racing
árýdŷatì	n		sports; games display
árýdůkúnò	n		stern of a boat or canoe or ship dish having the share of a boat. Boat like dish non or corthonyurs
árúéférè árúl-úlà	n		dish having the shape of a boat. Boat-like dish, pan or earthenware
árýkýlò	n		bow or fore of a boat, canoe, ship
	n		social entertainment spree accorded to friends or members of a family
6 m/m (1- (- 1- (or society (arukulo-ocho)
árúpíkéchín	n		pole pinned deep at the waterside to which boats are tethered for safety
árúpíkényó À cè	n		anchorage; space allowed for safety or convenience of boats
Ásà	p.n.		people in Imo State living very close to the Rivers State (they live on the other side of the Imo river)
àsàbà	n		cloth with black and white stripes running down

Kirikę	PoS	SF	English gloss
àsàmbìa	p.n.	ms	masquerade with long wooden legs
àsàrà	n	f	sardine like fish, more full of scales than the sardine. It develops to be
			the herring (afari)
ásệ	n		youth in men
ásệmệnì	n.pl.		young men
áséméníb ò \$	n		young man; gentleman (Mister-Mr)
àsệmìnàlò	n		reddish cloth introduced first at Ogu
ásémínímíníþà	n		small lizard commonly found in dwelling places
	n		cramp as a result of lack of blood-flow
ásétí	v.n.		to display youth; youthful assertion
ásétíbě	n		one who displays youth in any form
àsíkò	p.n.		rhythmic dance that is accompanied by songs and music produced by
			drum and cymbals
ásúkáin	n	f	fish with long bill, like the swordfish but smaller. ? marlin Makaria
			spp.
ásýmágélégélé	n	f	assumed mammal in the ocean characterized by unsteady habitation;
			abusive term usually applied to a wicked vagabond who loafs about
ásùn	n		horse
Átáþá	n		people and a town in Andoni (Obolo) district of Bonny LGA
àtàbàkà	n		mangrove vegetation with broad leaves and whitish stems
àtàbàlà	n	f	tilapia
átámgbá	n		loud small drum usually played on with tiny long sticks
átàmgbàlàmgbàlà	n		earthworm, also, foot-rot suspected to have been caused by the fluid
(bà)			from earth-worm
àtàràm	n		rope made from a particular shrub
àtèí	num.		ten in counting
àtèlí	n		road, way through passage; way for solution of a problem (also =
			ęmbę; acho
àtígàrà	n		flowing, gown similar to agbada
átúkpánū	n		fool
átúmpì	p.n.	ms	masquerade of raffia with horns on the head; one of the masquerades
-	1		that dance to Oboni
átùmá	n		tar obtained from the swamp;. [Ogu dialect] (also = ítùmá
átýn-óþórì	n		prolific female goat
àwàkìbà	n		monitor lizard, 'iguana'
 àwò	n		children
Àwòlòme Biri	n		word or an area in Okrika
àwòmènì	n		children, when/groups
áwų	n		red colour, also camwood
àwúf(ú)	n		money attained without being worked for. Also fosa (coined)
áwúwú	a.		reddish
áyá	a.		first, ancient
áyámà	adv.		newly
áyámbýrámá	a.		beginning life-stage; very youthful
áyápríprì	a.		very early stage of a phenomenon; beginning of an event
áyásàn	n		early nightfall; dusk
áyásíki	n		ancient times; earliest period
àyè	n		things
áyē	excl.		exclamation of lamentation
áyò	n		onion (< Port.)
àyō	n		easy drift in favour of the tide
áyó-ó	excl.		expression regretting or thinking of a supposed error

Kirikę	PoS	SF	English gloss
Áyóngú-Ŗiri	p.n.		ward or an area in Okrika
(Ayungu)			
áyónì	n.v.		iron, to press (< Eng.)
Ázùaḥíe	p.n.		village owned by Okrika people, sharing boundary with the Ikwerre of Oginiba
ázízà	n		broom (<igbo)< td=""></igbo)<>
ázízá	n		spice, in grains, mostly used with other spices like onyi , to prepare some concoction for correction of irregular menstruation [borrowed]
В			
B,b	al		consonant, the second letter of the Okrika alphabet
báà	excl.		expression of the negation, "no" (borrowed)
bábā	v		to cut or chop a log of wood planlessly, to make a rough and careless cutting
bábāsárà	v		to talk carelessly and irresponsibly; to gossip; to cut into pieces
bàdàrá	a.		wide open, spread wide
bàín	v		to bite off with the teeth
bálá	n		fish with faint scales
bálā	v		to be cautious of something; to consider other people; to be considerat
bàkàlàmá	adv		spread open
bálálà	a.		bright, radiant
bálìbálì	n.ad		crucial point; climax or turning point; urgent also ichirimà
	v		
bámmà	adv		all of a sudden
bámmàfùkú	v.adv		to jump out all of sudden
bánábáná	a.		clear, plain, understandable, strong; real
bànánà	n		fruit
bàràrá	a.		wide open expanded like a big sea or estuary
bàràbàràmá	adv		shedding tears profusely
béē	v.adv		to hurry; to be quick; quickly; to be fast
þeé	excl.		expression made by an interrogator, in a game of riddle, alerting the person interrogated, to guess the thing the interrogator has in mind a stroke is made on the head of the interrogated to call his attention
bìanbo	n		stranger, visitor
bìanmá	v		to meet; to collide with; to jam
bìan bòa pú	n		foreigners
bíbílàbí	n		animal sp.
bílē	v		to dye cloth or hair
	v		used idiomatically to mean doing something seriously e.g. eating, drinking, writing, etc.
bìríjì	n		bridge (<eng.)< td=""></eng.)<>
bírò	n		biro, writing material (<eng.)< td=""></eng.)<>
bísòp	n		bishop (<eng.)< td=""></eng.)<>
bísòp-kìrì	n		office and position of a bishop, bishopric
bóō	a.		plenty, much, enough
bóō	v		to touch lightly; dub
bóbbō	v		to pat someone as of rocking a baby; to connive at a child's faults thus letting him go loose
Bòdò	p.n.		town in BOLGA in Rivers State
bódō	v		to eat untidily

Kirike	PoS	SF	English gloss
bókā	a.		small, not large in quantity or size
bókệtì	n		bucket (<eng.)< td=""></eng.)<>
bòkù-bòkú	a.		not tight, loose
bólì	n		bowl; football (<eng.)< td=""></eng.)<>
bòmá	n.v		praise
bòmányáná	n		having respect and dignity
bòmásísé	v		to awake
bórímā	v		to allow for a gradual increase
bùán	n		masculine of fua : father-in-law to a husband
bùanbùán	a.		large and wide, as of meshes of net
bùápáká	adv		happening all of a sudden unexpectedly
bùápákáyé	n		accident, sudden happening
bùbá	n		casual loose wear with open sides (<yor.)< td=""></yor.)<>
bùdùkùmá	adv		falling into water or some mishap altogether, knowingly or
			unknowingly
búkā	v.adv		to sell by auction; selling at considerably low price
bùlèbùlé	a.		bungling, not orderly and neat
bùlúkù	n. n		frock for ladies wear, blouse
bún	n		bee
bụn éé	a.		serene, clear, fair, smooth
bùrùkúbùrùrú	a. a.adv		growing luxuriantly, plenty in rising quantity
búrāsín	a.auv V		to uproot
burasin	v		
Ŗ, þ			
Ŗ, ķ	al		a consonant, the third letter of the Okrika alphabet
ḥá	V		to kill or destroy
	V		to crack or break \n 3
	n		tomorrow; also as name abbreviated
 þàá	n		daughter; luck
ḥáḥā	n		bye (<kirike) collq.<="" td=""></kirike)>
ḥáchî	n		strength, power
Þáín	a.		blocked with phlegm in the throat (pùkò-báin)
þáíny ó	n		cold in the head as when the nostril is filled with phlegm; also bány ¢
Þàká	a.		plenty, many, much
Þáký	v		to strike with hand or something, to crack
	v		to reprint or weave akuete cloth from another cloth, copying
þákú-síkír;ì	v		to wash a piece of cloth without soap especially after soaking
þàlá ¹	n		stick
þàlá ²	n		fishing trap set in the river or sea
þàlá ³	n		minute and hour hands of the clock [coined]
þàlàþàlá	a.		fair in complexion
bálábálà	а. а.		confused, worried
bálábálà	u. V		to struggle, to contend with a task
þáláfâ	n.f		fear
þáláfámá	n.i a.		fearful, frightening
•			having fear with fickleness
þálátáintáin Þálí	a.		-
<u></u> þ àlí	V		to add in order to effect a change in taste or fashion or speech; to embellish
þálílí	a.		word usually applied to describe a disfigured eye, as when eyelids
• • •			

Kirike dictionary	Draft Levi Sika e	d. Roger Blench
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Kirike	PoS	SF	English gloss
ḥámá	v		to impose some responsibilities on someone; shifting duty to someone
			forcefully or by appeal
<u> </u> <u> </u> <u> </u>	n		wax in the ear
 ḥányộ	n		lit. a place of killing
	n		cold in the head
	n		treacherous planning
 þàpá	n		calabash, keg
<u> </u> <u> </u> bàpàsàní	n		skin infection common with children where the craw-craw like
			swellings contain yellowish fluid
 þápúkō	n		chin, the lower extremity of the face, below the mouth
bápúró	a.v		stammering
þárā	n		hand
, bàrà	n		method, style, size
Þárábā	n	f	electric fish or eel
Þáráchūa	v.n		succour, help, bet
Þárádā	v		to shake-hands with someone
, bárádé	n		method of fishing for mudskippers, mostly undertaken by women, wh
•			rush the mudskippers into holes on the swamp from which they pull
			them out
báráémbémá	v		to have a dealing with someone; to be connected with someone
			somehow, privately or secretly
<u>þáráfār</u> ī	v		to clap hands
þáráfīrī	n		handwork
þáráfūkūmā	v		to be good at making presents to people; to be free-handed, liberal
þáráimbí	n		groundnut
þárájíjí	adv		completely hale and strong, economically and physically (generally
pur uj ij i	uuv		used in describing age of man: barajjji-bùojjji)
þárák ǫngǫ	n		arm
þárákónmáyé	n		remnant; last proceeds of any stock; what remains from the lot
bárákúbŭ	n		palm of hand
þárálāþārālàþàrà	adv		anyhow; in a careless manner; as it pleases one
þárálāōkūlàòkù	adv		anyhow; in a careless manner; as it pleases one
þáráláyéláyé	adv		anyhow; uncontrollably; as it pleases one; irresponsible behaviour
báránà	adv		provenly, testifying or observing something by oneself
þáráóbírí	a.		pilfering; stealing in a secret way; pinching
þáráóbíríká	n. n		honesty; also furuka
þárápýný	n v		to confirm; to sign or make thumb impression on paper
bárásīn	v		to forgive; to remove ones hands from; to disconnect; to forsake; yiel
þárásīnpírímìeiri	n.p.		remission of sin
mà	п.р.		
hia Þárásò	v. a.		succeed, overcome; successful
parasy þárásōsōmā	v. a. v. a.		to pre-occupy with; to engage oneself with something, whiling away
yai asysyilla	v. a.		time
hárátákúmá			to point at a place or someone by way of showing or explaining or
þárát ókýmá	V		
hárátúnakáli	n		estimating
þárátýngbálì bárátýngbálí	n n		fingers finger pails
þárátýngbálí-	n		finger nails
ìnìmè bání			manat and in
þárí Þáríabi∆n	V		repeat, again
þáríchi^n	v.a.		surnamed
báríkíríóríká	a.		not mensing again; stopped mensing
ḥárímà	V		to multiply

Kirikę	PoS	SF	English gloss
þarínyóríká	a.		not seeing again, blind
þárínyóríkábò\$	n		a blind person also tórúmgbólúpúnbò#
ḥárí yíkà	a.		barren, not bringing forth child any more
þáríyíkàb ò \$	n		person not producing again; a menopause
<u> </u> <u></u>	n		daughter belonging to him or her someone
<u></u> þásō	n		very early day-break; twilight
þáw érímá	a.		left over as remnant and kept away against the future or another day e.g. food saved against another day like rice, soup, etc.
þáwí rìá	ph.w		bye bye; we meet again, see you
 ḥē	pron		referring to this or that man; he
ḥéè	pron		demonstrative pronoun used despicably, referring to someone (usually goes with the suffix " so " thus, bée só (even this)
b ệé	v		to say
 þèþèé	a.		filled as of corpulent stomach
þéì	id.		expression denoting a flat fall of body, thus bèimá kóró , falling flat prostrated
þéin	a.		full; complete
þ éín	n		honey
ķ ģin-ákpá	n		honeycomb
þéinmà	v.adv		to fill; fully
bèkèré	n		spear
<u> þèkénì</u>	n		white people
þèkèníbộ\$	n		white man
<u> þèkèníkù</u>	n		cocoyam
þèkènínguò`\$	n		pineapple
þèkètú þò	n		weekday; also chóchì that is, chóchì téréadín éné , ending with éné (day)
þélé	a.		wide open
bèlèé	a.		sweet
 . bélé	n		pot
	n		tongue
þ éléchúkùpèlèkà	a.		having speech-defect in the language, consisting of bad pronunciation, taking j for z, t for th, s for z or sh etc. talking with a lisp
<u> þélég</u> ī	v		to wag the tail around its master as does dog
	v		to flirt like a girl
b ệlệgí	v		to have a disturbance as of a disorderly stomach pain, possibly ending in frequent defecating
b ệlệmá	v.n		love, blessing
þél ékí	n		fat, lard, grease
b ệlệbípì	n		flattering; honey-coated tongue
b ệlệpúkộ	n		sweet tune, melody
þélíþélí	n		suffering; having no stand; frustration
 bémé	n	f	fish of mullet group
b ệné bệné	id.		for ever and ever; everyday also þèsìkí-þésíkí
bere	n.a.		prediction; fortunate
 béré	n		case; palaver; story
béréágío	v.a.		to argue; fond of arguing or dragging issues; argumentative [coined]
béréàk ònì	n		panel of judges; those who sit over a case to decide the findings
béréb ē	a.		so-called
þérébŏ	n		doctor, soothsayer; foreteller
þéréþárásì	n		guilt, failure in a suit; damnation
béré bía	v		to counsel

Kirike	PoS	SF	English gloss
	V		conspire
þéréchúọgbọ^	V		to argue, to drag issues
 þéréfámá	V		to make peace; to reconcile; compromise
þérékárákárà	n		truth, right
þérékón	V		to judge cases
þérékónþáràsìmà	v		to condemn; to pronounce adverse judgement on
þèrèní	v		to allow, to agree
þèrèn ĩ	n		faith
, bèrènìbóyé	n		destiny also góbóyé
bèrènìkúrámà	v		accord; agreed
bèrènìpákúmà	v		to admit; to confess
, bèrènìpírì	n		permissiveness; sexual and moral tolerance also búlókómáíri
bèrènìpíríyè	n		solemn promise, a pledge
bèrènìyé	n		vow, something promised; oath
••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	n		belief
þéréótómáókúeín	n		allegory
bérépélébípí	n		judgement, verdict
bèrèré	a.		bent, slanting
þérésé-	n. n		accused person
ți tibigbánábě	11		accused person
þérésí	n		guilt
	n V		•
þérésí-þéréní Þárásús	v		to admit; to yield; to accept
þérésúa h í sí í í í í í í í í í í í í í í í í í	v		complain, to state guilt; a grievance
þérététémá	v.a.		to advise; to offer an opinion to; advisory
þérétóanpú	n. pl.		rulers
þérétón	V		to rule; to give order
þérétónb ð	n		ruler
bérétónpírì	n		governance
þérétónpíríkùr ò	n		government, governing power
<u>þèrí</u>	n		ear
 þèrìá	a.		bent, not straight, slanting, shifting to a side
bệrìgbệlệmá	V		to open the ears carefully for listening
þèrìgbèlèmà-pókí	ph.w		to listen attentively
þèrìsàká	n		hair on the tragus of the ear known as the trages: also ìgèdí (<nembe)< td=""></nembe)<>
			(it determines age)
þ èsìkíþésíkí	adv		always; for ever and ever: also þènébéné
<u> </u> <u> </u> <u> </u> <u></u>	n		vowels of the Okrika alphabet
þìí	v		to ask for; demand
, þìá	v		to consult; to plan
, bìá	a.		bright, ripe, cooked, healed
, bìábìá	a.		white, whitish
Þìàjáníní	a.		shining brightly
bìamá	v		to flash, to brighten
pþjapáká	v		to shine forth; to radiate as of light
þìayèmá	n		supplications; petitions; things asked for by prayer
þìbò\$	n		demander or one who requests or asks
þìd ∉	v		to ask for much for use, and lay aside as surplus
þíé	v		to discharge faces
þíe	n		inside of anything; room, hole, etc; also used as prefix to words to
VIC	11		denote the inner part or feeling of the human body e.g. biebù , biebara
þíéákū=kúþíeákú	n		compunction deep and painful regret for wrong doing
γιτακμ-κυγιτακμ	11		creating a feeling of excess in satisfaction and as a result causing

Kirikę	PoS	SF	English gloss
			nausea
ķíe ķárá	a.		forgetful
þíeþárámá	v		to forget; to have no more thought of something again; to leave
			thinking about something
þíeþèlé	v.n		to be happy; joy, happiness, jubilation
píeþíeþìe	a.		full of rooms
	v		bearing something inwardly; to bear in mind
þíebù#	v		to be angry
bíechúa	v		to assert, to develop to puberty
bíechúkúrúmá	a.		producing nausea or sickening feeling; nauseous
þíedé	V		to moan
píedù`\$ba	n	f	smaller form of òròm(ú) (grouper) (also = órúnjí
þíedīn	v		to charm the mind of someone with love philtredly
þíedínmá	v.n		to change one's mind; a change of mind
þíefíe	V		to groan
þíegúnúgúnú	v		to clear the voice by making some sound with the mouth shut, to
	-		indicate the presence of human being by making a voice sound with
			the mouth
þíeíkírímá	v		to endure; to resist pain
píejù	n		innermost, far inside
píejú-àdàpù	n		forefathers; ancestors
oíekírí	n		parlour, drawing-room
píekórómá	v		to think or remember
píekórúbě			reliable servant; one who is always at the beck and call of a master
piekoj uby piekpómá	n		to dare
piekųroma	V		to endure; try to resist
pielókólókó	V		having ready feeling to help the needy; freeminded to render help
•	a.		
píęnyó	n		latrine; a place for passing stool or discharging faeces
þíeókó	V		to cough out phlegm in a rude way, forcing it out with some disturbing
h í a ai			and disgusting groaning noise
þíesì	a.		annoyed; vexed; odious, disgusting
píesímá	v.a.		to cause some obnoxious feeling; nauseating
þíetónyé	n		wishes, will
píęwárí	n		latrine; waste closet; latrine house
píefíe	V		to groan like a sick person
pífíe	V		to give heed or attend to what is said; to hearken
píkí	V		to fall; to fail in life or venture; yield
píkídè`\$rìpìrí	V		to yield; to disdain; surrender
píkíkóró	V		to fall or fail flat
pìlà	n		elephant
þílá	V		to run frequent stool as a result of stomach disorder
Ŗílé	p.n.		town in DELGA of Rivers State
þìlē	V		to dive in
	V		to capsize with canoe or boat
þìlèmè	n		method of fishing with net, usually carried out by night
þìlèmèsìtònkà	n	ms	ancient masquerade fond of sleeping. It characterizes the sleeping
			nature of the night job. Owned and played by Ngeme Biri people
Ŗìlèmé Ŗìrì	n		ward or area in Okrika
Þìnyó	n		land alienated to someone; place in demand
þípí	n		mouth
Þípíþárí	v		to revoke or recall a statement or pronounsement; to recall a curse
			earlier declared

Kirike	PoS	SF	English gloss
þípíþélè	n		tongue
 þípíþèlē	a.		convincing tongue; talkativeness with flattery
þípíþélémá	v		to converse; chat
þípí þí	v		to remind someone of a former prediction made against him or her in a
			querying tune
þípíþíru	n		first drink an intending husband ever offers to request the hands of a fiancee to her parents; it is also known as bǒkógbóló-írú i.e. drink for knocking at the door
þípíběkè	n		lips of the mouth together esp. when shut
þípíbò\$kùbò\$kú	a.		reluctant; slow of speech; hesitant to say or speak
þípíbðrómá	V		to allow someone to talk, check someone from retorting; to make
			passive insult to an unconcerned person
þípíbǔu	n	f	catfish with longish head, and not as tasteful as the real catfish
þípíbûnàyé	n		report esp from news or gossips
Þípíbûóí	v		to talk with reserve; to hide or conceal by not talking out or saying
			what one sees or knows about something
þípíchú	v		to concern oneself with; to involve in
þípíchúa	V		to make a vow; to consult for persuasion; to brief one for consideration
þípíchúapírì	v		to pronounce curse against someone's progress or plans or pursuit
þípídá	v		to receive abuses and curses; to defend oral attacks and reproaches
þípífàá	a.		speechless; not capable of making statement; nearly full as of a
òibiran	u.		container lit. loss of mouth
þípífé	v		to cause someone to eat or taste something outside her home for the
	v		first time (generally an applied custom of lovers or newly joined pair where the man is made to "buy her mouth"
ḥípíf ậ	a.		intentionally being unable to say something one knows of something; tongue-tied being naturally dumb
þípífóàn	V		to argue; to be mindful of pettiness; to bother oneself of trivial things when orally spoken
þípífór óró	a.		incapable of saying something as a result of embarrassment, looking agape, lacking speech
þípīgáingáin	a.		orally vibrant, talking with emphasis; good at speech also bípíófíri
bípígbéin	v		to shut one's mouth
bípígbéinyé	n		cover, lid
þípígbúsú	a.		protruding mouth with thick lips
þípíkú	a.		tongue-tied as a result of shyness
þípíkón	v		to be boastful
þípípénkpén	a.		flippant of tongue; fond of rteporting what one sees also bipisárásárá
þípílámá	v		to taste, to sip
þípímèpú	a.		high-lipped mouth
þípíní	n		boasters; proud speakers
þípínyáná	a.		fond of high talks, exaggerators
þípíófírí	a.		rhetorical; good at speech
þípíófóríb ðdàfíká	n.	f	fish of the " okola " group having a long bill with a longer lower jaw
þípíògbòsò	a.	-	agreeing, living together co-operatively
þípíògbòsónyànàá	v.a.		compromise
þípíògbòsókà	v.u. a.		disagreeing; unco-operative, being in disagreement
þípíókí	u. V		to reply, to respond to
pípíókíà	v V		to discuss and plan with others; to take decision after discussing
pipiókólò	v n		tip, apex, peak, spout of a kettle
	a.		painful at the mouth (abusive)
<u>þípíóyī</u>			

Kirikę	PoS	SF	English gloss
			acrid
ķípíp ę́íká	n	f	guitarfish spp., Rhinobatos spp.
 þípípékéré	v		to reply; to retort; to answer
þípípékér è	n		either of the two lips esp. when open
ķípípókí	v.n		to obey; to do what one is told; obedience
þípírímá	V		to say something one ought not to say; to say something mistakenly; slip of tongue
ķípísá þámá	v		to make reference to someone unconcerned in an affair disrespectfully
þípísārāsārā	a.		flippant of tongue
ķípíséb ûfíemá	v		to talk to oneself; to soliloquize
þípíséléká	v.a.		to disregard oral attacks; unmindful of abuses
þípíséògbòchúà	v		to come together in order to plan agreeably; to discuss together
þípísín	v		to taste before any other; not to interrupt
ķípísósómá	v		to while away time with casual conversation or eating of snacks or fruits, before the real talk or eating takes place
þípísòsoò`@	a.		hesitant
þípísósómáyé	n. n		snacks, toast
bípís òyésóyé	n		careless, wild, irresponsible talk; anything not worthy of serious notice
þípísúmá	v		to make mouth at; to make disdainful reference
þípítí	n		oral play, use of words in pretentious language
þípíyélábě	n		person worthy of honour whose word is valued
þírí(þìrì)	n		wards or quarters in Okrika
ŷIII(ŷIII)	n		age group also polo
þírì			to dress (yé þírì = to dress up)
birií	V		to bathe in water (mèngì þìrí)
þíríáyē	V n		dresses; fashion wear; clothing for fashion
þírímā	n		to dress someone; to endue or invest
birimabíri	v		
þíríkún	n		loin of the body; girth of the body to guard one's loin
þísòp	v		bishop, head of the church; a consecrated clergyman for the spiritual
'nısóh	n		direction of a diocese
þísòpkìrì	n		bishopric
	n n		cloth
þìtệ þìtệ-ìkìbìbâ	n		fathom of cloth
	a.	f	
þìtèkpònbìéréwárí mún\$	n	f	small monstrous fish like òfò , not generally eaten by indigenes
	n		and a half fothers of alothy also anakanin
þìtè-kònjú bìtà pàlainà	n		one and a half fathoms of cloth; also, erekonju
bìtè-pèkérè	n		rag; piece of useless cloth
bìtèwàrí bìté	n		piece of cloth usually six or eight yards
þìyé Þâ	n		something asked for will
bộ F	V		come
bộ	n		animate something of note representing higher animal like man; also used to suffix words to denote "somebody" and verb nouns, e.g. " fébě " (buyer), " dèrìbò\$ " (seller)
bۆbۆ	n		incomer; a stranger
	n.pro		every, each, every person; all and sundry
	n		
þófà	adv		lest
běgé	n		eel-like fish with silver skin; cutlass fish; silver fish
bò\$í (bùò`\$í)	v		to hide
þ òífà	v.a.		to hide away; hidden off
bò\$ìnyo^	n		hiding-place; covert

Kirike	PoS	SF	English gloss
bò\$í-òríyè	n		vision
ķójú	n		original home; place of birth
þójù (þéjù)	part.		used as a stress when attributing to someone, (írí-þójù) "you for that matter" or "you yourself"
bŏkó	n		door
bò\$kòrò-bŏkóró	a.		clumsy, lazy
þòlìá	n	f	large sea-fish like the manatee; dolphin; porpoise
Bòló	p.n.		town in Okrika
bۆlō	v		to loan money; borrow; to lend something to somebody
bò\$loò`@	a.		far, distant; difficult
Ŗ ólōþā	p.n.		fishing-port situated between Opuada-kiri and Tombi-kubù in Bonny River
bò\$lòjú	a.		afar
bò\$lòló	v		to lie down
þólólō	V		to build exhaustively; to make a large building surprising people's imagination -also wólólō
bò\$lòmàá	v		to delay someone
bọ̀ọ`\$bọ̀o`@	a.		not very dry; dry outwardly but with congealed inner flesh, as of cured fish or meat
<u> </u> þópī	v		to eat veraciously
 þòpòrò <u>þ</u> à	n		mildew
þòrìkìrì	p.n.		fishing-port
	p.n.		area in Port Harcourt, so named
 þóró	conj		whether, if
bŏro^	v		to pass by
bŏrómā	v		to save; to help; to open door ajar; to promote
b ۆr ợ́nyợ́	n		passage; a road, way
 þû	v		to drink; drink
bŭ	a.		lacking salt
þ` ú	n		self
	a.		used as prefix to words in order to indicate or describe things, feelings, temperament of the body e.g. bǔdèín (to feel all right)
ḥùù	n		mangrove forest
 þûábàlá	v		to be mindful of oneself
ķ ŭak ū	a.n		body-pain; having a feeling of laziness to do something promptly;
			retuctant to exert energy on something
þ ûákúmá	a.		capable of creating or causing pain
 þûamú	v		to wrap oneself
ḥ џ̀þ`á	v		to be serious and devoted to duty
þ ûþ`áláÞálá	n		confused state of the body; disturbed body
ḥ џ̀þ`áláḥaláma	a.		confounded
þ ûþèrènìkà	a.		hesitant; doubting, undecided; inactive
 bộb)	a.n		self-checking; judging oneself
bậb`íchìệmà	V		to pretend or presume well in order to face some eventuality -also
			bûlérí (Ogoloma dialect)
þûþídò\$kí	a.		fond of seeking one's personal interest in affairs, self-centred
þûþ`íe	n		one's inner self
þ``ûþílémá	v		to hide oneself in order to create chance for a purpose also \vietabu`\$gbi'n
b ậbín	v.a.		take advantage of familiarity
b ûbómá	V		to boast oneself
b ûbộrómá	v.a.		saving oneself
 þûþúamá	a.		amazed, amazing

Kirike	PoS	SF	English gloss
þ ûþúamáfírì	n		miracle
þ ŭþŭayé	n		drinkables; things for drinking or smoking
 þŭ þ ŭþù	a.		unpalatable; lacking salt in taste; insipid to taste
þŭþŭrò	v		to be busy occupying oneself in looking for something here and there;
			struggling for relief
þ`ùch ìệ	n		method of fishing where the catcher silently stays on the mangrove branch to spear the incoming fish being lured by the bait already spread at the spot before the flowing tide
þ ûchíemà	V		to erect oneself
þ ûchíetáríká	a.		restless, hasty and unsteady, anxious
<u>þ</u> µchú	V		to be involved; to concern oneself in
<u> </u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u>	n		clothing for the body, cloak
þûdáchíemà	V		to support oneself
þûdádíkì	v		to test oneself
þûdárímá	v		to give way, to quit, to avoid, to depart
þûdèín	a.		to feel all right
þûdéinmá	a.		feeling comfortable and satisfied
þûdékíchíemà	V		to exalt oneself to be proud
þ ûdèkìkà	a.		feeling out of sort; not quite active to do anything also bûnwànàn wànàká
þûdérímá	v.a.		to submit oneself; respect and humble oneself
þûdíepákúmà	v.a.		to be officious, to be concerned with issues of a community; to show oneself
þûdíkídíkí	v		to take care of oneself; self-guide
þûdíkídíkíyé			something used to take care of oneself; a self-guide, e.g. a religious
Ņ ųųIKIųIKIYE	n		observation or policy like prayer, religious cap etc; also charm, talisman, ring as self-guide
þûdín	v		to change oneself as for changing dress
<i>p</i> uun	v		also applied to insects and reptiles as metamorphosing
þûděkí	v		to massage the body
bûdûa	v		to defend oneself; to protect oneself; to save oneself from danger or trouble
b ûdûayé	n		something used to protect oneself like medicine or charm
þûdukópákúmà	v		to confess and say out one's faults and wrong doing; to admit openly
bûdŭkósín	v		to excuse oneself from faults, charge, blame etc.
þûdù`\$kùká	a.		feeling undecided or hesitant, being precautious of oneself, not responsive to act also bûbèrènìkà
þûéþérá	v		to sympathise with someone who is bereaved or in pains of agony
bûélékímá	v V		to test oneself after being well from illness
bûfiì`@	v a.		benumbed, impotent
bûli bûli	а. а.		used to oneself; body being fashioned to a particular behaviour
bûfúkā			pains of the body; trouble; torment
puruka þûfúkāþálákà	n na		risk-taking; daring
	n.a.		
þûfúkámáyé bûfúkāním	n		problems
þûfúkāpírì bôfúrā	v.a.		to persecute; to punish or torment; troublesome
þûfúr ū búcàràcàrà	a.		odorous body
þûgèrègèrè	a.		shivering and quivering, being afraid or nervous, trembling
bûgèrèré	a.n		being ashamed; shame; disgrace
bûgérérémá	a.		disgraceful; miserable; wretchedly; bad
bµ̂giệ`@	excl.		expression used to mean "beg your pardon", "excuse me", "hold on" etc. as when someone makes a slip of tongue
<u> </u>	a.		feeling bashful and inactive; shy

curative; self-curing to be careful and get prepared in order to avoid danger; to be defensive befitting, worthy of; convenient worthy, merited cover cloth to place oneself in some circumstance; to consider; to attribute what is said or announced to oneself lonely tingling sensation of the body as a result of surprise of tickle effected by an external force or agency surprising, marvellous panting as a result of exhaustion; feeling light thinking more of oneself; self-centeredness; selfishness thick-skinned to reproach or rebuff; insensitive swaggering as a result of being drunk to be active in working; be agile and alert doubting, not decided; fickle-minded being disturbed by insensitive perspiration to realise oneself in error or misdemeanour to rape; to force sexual intercourse on someone that is enough for the body; suitable for the body part advance for the body; suitable for the body
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to realise oneself in error or misdemeanour to rape; to force sexual intercourse on someone that is enough for the body; suitable for the body
to rape; to force sexual intercourse on someone that is enough for the body; suitable for the body
that is enough for the body; suitable for the body
not adequate for the body e.g. undersize garment
pomade to smear the body with
leprosy
not enough for the body
someone who lacks
to get oneself prepared; to be ready
to discipline oneself
being checked by horror and therefore cautious to act
physically weak
monkey
to prepare oneself in readiness for any eventuality
to drink and leave some remnant
getting weakened as a result of much exertion or tiredness (<kal.) <b="" also="">bûkèmèkèmé</kal.)>
really, completely satisfactorily, fully occupying also júkúmà
to take good care of oneself medically, neatly etc.
tingling sensation of the body arising from some spontaneous urge; some exhibition of surprise caused by inward feeling of impulse
exhausted as of body
body-strengthening, rejuvenating as of efficacious medicine or nourishing tablets
vagina also érébû
hole in the ground
to avoid something by retracting oneself; to shrink back
appearing sluggish and dull
struggling to attempt or try what one is ignorant of
to board a canoe or ship or any vehicle
economic hardship affecting someone
not physically fit; being unwell, infirm
to try; to endeavour physically, mentally and economically
a fishing net hemmed with cane, mostly used by women
Kirikę

þûkùrùá
bûlàkàyé
þûlàkàyémíẹ
þûlérí
mbù`\$lò
þù`\$lóímþú
þ ûlókō
þ ûlòkòlókó
þûlókómá
þ ûlókómápírì
Bùlòmè-Bìrì
þù`\$lòpèrìpèrì
bù`\$lòsèíb`ó
bûmó=bûnmó
bûnádeínkóró
Þûnáìnyìá
bûnákùràá
þ`ùnàmbúlò
þûnémí
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bûnêmìkà
þŭnō
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þûnùngùnúngú
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þûnyáná
þûý
bûob`árí

þûóþí
þûóþírímá
þûóþûlò
þûóbûó
þûóchièmá
þûochúa
þûýchúapú bûýchúapú
þûochúkù
bûýchúkújù
þûoělékímá
y y v v v v v v v v v v v v v v v v v v
þûoělékímà

Kirike	PoS	SF	English gloss
þ ûogbáná	v		to place one's legs across (a sign of showing off)
 <u></u> hộgbánáyé	n		foot-rest, footstool
þ ûogbarí	v		to miss one's steps; to stumble also bậọtỳ mbùlý
þ ûoíkpálíkpà	n		the lower part of the leg between the foot and the knee; lower part of
			the tibia; the ankle in man; the hoof in animal
<u> </u>	n		knee
b ûoímgbésé	v		to cross legs; to forestall someone by disturbing or impeding his plans,
			progress
þûọísún	v		to have a stroll; literally, to stretch the leg
<u> </u> <u> </u> <u> </u> <u></u>	a.		firmly and strongly
þ ûókórò	a.		feel satisfied with a reason; understand
b ậóló	n		self control; discipline; temperance; abstinence
þûólóká	a.		craving, eager, desire; indiscipline
þџósí	n		self respect
þûósí	v		to move; get going; leaving a place to start with
b µ̂oso	a.		being annoyed; painful
b ậotéin	v		lit. to kick with the foot; to treat with disdain
<u>þ</u> µotómà	v		presume; to compare oneself with another
b ậotòmbùlò	v		to stumble; to miss one's steps
 <u></u>	n		heel of the foot
þûtúngbálì	n		toes of the foot
þûotúngbálínìmè	n		nails of the toes of the foot
þµ ́ów ú	v.n		to bemoan or recount ones sufferings or experience; self-pity
<u>þ</u> ûóy <u>ī</u>	n		affliction; anguish; bodily pain
b ậoyímá	a.		painful to the human body
þ ûpálíkà	adv		perhaps, probably
b ậpálímá	a.		being of necessity; compulsory; inevitable
b ậpélệ	v		to circumcise
þ ûpikímá	v.n		to free oneself by taking oath when accused; self denial
<u> </u>	v		to endure with great carefulness; to be very careful under pain
þ ûpúnúmá	a.		repressive; keeping desires under control
bù`\$rụ`@	a.		rotten
<u> </u> þùrú	n		yam
<u> </u> bùrùtìbí	n		yam seedling
bùrù bá	n		famine; starvation
<u> þùrù</u> dùkó	v.n		going for food; errand (usually an engagement common with fishermen
			while at fishing-port when food is finished, the steerer goes home to
			collect food
þùrùgb óþàlá	n		carved stick used in picking yam balls or akara balls in a pot
þùrùk èín	v		to make a first harvesting of yam, that is, harvesting the first seedling
<u> </u> þùrùk ùnmà á	n		fasting under religious obligation
bŭrúmó	n		indigo ink from its fruit
bŭrúmó	n	f	cuttlefish, Sepia spp.
bŭrúmó-díkí	v		to admire some physical performance or production or exhibition by
			making presents with money and in kind; to spray money in
			admiration; to present money to the girls undertaking the "iria"
			ceremony in their booths
 þùrùmmòó	v.n		voluntary fasting at home on personal or economic reasons
þùrù-òbí	n		dropsy
Þùrùpùkó	n		taste or desire for food; desire to work hard for food; hunger
bùrùpuò`\$tàrí	n.v		being hungry for food; hunger
þûsébûchín	a.n		self-conceitedness; self-centred

Kirike	PoS	SF	English gloss
 þûséchú	v		to involve oneself; to be concerned in
þ ûséfàpìrí	n		risk-taking
þûséfipikimá	v		to take risks; to dare; to undertake a venture willy nilly
þ ûsékímá	a.		eager; creating anxiety
þûs'kiírípírí	a.v		presumptuous, arrogant, proud; to pride in
bûséó-ómà	v		to presume oneself to rank; to take for granted
þûsétí	a.v		to be careless with oneself; to belittle oneself
þ ûsétíká	a.v		fond of making oneself grand and puffed-up; careful about the appearance of oneself in the public
þûséyéchín	a.v		self-regard; to honour responsibility or duty; self-respect
þûsíkímá	v		to dissociate from a group; to stay aloof also bûsín
 Þûsímá∖	v		to dishonour oneself by disdainful behaviour
bûsín	v		dissociate oneself; to refrain, looking unconcerned
þŭsín	V		to finish a drink by emptying the content
þûsínínímá	a.v		deprived of sensation, cramp affected body; shocking
þûsýn	n		stretching of the body in exercising
þútímá	v		to enjoy oneself
bûtímákà	adv		peradventure, probably (Bolo and Ogu dialect) also bûpálíkà, òbìasín
bûtêkêtêké	a.		anxious to do something by way of service; intending to offer free service
þûto^n	v		to keep aloof
bûtórúb`ámá	n		drunkenness
bûtû bûtû			almost rotten or sour
butu	a.		
•	a.		ignorant, stupid
þ`ùtùþǔtú Þŵruání	a.		very soft as being over-ripe also pòtòmpótóm
þ ûwórí	a.		self-abuse as when one puts on an unfitting wear or admits of personal
			fault or weakness
bûwòroò`@	a.		emaciating; reducing in size and appearance
ḥ џyá	a.		habitual, being accustomed to
CH, ch			
Ch, ch			consonant, the 4th letter of the Okrika alphabet
chá	excl.		derisive expression denoting query reproach
chákácháká	n		negligible remnant of liquid or grain
chákárápù	V		to escape suddenly; to put into the mouth all at once chakarapuma adv.
chákpòm	adv		swallowing up something automatically
chámā	adv.a		in a continued process, continuously, repeatedly also chàmà
	part.		introductory word commonly used interrogatively to emphasise a constant act or practice, what sort? what type? what kind? e.g. chàmà gbórí bèrè? chàmà tómbò\$?
chárátātāmâ	adv		escaping very smartly
ché	excl.		expression indicating surprise at wrongdoing e.g. telling lies, accident
	UNU1.		etc.
chèbù`^	pron		in what instance? in what respect? usually interrogative; what?
chèchèétùò=chèch	ph.w		if it had been; were it not that; but for that, in other matters etc also
	Р п . w		mgbokų
etiino			menusu
ètùbò chéì	excl.		exclamation showing pity usually accompanied with koko to show

Kirike	PoS	SF	English gloss
chèsìkí	int.		when? what time?
chètìbí	adv		because; why?; on which account
chèyè'	int.		what?
Chèyèéábǔosò	pron.		native name of Chief Okujagu
chèyègósè=chégós	int.		why? for what reason?
è			
chían	a.		suffocate; disturbing the breathing of air
chíanmā	v		to cause to suffocate
chíẹ	v		to stand
chíęchíębà	n		an allusion usually made to an erander who keeps on moping in absorbed attention; as a result of her mood, she is tossed about from place to place fro joke, looking for the standing daughter chiệchiệba
chíęchíęchìę	a.		being in a hurry; anxious, quick desire; standing all along
chíękírí	n		position, status, standing
 chíekórū	v		to stand and wait to attend a master by standing by
chíemâ	v		to put erect
chịẹmàchíẹmá	a.		descriptive of people standing here and there in anxiety, as a result of some happening like death, accident, fight, commotion and intrusive mood of people
chíẹmágbín	v		to cast down
chíesímè	v		to stand steadily
chíkíchíkí	a.		miserly, takes time to release anything in hand
chíkíchíkíþ.a	n		large lump of food (usually applied to fufu; heap of food)
chìkìrìchíkírí	a.		plump with fat calves and fleshy waist
chín	n		stick
chìn-àrú=chìànrú	n		messengers sent to call family people not at home when there is some happening e.g. death or case (lit. call boat)
chì'n	v		to call someone, to think
chíná	V		to chain up; to link together e.g. putting beads together on a line of thread or rope or fish on a stick
chìnbìpí	n		call or invitation made by someone on another
chìngiì`@	n		elevated land; hillock
chíngbólù	n		fruit
chínpékérè	n		piece of stick; beam (biblical)
chìnpíkī	v		to restore; call back; reinstate; to recall what was said; to withdraw
chínpúmbúrò	n		small pieces of stick; fragments of stick
chìnsàpú	n		the sanctified; the called people of God
chírā	V		to lock horns e.g. two rams battling their heads; to buy something on credit; a tick
chìrá	v		to put on a hat on the head
chírāpū	V		to penetrate through a natural division (clouds, rocks etc.); thrust through a mob
chìrì	n		open field or square generally used for assembling; also chìrì-ògbó ; market place (Ogoloma dialect)
chírì	n		leopard, tiger
 chíríþànàmàá	n		lion, also odum (<igbo)< td=""></igbo)<>
chírómā	v		to join by knitting together or sewing together; also joining of wood e.g. canoe, boat, shutters
chìsá	v		to sneeze
chìtà	p.n.		market in Eleme in OTELGA, also Ichita
choò`^	int.		where? in what way? a despicable aspersion cast on someone
chýchì	n		church, house for public Christian worship (<english) also="" td="" to<="" used=""></english)>

Kirikę	PoS	SF	English gloss
			name the week days, thus, Chochi-gbori-dìnie "Monday", Chochi-
			mama-din "Tuesday", Chóchì-tereadin "Wednesday", Chochi-sonio-
			adin or Kalaoruene "Saturday" (<eng.)< td=""></eng.)<>
Chýchí-ènè	p.n.		Sunday (also Oruene obs.)
chóm-chòm-chóm	a.		moving about from one corner to another; descriptive of the unsteady
			movement of a vagabond
chókỳ	n		fish-drying oven built with locally trodden mud
chòp-chóp	n		soursop, succulent fruit with white pulp and black seeds; also (< local
. /			Eng. sop-sop)
chú	n		hat; headgear
chû	v		to put in
1.77	v		to sing
chų́á	n		weir, water-fence for fishing trap in the sea
chúá	v		to put s.t. into s.t. else
chùà	V		to put on clothing
chúachìệ	n.v		method of fishing with spear by the weir (chua) at the open sea; the
			catcher stays on the canoe watching the big fishes fanning at the
			entrance of the inner fence; from the canoe he spears them; to fish by
ahúa ahíu			this style
chúagbín abúaidta	v		to overthrow
chúajíkā chúan	v	f	to instigate someone seriously to action
	n	1	big fish that develops from the mullet, gbúlú family
chúapík <u></u> ī abúasîn	V		to divert; to cause to change plan or opinion to push off; to remove from a course or rank; overthrow also chúagbín
chúasîn abúayá	v		
chúayé chúkán	n		extra share or measure; a bonus, gift, or sum added to price or wages to pierce through destructively
chúkō	V		to fill with fibre or any soft material in order to prevent leakage e.g.
CIIUKU	v		perforations and cracks in canoe being patched
	v		to plug tightly
chúkú	n n		under-part, bottom or lower section of anything; under
Chuku	n		source or starting point of anything
	n		as of old, attribute of the long juju of Arochukwu, also known as
			Chúkwúàbìamà
chúkúchúa	v		to start; to lay foundation; initiate
chúkúchúayé	n		foundation
chúkúfórù	n		south wind
Chúkúní Bírì	p.n.		ward or area in Ogoloma
chúkúrúmā	r V		to swallow <i>in toto</i> with some sense of commitment; to push; to
			instigate
chúumú	v		to penetrate in
chúná	n		long pole for pulling in water
ch'puŏ	n		island
chuò`\$	v		to cook
chuò`\$fûn	n		liquid salt made from the íkáin (ashes of mangrove wood); cooked salt
			(generally used in cooking special meals such as O \$dù soup and
			tòmìnìkú)
chùọgbó	v.n		to argue, to be disputatious; argumentative
chùràchùrá	a.		in a state of deadened sensitivity; swaggering and idiotic; mentally
			feeble
chùràmàá	v		to congest; surge, heap up
chúrú	n		nail
	a.		filled to a heap; up surge; over-loaded; heaped up

Kirikę	PoS	SF	English gloss
D, d			
D, d			consonant, the fifth letter of the Okrika alphabet
dà	a.		some
dàá	V		to receive with receptacle; to take; to help load down from a carrier
dàá	n		method of fishing on mullets in the mangrove creeks where light is used against the floating sleeping mullets; as the light dazzles their eyes, catcher uses his net-bag to bail them in. It is peculiar to Isaka people. The mullet so caught is called danide
dáā	V		to point that way; to support; to face or challenge
dànịdè`\$kệ	n	f	mullet caught by light (lamp) fishing
Dàbárà	p.n.		fishing port
	a.		wide, broad
dàbàràmá	adv		complacently; sitting satisfactorily
dàḥó	v		to receive or bring in also dàókí
dàbộ\$	n		receiver
dàbộrộmà	V		to receive and pass on
dàáchíẹ	V		to end or stop
làáchíeká	a.		infinite; unlimited, endless
làchíẹmà	v.n		to hold on; to stop a process; prevention
làchú	v		to direct in; to pass in; to admit also ókíchú
làchúa	V		to snap (photograph)
12-1-4	n		picture
dàchúa-másínì	n		xerox, photocopier
làchúayé làdá	n		camera; photo
dàdàmá	adv		straight away; directly; objectively
	adv		boldly facing some eventuality or effrontery
dàgbýkýkýmà dàírímà	V		to discipline
dàkàdàká	V		to misdirect; to pervert
dákálà	a.		scratchy, irritating
dálā	V		to roll about on the surface of the ground to pick off by scratching e.g. the behaviour of a cock or hen; to comb
uala	V		the hair
dálásîn	v		to pick off with condemning effect; to push off as declared bad or unfi
dálí	a.		protruding, turgid, hanging, shooting out
Jalílí	а. а.		indented to last stage as of a hungry child's stomach
dám	suf		usually applied to end of counting series e.g. siidam, soidam ; also
			sharp, dot, exactly
dàmá	v		to face a rival
làmàdámá	a.		opposite, facing one another
dámònì	n		diamond (<eng.)< td=""></eng.)<>
i . Iàókí	v		to receive, take
i i làpáká	v		to face; to rise against; attack; to undertake a challenge
dàpákýmà	v		to direct out; remove out; take out
dàpụ	n		some; some people
dàpúu	v		to expand or distend to a breaking point
dàtộn	v		to aim and plan or measure; like surveying
dàtékérémà	v		to straighten or put erect or right; to discipline also dàgbúkúkúmà
dàyè	n		something
déē	v		to drive

Kirikę	PoS	SF	English gloss
dę́é#	v		to sit together in a group for a meeting or function
dèé	v.aad		to settle or sediment like mixed or dirty water, gari, salt in container
	j		
dèbò\$	n		husband, (pl.) dèàpù
dèbò\$nyànàká	a.		having no husband, husbandless
dèbò\$nyànàkàbò\$	n		woman having no husband
dèbò\$ófóríbǒ	n		widow; one who has lost her husband by death
débùlù	n		table (<eng.)< th=""></eng.)<>
déchū	v		to drive in used when directing chickens or animals into their places of
			rest
Dédè	p.n.	fm	family in Agba Biri
dèdé	n		morning
dệdẹ	V		to tread; to press softly, patting with care
dèdè bíe	adv		in the morning
dèdèfúnfùn	n		very early morning about 5-6 a.m; first appearance of day-light
dèín	n.a.		cool; gentle; peaceful; quiet; calm
dèinmá	n.ad		peace; peacefully
	V		
dèkè	n	f	fish of the mullet group
dékì	n		deck or decking (<eng.)< th=""></eng.)<>
dékī	v		to carry or lift
dékídékí	a.		well ground; masticated or beaten into powder or slimy substance as of
			grains like pepper, maize, okra, etc.
dékígbín	v		to defeat or conquer
dékíchiệmà	v		to lift up
dékígólólómà	v		to exalt; to raise in rank
dékīsîn	v		to take away; to remove totally
dékīsó	v		to take away with an aim of claiming or possessing
démángímà dénékrimè	V		to pup to flight; to drive away to cast out; to expel
dépákýmà dệrí	V		to sell
dệrị dệrịbộ\$	v		seller
désíkímà	n v		to drive aside; ostracise; to cast off
désîn	v V		cast away; to exorcise as of evil spirit
deyepụkọ	n		consonants of the alphabet; having to do with sound
dóō	v		to touch slightly with something like pin, fire, stick, sword
dódólī	v		to struggle, to try; attempt
dóinmà	adv		pointedly; directly
dókī	a.		burnt
dókímā	v		to burn
dókīyē	n		burn on the skin
dókímā-kósímā	v		to burn off totally as of devouring burning of bush
dòkų	v		to effect motion by paddling, pedalling, driving mechanically
dòkuò`\$rų́	n		transport; means of transport; transport ways or methods
dòlí	n		shea-butter made from sheanuts, used in massaging as ointment; a
			product from North of Nigeria
dónà	n		style of dress for men, sewn like a big flowing long-sleeve shirt; its
			seams fall to the ankle of the legs; it is mostly worn by wealthy men and chiefs
dònìá	v		to meet someone expectedly or unexpectedly
dòtí	v n		dirt; unclean something; untidiness (<eng. <i="">dirty)</eng.>
uyų	11		ant, unclean sometimes, unutilless (NEng. unity)

Kirikę	PoS	SF	English gloss
<u></u> , ḍ			
 ,d			consonant, the sixth letter of the Okrika alphabet
ḍàá	v		to angle, fishing with hook and line
	v		to imitate or mimic
	n		father
dàbò\$	n		father
ḍàḍá	n		term to address a father also ádà (Ogu dialect); pàpá (foreign)
dàdíkì	v.n		to test; examination; temptation
dàgíén	V		to copy; to reproduce what is original; to transcribe
dàgíén-másínì	n		photostat machine
dàkàdíkì	n.v.		test, used when a dedium for testing is applied e.g. when one's
			electrical system is faulty and he is required to use something to effect
			the repair, that instrument stands as dakadiki (verb or noun) noun)
ļámángá	n		family shrine where the family meets to ceremonise and libate
ļápá	n		pond; brook; ocean
dàrà	n		small fragment of stick; conflagrable pieces of chopped wood
ļ árí	V		to boil; to move in a vexatious mood to an offender in a way to express
			extreme anger
	a.		boiling, foaming
	n		used in praise of someone who proves expertise of an art, thus dáríbé
dárímà	V		to cause to boil
dàrìmā	V		to give way, to move out of a place; to shift from a position
dáw ó	n.v		dream
ḍáw ỳ	V		to learn
dáwókíkáyé	n		vision also bò\$i-òríyè
dáwómá	V		to teach; to cause someone to learn
ḍàwù	n		father ascribed to a someone; a father belonging to someone (his
1717			father, her father)
dě'ín	a.		tumescent like the genital organs when one is in heat
děkí	V		to wean a child; to bring up or nurse a child (orphan) from babyhood
1. /	V		to surround an enemy territory during warfare
dìá Ní	V		to laugh at
dìá	V		to share; to barter, trading by exchange of commodity, a common
N /			practice during the manila currency in Okrika
dìamá	V		to share into
dìaókí	V		to inherit
dìá-ọkíþìayè	n		legacy, inheritance
dìáókíyé džán	n		heritage, share also dìekìrì
dịán	n		trap for animals, figuratively used to mean entangling someone
dìán dòá	n		deep section of sea
dèé diadrá	v		to share; divide; show
dìeàyé dìeàyà	n		gifts, presents
dìeàyè dìa bálámà	n V		teaching, doctrine
dìe þélémà dióin	v		vindicate; reveal
dĭุéุín	n		trapping instruments; a device usually consisting of a noose, for capturing animals or birds; also, small carved sticks for toothpick and also used for chaining small fishes like mudskipper or mudfish or meat; arrow
dìekìrì	n		share, portion
dìepákýmà	v		to declare, execute; to show by proof, manifest

Kirikę	PoS	SF	English gloss
dìepíríyè	n		gifts, offering
díkí	n		rope
dìkí	v		to look
dìkìadíkía	a.		opposite; face to face
dìkìálímà	v		to despise
dìkìbáláfà	v		to fear; to respect with fear
dìkìþíebŭ	v		to hate to abhor
Dìkìbò\$	p.n.	fm	family in Okrika, living in Amanungo Biri
dìkìbò\$tòrùbáláb	a.n		period of the day when one rarely identifies somebody; early night;
álá			dusk
dìkìbûgèrèré	v.n		to have mercy; compassion
dìkìbûngùngú	v		to have an objectionable feeling for something and thereby to avoid it
•••••••			e.g. bad smell, rotten or unclean thing
dìkìbûnwónwó	v		to hate with jealousy; feeling resentment against someone's success or
			progress or behaviour
dìkìbûtón\$	v		to avoid; to restrain oneself from some other group or thing or act
dìkìdâ	v		to imitate; to copy
dìkìdìkìtórú	n		providence
dìkìídérímà	v.n		to look down on someone
dìkígàní	v		to rebuke; to upbraid; to vex
dìkìmá	v		to follow someone's footsteps; to imitate
díkí-óbě	n		musical bow also díkí-ónúnu
dìkípùkòsòlí	v		to have envious eye on; to covet also sólī
dĭkírí	n		place at the family shrine containing a number of small clay pots
			(òkòmá)
dìkìsímà	v		to despise
dìkìtíþífóin	v		to be sympathetic; to have a feeling of mercy for someone
dìkìtòrùgbéìn	a.		splendid; beautiful, presentable
dìkìt órúfúká	a.		jealous, envious, feeling ill will against someone's well being
dìkìtórúsín	v		to forgive
	v		to be unconcerned with
ḍìmá	v		to change; to disguise; to convert
dì'n	v.a.		to have thorough knowledge of some art; expert
dín	n		night
dínkón	n		snake that moves at night, fond of eating eggs (lit. night fishing)
dínkórú	n		vigil, wake-keeping
	V		to keep awake like the night watch man
dínkórúbě	n		night watch man
dínlásàpú	n		the aged
dín-ógbó	n		midnight
ḍìpí	v		to bury, to plant
dírí	n		book; treatise; medicine
dírífí	a.		susceptible, capable of receiving as of human body e.g. oju dirifi i.e,
			body, that can easily admit medicine for cure or poison, also dying of
			poison as one who dies as a result of poison
dírígúo	v		to make medicines; to cure with medicine
díríkórí	v		to indulge in making medicine for evil intention like a witch-craft
díríkóríapú	n		witches; wizards; necromancers
dĭrímá	n		rings of flesh around the neck
dírípánbà	n		page in a book; leaf of a book
dírítólì	n		letters of the alphabet
dírí-ógýzì	n		package of tobacco

Kirike	PoS	SF	English gloss
dò\$kí	v		to look for; to want; to search; to wish; yearn for
dò\$kìþó	v		to realise; to perceive; to observe
dò\$kìká	v		not bothered about; not to find or look for; not to want
dò\$kìmámú	v		to get on finding or looking for; to be in search of
dò\$kìpákýmábŏ	v		to discover
dò\$kìpákýmábò\$	n		discoverer; founder
dò\$kodò\$kó	a.		small in number and size
dònwú	n	f	large fish regarded as mammal
dónwú	n		ringworm
ļórī	v		to weave
dŏró	n	f	barracuda, <i>Sphyraena</i> spp.
dòròkú	v	-	to jubilate; shout for joy
dòsí	v		skip; jump
dŭū	v		to use a container to get food or water out from another container
dûā	v		to defend someone against an attacker; to save
dų;abۆ	n n		saviour; a defender; salvager
dûabŏrómà	n		saving grace (biblical)
dûabộrộmábộ\$	n n		saving grace (oblical) saviour (biblical)
dûapákýmà	v.n		deliver, rescue
dûapákúmábò\$	n		deliverer, rescuer
'dùbá	a.		large, fat, big
dù`\$þàsáþá	а. а.		exceeding
dŭchúa	a. V		to put in or fill from another
dŭfį			to scoop and eat as of cereals
duli dùkō	V		to inform; to tell
цико dûkó	V		
• •	v		chewing-stick
dùkòàyè dùkòdûhámà	n		news; information tidings; gossips
dùkòdûþámà děleánná	V		to extol; to magnify; to talk big of
důkómá	a.		next, following
dùkòmàdŭkómá	a.adv		following each other in succession also ìmbìkàmbìká
dùkòmấ N N N N N	V		to follow up, to pursue, to chase, to accompany
dùkònyànàyé	n		subject
dùkònw ệng <u>í</u>	V		to follow some one; to accompany; to form company with another
			companionship
dùkòpákýmà	V		to declare, to confess
dùkòpúnúmà	V		to accuse; to charge innocently
dùkòsímà	v.n		to reproach; blame; guile; revile; slander; to condemn someone
dùkòtélímá	v		to persuade
dùkòyè	n		statement, report; an account of speech
dù¹kú	v		to allow; to permit
dù¹kùká	v		to disallow, refuse
dú¹kúnó	n		steering part of a canoe or ship; a stern
dú¹kúnóbò\$	n		steersman; the person who directs the course of the canoe or ship
dú¹mínéyà	n		mermaid immortalised by a masquerade
ḍú ¹mō	n		life
	a.		alive
dú≀móḍápà	n		fountain of life
dú⁺mókókò	v.n.		sustenance also dǔmó-ợlờ
ḍú¹mómà	v		to make alive
dú¹mónyáná-	a.		lively faith
ķérénì			
dú¹mó-ólộ	a.v		maintaining life; nourishing

Kirike	PoS	SF	English gloss
dù&n	n		giraffe
dûóín	n		ghost; dead body; evil spirit; fairy
d[úóín-ámá	n		hell; sheol; fairy land
dụộindin	v		to mourn for the dead by wearing black dress or refraining from
			putting on fine dress
dụ̂óíndípínyó	n		cemetery; a place of burial; burial ground
dûóínfúlà	n		dry spittle found at the angles of the mouth especially after sleep, as
			one wakes from bed
dûóínwárí	n		family ancestral home regarded traditionally as the central shrine of th
••••			family; house of the ancestral parents
dûpárí	n		rock; stone
dậpō	n		plank, wooden board
dùró	n		that portion of the canoe where the steerer rests his legs; also dùròbíe
dŭsín	v		to remove liquid from a container by using a bailoer, or cup or spoon
dŭvàj	v V		to bail and dash out in splash
uuvui	v		
E, e			
E,e	р		vowel, the seventh letter of the Okrika alphabet
e!	excl.		precaution or warning expression, checking oneself from danger; also
			derisively applied against a person or object by demonstrating
èe!	excl.		exclamation commonly used in gossiping and anecdotage, meaning a
			look down
éþé	n		water-fence for fishing usually adopted by the Ikwere people at their
•			water sides along the brink of the bush
èþebà	n		threat signalling fright; frightening somebody also torúchúa
èþedè	n		respectable headwear or hat, usually broad brimmed; sombrero hat
èþejì	n		ocean or wide fishing ground (<kalabari) cf.="" okrika="" td="" àbàjì<=""></kalabari)>
èþelè=òþelè	n		calabash keg or container mostly used in containing palm-wine
èþerá	v		to sympathise with someone who is bereaved or has been in trouble
èbèré	adv		long since; since; quite long ago
èdènì	n		altar; an elevated place at the hearth under which fire is made for
euem	11		drying fish or meat
Èdànànaà Dìnì			ward or area in Okrika
Èdèrèmè Ŗìrì	p.n.		
édí	n		bear, a mammal, fond of moving by night [<igbo] call="" it<="" okrika="" td=""></igbo]>
ŕ.			mónómángì ald time magnetic de with dauble face and decounted in a flawing
Éférífé	p.n.	ms	old time masquerade with double face and decorated in a flowing
			gown, owned by Jama family. It usually carries broom in hand with
			which it strikes the ground and prays oputibeya sisi
efùléfù	n		flower of cotton tree (sikaka)
	a.		description of one with unworthy character and standard; vagabond
ègúsí	n		condiment used in thickening soup
égbē	n		hammerkop; hammer-headed stork
ègbèlèrémè=ògbèl	n		respectable women of a traditional descent who help to maintain
èrémè			morality and check unchastity among adolescent girls
ègbèrì	n		drama; story
ègbèrìfíeyé	n		riddle; a conundrum
ègbèrìgbèín	v		to dramatise a play e.g. owu display when a new owu display is
			staged; it is shown for three days, the third day is set aside for
			ceremonies that is ègbèrìgběín (the day of ceremonies)
ègbèrì-ná-àkà-nà-	n		politics; political practice

Kirikę	PoS	SF	English gloss
míemíeye			
ègbèrì-ná-àkà-nà-	n		political party; politik-ogbo political group
ògbó			
éjé	n		tree sp.
ékè	n		mark; borderline
èkèḥìrì	n	f	smallest mudskipper (íchìlá) <i>Periophthalmus papilio</i> ; also smallest sardine
èkèké	n		sign of hunger; when anxiously desirous to eat; when hunger disturbs
èkémbà	n	f	smallest size of sardine, Sardinella spp. (cf. sóngú)
ékéké	adv		in line; line by line; according to marks
éképáìn	v		to jubilate, shouting and croaking
ékéré	n	mi	wooden gong used for proclamation
	n	mi	drumming played in honour of an important dead chief or warrior
èkèrìá	v		to shout with anger; roar, bark, scold in loud tone
ékésáþà	v		to trespass, lit. to overdo or pass mark
èkpè	v n		bosom, chest, breast
èkpèdèín=kúþíe-			peace of mind; inward satisfaction
dèín	n		peace of minu, inward saustaction
ékpèrè		mi	small short talking-drum commonly used by necromancers (tórú-tó
ekpere	n	mi	
			lúápú) during the burial of their member; it is also used during the
		1.	pérígó ceremony of a dead chief
ékpètè	n	dc	agile rhythmic dance danced to special drum produced by water-pot
			(nngú) music
4- A	n		herbaceous plant used as medicine
élê	excl.		expression of disdain
élē	n		play ground, open space
	n		high jump stand (Ogoloma dialect)
èlèchú	n		traditional season when it is believed the dead visit the town from their fairy land; during this period nobody weeps if somebody dies (see
			appendix 1)
éléké	n		lump of carved meat or flesh, usually the limbs, hand or leg
èlèkèdí	n		measure of drink by bottle also èlèkèdì-òlólò
élékí	n.v		indirect behaviour of some habit; to pretend
élékímà	n		sign, mark
	v		test; attempt
èlèkìwú	n		change of circumstance; inevitable condition (mostly used in parables) obs.
èlèlá	n		swamp exposed to tidal influence
èlèléndà	n		corridor
élèléndà	n		orange fruit
Èlémé	n		people in OTELGA, living near Okrika
éléógbô	n		open field
èlésìká	n		pigeon
èlèténdē		f	small flat fish like the sole
èmèín	n	r f	
	n	1	manatee, seacow, <i>Trichechus senegalensis</i>
éméngía domán citá báo	n		vegetation in brackish waters; the leaves are lineal in shape
èmèngìá-ḥíe	n		bad bush situated nearly opposite Kalio-ama where Ibaka people bury dead people of questionable feature
èmìnè	n		throne; adored seat
énē	n		rain
	n		crossed bar put up for sports-high jump, hurdles, obstacles etc.
éné	n		day; time or period

PoS SF **English gloss** Kirikę énébā tomorrow; day-break; the first appearance of day light in the morning n. énédīn night (Ogoloma dialect) n. énédûpárímgbòlù hailstone n énégóyēgóyē everyday n énéíchítà showers of rain n énékákà afternoon; daylight n énékúbù daylight n énémì palm-fruit n énémímgbuù`@ palm-fruit n énémígbìnbò& palm-cutter n énémíkòrō palm tree n énéógbóìn mid-day, noonday; afternoon n nightfall; night énésán n daily, each day, everyday énétíbì adv line of meshes of a net ènyē n to watch carefully as a spy; to spy; to audit an account book onyes v èpèlè game played on draughtboard, a sedentary occupying two contestants n one on each end; seeds or plates are displayed on the squares. The seeds are designed to varied permutations by one for the other to disfigure and vice versa, until the game ends. It is like chess; it is nicknamed ábìlì. water vam; carved water vam used during the ceremony of "perigo" épèlégbò n (see appendix) at the instance of the burial of an important man èpèlènì dissemblers, tricksters n horn; pipe; trumpet èpèlèpé n sun, morning or evening sunshine èpèpé n èpérèré=ìpérèré fish like kigbo commonly found in brackish or fresh water n éré women. females n érébárā left: left-hand a.n érébárángà a.adv left-hand side érébû vagina – also bùkú n ér'ddĭa exchange of women (it used to be a custom that if House A gives out a n woman in marriage to House B, as time goes on, B pays back to A from the progeny érédĭkí watch or spying of women's nakedness. This is done by immoral v.n fellows who are in the indecent habit of watching or spying the nudity of women in their latrine area during defecation érédĭkíbǒ man who practises the habit of spying women's nakedness n érédŏkí having numerous casual affairs with women; to womanize v éréménì women n éréméníángà women's side; a place where women resort to for disguising and easing n themselves éréméníáwò young women (plural of "eremenitoku") n éréméníbò\$ lady, woman (singular form of eremeni) n éréméníekìnè term ascribed to the secrecy of women's mood as related to mensis; n privacy; and nudity (see ìjìbàsò) voung woman or lady also iremenitoku éréménítòkù n érésárá denying marriage to women by frequently divorcing wives v.a. érésélé fond of selecting women for marriage; accepting and denying marriage v.a. promises to intending wives érésímé to marry a woman; marrying of women v.n érétí to flirt; being fond of women's company; to have sexual intercourse v

Kirikę	PoS	SF	English gloss
			with a woman
érétíþífìyè=érétíþí	n		dowry
yè			
érétú	v		trapping women into love making; luring women
éréwórí	v.n	ms	detesting women's company; fond of abusing women and their
			companionship; popular traditional masquerade among the "kiriowu"
			masquerades
éréyá	v.n		performing of lawful marriage; the ceremony of lawful marriage of
			women
éréyímá	V		to assist a female in giving birth, as of a midwife
éséné	n		loudest drum among other instruments used during oboni dance
éséníe	num.		nine in counting
été	n		drinking cup of calabash material
ètèķì	n		special feather decoration prepared like sunflower used on
			masquerades
étérà	n		mat, couch
étèté	n		small fish, fairly greenish in colour and mostly found at the water
			sides, also called ábágō
èwèkéréngè	adv		just now, not long ago
èwèkérērē	adv		and then; than; hitherto; now then; at this time, also wèkérērē
èwèrènwú	n		three-leaved yam; also, tụn (Ogun dialect)
Ę , ę			
0.0			vowel, the eighth letter of the Okrika alphabet
ę,ę ęba	n		gari soaked with hot water (<yoruba)< td=""></yoruba)<>
ebe	n		altar
ębę	n	ms	ancient masquerade owned by the Anyengu-Biri people; it is usually
ĻDĻ	11	1115	played with satellite masks such as obirinangulo, bèrebò ,
			okpokiriobolo, owuokpara, onanaowu, okule, etc. Its full name is
			Okulemeni-ebe.
662666266	adv		probably, peradventure; perhaps, maybe
ébèkébèkè=óbèké bèkè	auv		probably, peradventure, pernaps, maybe
èbè`\$lí	V		to move carefully amidst shrubs and hanging ropes
çne ali	V		to pursue or track someone under hide and seek
	V V		to use some material to underline an adornment in making a dress
ébèrè`	v n		xylophone, keys placed on plantain stems
, D, I C	n		style of cloth-tying adopted by women where the last fold at the back
	11		is hoodshaped
eè	excl.		?
eèè	excl.		$\frac{1}{2}$
éféférí	n		scales on the body of fish or mammal
éféré	n		dish; plate of earthenware material; corrugated iron sheet
èfèrébà	n		notorious female mermaid
èfèréyà	n		notorious male mermaid
ègèlèmà	a.n		noticeable point of difference; turning point; climax; big in size; also
78919111a	a.11		ègèlèmàbàrá
ègèné	n		marked edge or line on a dress; the top fin or sting on a fish; sign of
787 ¹¹ 7			healing change of a sore
ę́gbę́gbę́=ógbę́gbę́	n	f	powerful large fish like the ray and of the cartilaginous group
ékéké	n		piece of broken clay pot or pitcher generally used in frying groundnut
Y**Y**Y			prece of broken endy pot of premer generally used in frying groundhut

Kirikę	PoS	SF	English gloss
			or dry fruits; potsherd
ékélì	n		wide round flat tray woven in warp and weft with cane, used in
			spreading dry or fresh fish
ékémà	V		to filter or sifter as of water and food material
éképú	n		calculated sizes or demarcations
ệk ệrệ	n		fishing material conical in shape woven in form of a longish basket
èk èrí	V		to bend in order to avoid hanging shrubs and tendrils in the bush or the
			lintel of a door
	n		small bird
èkp èín	n		he-goat, also, ekpein
èlé	n	f	fish of the mullet group, fond of eating black swamp, and usually full
			of fat
ệ léjì	n		lead
èmb è	n		chance, privilege, vacancy, area, way, etc.
émbémà			?
èmémbū≡òmémb	n.		sand-fly, gnats
ų , , , , , ,			
éndé=óndé	num.		four hundred
èndè àn dàrá	n		gum, the flesh covering the bases of the teeth; also èndè (onde)
èndèm	n		nit. the egg stage of louse hanging on the hair
ệndệgbèlúgbòlú	n		term given to child birth at short intervals; children born at short
			intervals, looking short in size
énémé	n		black paint or dust from charcoal; also wax from the smoke of lamp
ệnệmệk ị	n		iron wood; also called akawai (<kalabari)< th=""></kalabari)<>
èngèmá ábr	V		to filter; to sediment
éèn àmh â	excl.		No!
ènhệ śnwś-śnwś)	excl.		Aha, alas
ę́nwę́=ǫ́nwę́)	a. n		indelible; thorough feeling of constriction in the chest and coughing asthma
énwéí	n a.n	с	very small crab; very small; inedible
ệnwện ệ=ộnwệnệ	n.n	C	rattle-bells tied to the wrist or ankle during dancing
çırwçnç–onwçnç	a.n		blue eyes like those of a white man
ệnyẹ	n n		line of meshes of a net
çıı j ç	v		to watch carefully as a spy; to check or audit account (dirienye); to
	·		spy; also, onye
èpèré=òpèré	v		to belch
épépèrí	n		light leaf
éré=óré	n		name; wood used in carving canoes
èréchì	adv		because of, on account of
éréchín	n		roll call
èrédù	n		aerial yam produced through flower, not by tuber (Dioscorea
			<i>bulbifera</i>) whose inner rind is violet in colour. It is sweet in taste.
érépàká	a.		notable, famous
érépàkàp ù	n		nobles, notables
éréré	v.a.		developing gradually like fire; sore etc.
érésó	a.		famous, renowned
èwèrèwé	n		fur of animals around the neck; mane

PoS SF **English gloss** Kirikę F.f F.f consonant, the ninth letter of Okrika alphabet fàá lost, finished a. fàbò\$ term usually attributed to a vagabond, who forgets his home n fàbàlàká risk-taking n perdition; spiritual ruin or damnation, destruction; danger fàdàkìbó n fàfàkà unfinishing, never ending, eternal a. fákpè id expression to describe the sluggish and noisy movement of the tortoise (onomatopoeic). fálí lifted or raised, usually applied to someone with raised lips (bípī fálí) a. fàmā to settle or finish a squabble v to lose v fàngākpè to guard one's loins, to be fully prepared against any eventuality or task v.a. fàngàlā wrap, entwine, entangle a.v fàntí style of skirt tied with rope around the waist spreading down to the n ankle also pòtíkòto fárí¹ to beat drum or play an instrument v fárí² to sharpen a knife v fàsín perished totally a. fàvè¹ lost thing n.a. fàvè² commonly used as abbreviation of the name Fayeofori n fé to buy v market n fébŏ buyer n féchírí market, market place or square n fédìá lit. (buying and sharing, exchanging) that is, trade by barter, a custom n commonly practised in the days of manila currency féférī to get close to someone with a view to creating familiarity v fékéféké a. light in weight féképù carried in toto; to rise for a move all at once adv. fekepuma a.v féképùmà rising suddenly adv fèlè slow; sluggish a. fèlèmâ sluggishly, lazily, stealthily adv féní n bird; name for colourful flannel cloth; omen féníí customers n féníběsè god of thunder, usually regarded as the supreme god of the Okrika p.n. gods féníbò\$ market person; customs or being one who patronises someone's n business féníbŏrómá giving a sign of omen v market port, that is, the waterside of a market, same as market place fépókù n fépùfépù pulsating, throbbing interpretation of reflex act (onomatopoeic) a. fí to eat v fì death n fìí to die v fìá being on good terms; friendly; not inimical a. fíáfíá clean; holy a. applied to cleanliness with serenity and respect n unclean, dirty fíáfíáká a. fíafíagbúnyè mystery n fjakáfíakà questionable, uncertain, doubtful a.

Kirikę	PoS	SF	English gloss
fìán	n		faeces, excrement, manure, dung, shit, excreta
fíangá	n		where one's aim is based on eating and enjoying; fond of eating or
			lavishing
fìbí	v		to reduce by evaporation; to minimize
fįbò\$	n		dead person
fíbŏ	n		eater; user
fìrìbûþárásín	v.n		to resign from work; to retire; resignation
fìrìÞ'ùsîn	v		to be retrenched; to sack
fìrìbûsó	n.v		retirement; to retire
fìrìfìrìmá	v		to send on message
fìrìfìrìmà-dìrí	n		letter, epistle
fìríjì	n		fridge (<english)< td=""></english)<>
fìrìkìrī	n		office; work place; company premise, firiàkìrí pl.
fìrìmā	v		to send on an errand
fìrìnwèngí	v		to work; to do some work
fìrìnwèngìbŏ	n		workman; messenger
fìr;ìnwèngìàpú	n		workmen; messengers
fìrìnwèngì-	n		oath of office; also fìrìnwèngì-òrú
kárífíyè			
fį̀rìsō	v		to get employed in an engagement or office
físání	n		alligator pepper
físín	v		to finish eating; to eat up
físó	v		to eat off; to clear by eating
fítúrú	n		bread (changed from fitoru i.e. edible chalk, bread being as white as
			chalk)
fíyé	n		food
fíyéálálì	n		feasting; conviviality; merrymaking
fíyégbéíndù`\$pàrì	n		grinding stone; millstone
fíyésékókō	V		to nourish; to feed
fó	a.		vacant; hollow
fòfō	a.		aloof; good and free spacing
fòfàmâ	v.a.		give space; making space; spacious
fòí	v.a.		roast, roasted
fòịán	v.n		drag; disputing with someone; argument
fòìfíyé	n		food that precedes the major meal; snacks, breakfast, lit. (roasted food),
			usually regarded as light food
fóín	a.		swollen
fókófókō	a.		light and not heavy, as of bread having much air space
fòmbàrá	n		punishment
fòmú	V		to flog or beat up
fòmyé = fòmùyé	n		material for flogging like cane or whip
fóōn	n		dust, ashes
fò̀nbílō̄-bě̆kà	excl.		idiomatic expression in Ogu dialect meaning 'God forbid' as Okrika
<i></i>			would say 'Kpakpa-sisi'
fóngú	n		rainy season
fóngúmā	v.a.		to invoke, to invoke the spirit of the dead; splashing as of rain into an
			open door
fóngúmíné	V		to celebrate a season of jubilation e.g. dancing, masquerading etc.
fónjú	n		tobacco pipe
fộnō	V		to drag along; to pull or draw along
foò`\$mâ	adv		quietly or silently resting and watching; lying at ambush in silence
fóómâ	V		to quieten; to appease as of a crying child; to pat a crying child to

Kirikę	PoS	SF	English gloss
			silence
fòrókò	n		singlet (<eng. <i="">frock)</eng.>
fóróró	a.		saying nothing, being embarrassed with mouth opened ajar; looking agape
fórú	n		wind, breeze, tempest, sea-waves
fórúþíe-òkùèìn	n.v		telephone
fósà	a.n		something attained without labour; of no use or importance; loss without a feeling (coined)
fòsímè	V		to be sorry for an offence on somebody or mishap on somebody; expression usually announced to appease or condole a wounded or an offended or bereaved person
fúà	excl.		expression to ward off evil; also súà ; to condemn something or pronounce a curse; to forbid
fùá	n		in-law; mother-in-law of a man, he addresses her, ìyàfùá, ìyà-fùró, fúarī ; she addresses him, ìfóìn ; all pertaining to in-law
fúarō	n		title or term given to a man's wife's mother by the relatives of the husband both male and female
fúayē	n		presents pertaining to dowry on a woman also ógóbáráfiye or ógófíye
fúþárá	n		forehead; lucks; front view
fùfú	n		lungs (also, sì-pàràngá); also foreign name for decomposed cassava
fúkā	a.		painful, aching
fùkú	v.		to jump or skip
fýkū	a.		tight handed; miserly; one who rarely shares with another also iki
fúkúmá	V		to handover something by throwing it, that is, causing it to fly to reach the receiver
fúlā	n		spittle, saliva
fúló	n		soup
 fùlùlùfúlúlú	a.		unsteady; slippery in behaviour or movement
fýmma	v		to cause to be half-dead or suffocated as of treatment on mudskipper when being prepared for curing
fýmý	n.v		epilepsy; fainting; to faint
fún	n.a.		salt; bitter
fún	n		refuse; particles
fúrō	n		family; tribe; stomach; womb
fúrótệrệyé	n	ms	small pad like pillow placed under the belly of the masquerade nicknamed fíngí
fúrótỳkù	n		freeborn; indigene; son of the soil; an aborigine
fýrū	a.		odorous; bad smelling
fúrú	V		to steal
fúrúká	a.n		honest; honesty
fúrúmā	V		to dust; clean up either by some material of the hand
fúrúmásín	V		to wipe off; to clean off
fúrúnemìkâ	n		name or expression given to plantain or banana that bears plenty of fruits; lit. "stolen unnoticed", also applied to mixed up keeping of money where shortage cannot be easily detected
fúrúméngí	n		period of darkness; the period when there is no moonshine throughout the night
fútúbólì	n		football (<eng.)< td=""></eng.)<>

Kirikę	PoS	SF	English gloss
G, g			
G,g			consonant, the tenth letter of the Okrika alphabet
gàbàràmá	adv		standing or sitting in a mood descriptive of being annoyed, vexacious
gáduruma	adv		and challenging stubbornly in a challenging manner, possibly with goggling
8			eyes
gàgá	a.		strong and taut
gàgàmâ	adv		trying with much effort, endeavour fervently
gàgàràgágárá	a.		as of hard chewing-stick in the mouth, not elastic, coarse and indelicate
gàgùrụ̀gágự́rự́	a.		coarse in the mouth as of unripe pawpaw; loose and lacking liquid or saliva
gáin	excl.		exclamation denoting deafness
gáingáin	a.		warm not hot
gàlàgàlá	a.		scattered, not located at a place
gálílí	a.		tumescent, standing erect and tough
gálú	a.		disappointed, embarrassed
gàmgàm	a.		brisk in walking; forceful in moving or marching
gàmgàmmá	adv		moving or walking forcefully
gàmùmùmá cánáná	adv		mood presenting a challenge especially as shown by the eyes
gánáná gàpìmâ	a. adv		bright and piercing; also gáníní standing stubbornly as if threatening to fight
gàràgàrá	auv a.		well dried as of cloth, fish, food and cereals
gárágárá	а. а.		usually applied to a healthy body especially as of a smart person
gàràgárà	n. n		bitter kola (Ogu dialect) [<ogoni] <b="" also="">àkáín</ogoni]>
gárámgárám	a.adv		forceful in action; rapacious
gárápụmà	adv		cutting off or disconnecting automatically e.g; rope, relationship by
0 1.			friendship or family usually (gárápùmà pèlé)
gàrí	n		staple food made from cassava tuber prepared with hot water for
			swallowing; also eaten with cold water and sugar or coconut or fish
			(<yoruba)< td=""></yoruba)<>
gásímà	adv		pointedly, plainly, directly
gèé	part.		commonly used after verbs to entreat someone to take the action of the
			verb e.g. so gee (please go/go now); okuè`in gèé (talk now/please
			talk); fí gèé (eat now/please eat)
gèbèré	a.		bow-legged
gègé	a.		sizable; big; reasonably good for consideration
gèín	V		to crack; quake
gệìn-òlókò	n		statutes
gệị́npù	a.v		crack by itself; cracking or breaking open as of land slide or rock or any brittle domestic article such as earthenware, glass, clay pot, etc.
gélè	a.		being weakened by the result of much physical exertion arising from
BTT			fighting or accident
gélé	a.		high, lofty, tall; also gélélé
gélè	n		height
gèlègèlé	a.		roaming about, unsteady in situation
gélényó	n		heights; cliffs
gélé-ópúwàrì	n		mansion, edifice, magnificent building
gém	a.		reasonable in size; large; considerable adv. gemmá
gémē	a.		capable of breaking or cutting sharply e.g. sugar-cane, stick etc.
gèrègèré	a.		shivering; nervous; highly excitable
gèrí	v		to slice lengthwise e.g. slicing of cassava, yam etc. also séngí

Kirikę	PoS	SF	English gloss
gésímà	adv		really, pointedly, actually (<ijo)< td=""></ijo)<>
gíám	adv.e		gripping some one unexpectedly; an expression of unexpected grip of
	xcl.		someone
gídá	n		apple
gíện	v		to write
gienígíení	a.		lustrous, shining glossily
gìẹnpū	v		to crack on its accord not forced like any brittle material e.g. glass, coconut, shell
gígì	n		decorated canoe with a canopy, generally used in conveying chiefs and notables [<eng. <i="">gig]</eng.>
gígí	a.		tight; firm; taut
gínígíní	a.		dim as of eyes, not seeing clearly
gìnìní	a.		loose and irregular as of the meshes of a net when some knots become
B			loose
	a.n		when relationship is not smooth-running e.g. husband and wife; two friends not being on good terms or harmony
gíọngíọn	a.		sparkling; crystal clear as of water
gírā	v.		to struggle, to do something with some pain of exertion, to play
B	·		aimlessly on the ground creeping here and there, like a child
gírírì	a.		quick and sudden, thus gírírìmà adv.
gírírí	n		cloth purse hemmed with zip usually tied to the waist by market
			women; zip
gírígírímà	adv		in a moving crowd especially during ceremonies like burial, Iria , meetings etc.
góō	v		to read; to mention
góþóyé	n		destiny
zodô\$godŏ	a.		untidy, awkward, clumsy
gódóín	а. а.		sounding in the head, echoing and ringing in the head as for one who
Souom	u.		hears faintly
gódóró	a.		stalwart, huge, gigantic
gódŭkò	a.		ascribe, recount, mention
gògòbỹ	n. n		namesake; one who bears a similar name with another ; also agogo
	n V		to abuse in silence (usually during gossips); to spark quarrelling
gólī	v		attitude
gólì	n		gold (<eng.), also="" at="" football<="" score="" td=""></eng.),>
gòlígòlí	a.		golden
gólí-ígání	n		reproach, query
gòlòló	a.		high, elevated
gộm(ú)	n		floating material or symbol used by anglers and fishermen mostly, to indicate the position and presence of their fishing lines and nets as par the tide; buoy placed by the Marine Department
gónógónò	a.		straight on; along the stretch of road or course
górógóró	n.a.		light pepper soup prepared with fresh or dry fish or meat
gòròró	a.v		scratch, rub lightly making some mark
gósè	adv		therefore, on account of; why
gòvínà	n		leader in a dancing group (<eng.) "governor";="" changed="" from="" td="" the<=""></eng.)>
57' '''''			governor of a state
govment = gomet	n		government, the word that, stands for the ruling power (<eng.)< td=""></eng.)<>
góyēgòyē	quan		every (usually applied to persons, things, periods etc.) thus, tombộ-
o-↓- 0 -↓*	t.		goyegoye (every person), siki-goyegoye (every time), ye-goyegoye (every thing), etc.
aùó	17		to mix or put together
gùá	V		to mix or put together

Kirikę	PoS	SF	English gloss
gų́ā	n.v		act of cursing someone who wrongs another as he encounters
			misfortune a retaliatory expression (usually the pronouncement is the
			word " kpùwáì " or " kpùwáikā " meaning it serves you right
gùàmā	a.		of mixed character; dealing with various subjects; miscellaneous
gúàmgúàm	id.		disorderly; carelessly; impatiently rough Gùàrá
	p.n.		town in BOLGA
gúdā	V		to eat voraciously, to make merry; indulge in boisterous festivities
gùệgùệ	a.		shy, inactive, exhibiting stage fright ass when an actor or a performer
			behaves when he appears on the stage or in public e.g. a masquerade
			making its first appearance (the prefix "bu" is usually affixed to it to
			complete or make its meaning vivid), thus bŷgỳệgỳệ
gụ̀gự́	n		silk fish which usually contains itself in broken bottles or tins in the
			water; it stays in this place and develops; stargazer
gúgū	V		to strike out dust from pieces or fragments, and dirt from cloths,
			containers or paper
gùgùgùmá	adv		behaving in an unbecoming sly manner; not welcoming the presence of
2.2.2.			people; frowning
gúgūsîn	V		to strike out the undesired from a lot; to cast off
gùlệ	n		tree whose wood is used in carrying out the material known as pàngà
0			(water bailer)
gúlù	n		gold earring; earring whether of gold or not (<eng.)< td=""></eng.)<>
gùlùgùlú	id.		out of order; scattered as a result of confusion in respect of human
Sundann	10.		beings; entanglement in respect of fish in a net; spoilt condition of
			anything
gúlúgúlúmā	v		to ravage, destroy, devastate, scatter
gúmā	v V		to increase in stench; to diffuse or exude foul air
gúnų	v V		to fume getting out of temper; to get angry
gúnú			awful or odorous smell that diffuses the atmosphere of a place
0	n.v		to struggle for release under a tight situation
gýnýgýnų gýō	V		to cure; to aid someone to good condition of health and vigour
gụ́ọ gúorò	V		kola nut that has two cotyledons (<hausa)< td=""></hausa)<>
-	n adv		- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
gúosì			suddenly jamming an object (description echoic)
gúrō cúnómācín	V		to rub also síkírī to rub affi to areas
gúrómāsín mírtí	V		to rub off; to erase
gúrú	n		large basket with cover used in storing fish and always placed on the
			altar at the hearth
GB , gb			
GB,gb			consonant, the tenth letter of the Okrika alphabet
gbá	adv		time indefinite; for ever; completely spoken as "gbasin" or "gbaso"
gbáà	excl.		slapping expression (echoic)
gbàdàràmâ	adv		as of door opened wide; also sitting loosely with legs open or scattered
gbàgbàrìmá	V		to slip especially when the foot slips or when the lip misses the cup,
- •			etc.
gbáì	excl.		touch and run; a game children play by touching one another and
			running away as each toucher announces " gbâ i"
gbáin	n	f	large fish with a long bill;
0	n	-	centipede
	n		sound of bell so expressed (echoic) gbáin-wókówókó
gbákī	V		to change a plan as a result of some happening
5.Juni	v		to enange a plan as a result of some happening

Kirikę	PoS	SF	English gloss
gbàkìkìtàlàlá	n		name of an imaginary mermaid that loafs about irresponsibly; an
			attribution made to any vagabond
gbàkụ̀má =	adv		to be concerned with
gbàkimá			
gbálā	v		to collect by picking up respectively
gbàlàmā	v		to recoup oneself; to exercise the body
gbálámā	n		short time fishing tour
gbálí = bŷgbálí	v		carefully prepare oneself for any eventuality
gbálímà	adv		singly and exclusively careful of oneself; disallowing any touch of
•			body
gbám(ú)	a.		slender, slim
gbánà	V		to place on top
gbànā	v		to go aground e.g. canoe or ship on a shallow bay
gbànjàyé	n		dispute
gbàrí	v		to miss something
gbari gbàriká	v a.		sure; certain
gbarina gbàrimàká	a. adv		surely; must; without failing
gbásá		ms	old masquerade played and owned by Amanungo Biri
guasa	n	1115	
aháaí	n		sizeable, straight mangrove stick
gbásí abàció	a.		equal, exact
gbàsìá	adv.a		comparatively equal
gbásímà	adv		equally; in actual fact; really; truly
gbásín	adv		for ever; continuously
gbásó	adv		for ever
gbędè`\$gbędě	adv		sitting heavily in a sinking chair possibly; sitting complacently in a
8			seat also gbędè`\$rèmá, gbèrèrèmá
gbệín	v		to grind; to cover or cloak; to pay or reward
gbệìnfíyè	n		retaliation
gbèinfíyé-fī`	V		to retaliate; to return like for like
gbệìnmá	v		to pretend, presume
gbèinmábûdŭkósí	ph.w		feigning to excuse oneself or exempt an issue
n	P		reigning to chouse onesen of chempt an issue
gbéké	prep		as if; if
gbèkègbèké	a.		hanging; shaky; not taut, slack
gbékén <u>ī</u>	u. V		to fry in a dry pot or container without liquid e.g. garri, groundnut etc.
goçkçni	idio		idiomatically used to mean beating someone brutally
	m		atomateury used to mean bearing someone oratary
gbélā	v		to ask; to investigate; to take care or notice of; knowing how one fares
gocia	v		especially relations
gbèlé	excl.		pretentious or ironical expression usually applied to undesirable
SUCIU	UAUI.		attitude or happening, generally spoken as "gbèlè-gbélé-gbèlè
gbélémà	adv		closely, carefully
gbệmàchíệ	v v		lit. to stand against, to confront; to assail, to appear before a person
znémacnié	v		suddenly; besiege; intercept
gbéné	9		sober; quietness realised from past experience
gbérékà	a. a.adv		to be awake all of a sudden; getting up suddenly
0			
gbérékàmà gbérénà	adv		getting at alert suddenly
gbérérè abàràràmá	a.		wide open
gbệrệrệmá ch à nà n	adv		leaning backward on an easy-chair or stretcher
gbèrèrè-gbèrèmá	adv.a		descriptive of sluggish or lazy behaviour or someone who does not
	•		promptly do things; walking in a clumsy manner

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Kirikę	PoS	SF	English gloss
gbérí	num.		one (in counting) (Ibaka dialect, also Ogoloma dialect)
gbìangbíán	a.		being tossed about
gbídígbídímà	adv		totally; completely (usually preceded with the word " gbéín ")
gbígbí	a.		tight, firm
gbígbímà	adv		tightly, firmly
fbìjìmá	adv		besieging overwhelmingly; also gbíjámà (Ogu dialect)
gbìjìpú	a.		dull, cloudy, heavy
gbìjìpùmá	adv		looking suspicious with heavy eyes; looking dull
gbíkìgbíkì	a.		shaky, unsteady like a pinned pole or flag rattling under wind
0 0	n		used as nickname of the fabric linen
gbíkíkì	id.		descriptive of a sudden action of changing, shaking, drawing, turning
8.			gbíkíkìmà
gbíláamà	adv		invading or besieging with overwhelming force
gbín	V		to throw at; to weave or sew; to decorate as of masquerade etc.
gbíngbólómà	v.a.		knit or sew together
gbínkán	v		to smash or scatter through stoning
goínpú	v		to cause inujury or wound by stoning
gbìrìpùgbírípú	a.		acutely uneasy looking startled and apprehensive as effected by
SonipuSonipu	u.		external force
gbìsìrí	a.		unlevel
Solari	v. v		to slip into a low level or sinking spot
gbìsìrìnyo	n		ditch; sinking spot; quagmire; bog
gbóō = gbọ	v		to peck; to swallow balls of fufu in eating; to pin something among a
2000 - 200	v		lot
gbóō = gbô	v		to invoke; to push to action; to send
gbôbá gbôbá	v v		to invoke, to push to action, to send
gbóþā	v v		to kill by pecking as of birds of prey e.g. hawk; also killing by snake
5000	v		bite
Gbóbǒ	p.n.	fm	family in Ogu and Okrika also
gbógbó	v		to cut with matchet; to butcher
gbóin	n.a.		silence, calm, dumbfounded
gbóinmà	adv		deafeningly, silently
gbóinpókí	v		to be silent about something; to deafen one's ears against someone; to
01			concern oneself with somebody's affairs
gbókì	excl.		expression of sharp cut or breaking
gbókù	adv		at once; immediately
gbòkùlùmá	adv		conspicuously; properly; openly, in open display
gbólō	v		to knock or strike
gbòlòkìá	v.adv		intentional getting together for some special operation; throwing much
U			force combined
gbólómā	v		to put together
gbòlòmā	n.a.		getting together; concerned with
gbòlú	a.		short
gbólú	v		to crack someone on the head; to connect the kingpost that rests on a
- • •			tie-beam to carry the ridge of the roof; to criticise an expression
gbòlùmâ	adv		plainly, pointedly
gbón	a.		lonely, alone
gbón-élé	n		arid place; desert
gbónmà	adv.a		lonely; desolate
ah ánna à	•		malle actually (Dala diale ()
gbónmà abóv a	adv		really, actually (Bolo dialect)
gbórī	V		to fence

PoS SF **English gloss** Kirikę to attack a person from all angles as of sandflies besieging someone; to v encompass gbórí one in counting n gbóríkélímà to encompass; to fence round v gbóríkírichíeká not steady, unstable; slippery in behaviour a. one mind; one accord; united gbóríkúbíe n.a. gbòrògbòró sizable, big, plenty a. gbótúbárà at once; immediately adv gbótúmà at once; immediately adv gbótúmá-ìnyòsàrà lit. total rest, retirement n to burst or explode with force; to be wealthy all of a sudden gbùákà'n v.a. gbùanyò depths; deep areas n completely full e.g. market gathering or crowd of people gbùdú a.adv drawing someone by force; in a snatching manner gbúkúkù adv gbúlú f mullet sp. n gbúmú bell n f gbù'n fish like the golden fish (ona) n gbù'n fruit like alligator pepper with sweet succulent pulp n gbù'n croaker n. deep gbùún a. gbùnvè mystery n gbúrúgbúrù n.ad rush, streaming without a break or gauge; also ígbúrúgbúrù \w gbúsú v a. protruding; commonly used in abusive description of someone's buttocks or lips (tùmógbúsú) and (bípí gbúsú) H, h H,h alph consonant, the twelfth letter of the Okrika alphabet hámhám vexatious, irascible; rough with anger; getting uncontrollable a. hamhamma adv. héhé light; feeling tired a. híin-háàn expression used to inspire people during working; also to acclaim excl. during conversation and story-telling hìjìá excl. expression to interpret comotony; it is too much; what again? also "ìjìá" hó open; vacant; empty а Hóín! excl. exclamation to call the attention of listeners during story-telling or conversation hóínvō adv then again; starting afresh; begin once again hóróró open hole; easy, go through; bored open a.adv hún excl. expression to ward off bad odour, usually adopting the manner of using the palm to sweep off the bad odour at the nose húàmà getting out of a dark place or winding course, into the open adv unexpectedly húàmàtólúpáká bursting out into the open surprisingly e.g. after meandering in a adv.p winding creed and then bursting at the open estuary, a missing man

Kirike dictionary Draft Levi Sika ed. Roger Blench

suddenly appearing to sight

Kirikę	PoS	SF	English gloss
I, i			
I,i ;I, į	alph		vowels, the thirteenth and fourteenth letter of the Okrika alphabet
ía l	excl.		expression of annoyance denoting, "too much for you!", "enough of
-			that!"
<i>í</i> i	excl.		expression of annoyance and refusal, meaning why or no
íþílá	n		mat made of bamboo material
íþílápínjì	n		piece of the inner stuff of bamboo, ibila
Íþíláwáríkírí	n		historical spot surrounded by Awolome, Adedeme and Anyogu ends, noted for a celebration square, where ceremonies are performed dances, masquerading, burial, etc.
ìþìmìẹ	V		to do good; to be kind
ìþiọ`\$kùèìn	n		gospel; good talk
ìþiọ`\$kýmá	adv		properly
ìþìtéin	a.		better, best (always used in the superlative)
ìþìyémíẹ̥þárá	n		good manners, behaviour
íbó	n		deep mud; thick swamp; the idiom " ibó dékí " means great annoyance; heavy thinking or thought
íþó	n	f	large ray
ìþō	a.		lying with face downward
ļ ķòmā	a.v		upside down; bent like akimbo waist; to lay someone face downward
íþómá(þíe)	n		veranda; open space immediately after the main door outside, meant for resting or relaxing
íþópō	n		blister
íbóróm = íbrám	n		ripe plantain preparation, roasted and pounded into a mixture of crayfish, oil and salt etc. believed to be traditional food for gods and water mermaids
ìbùrùá	n		grass (Ogu dialect)
íchí	n.v		tribal mark made on the face, usually vertical cuts made on the forehead; man with scarified face-most commonly of Igbo origin
	V		used as slang to mean "taken care of"; women in their quarrels abuse one another " tùbǒ íchí " i.e., who cares for you?, who knows you?
íchípíní	a.		shameless, immodest, insensible to disgrace also bŷgèrèrènémíkà
ìchìrìmà	n		higher degree of some performance or play; a stage of note
íchúká	n		thick hair on the skin; furs
íchúká-ófírímà	n		caterpillar (larva), an insect, hairy in nature
íchúkú	v		to dance with keen interest seriously especially with the waist
ídáþárà	n		style of high-jumping with legs stretched sideways and body parallel to the cross-bar
ídérì	V		to drift along or in favour of the tide downward; to move downward
ídérímà	V		to go on the process of moving downward; to shift an anchorage downward i.e. as the tide ebbs
ìdèrìmà	V		to move down while sitting or standing in a line
	V		to subdue; to be reduced
ídérímèngì	n		stream
ídérìpákáþó	V		to gush out
ídǔpú	n		grave; monument; sepulchre
Ìfìkì	p.n.		Efik; the name Okrikans give the Calabarians ifikiapù
ìfóìn	n		my son-in-law; term given to the husband by his wife's mother
ìgílà	n	~	metal gong
Ígírá	p.n.	fm	family in Okrika living in Ayongu Biri
ìgìràmàngí			

PoS SF **English gloss** Kirikę ígírí huge, stalwart person n ìgò eagle n hip, loin ígó n ìgòdò padlock n ìgònìbìanwàrí hotel, guesthouse n ìgònìbǒ stranger n ìgònìkón hospitality; hospitalize; to entertain a visitor v.n ígú hard mud of swamp nicknamed "chikoko" commonly used in n reclaiming land ìgù famous old set of dancing masquerades played by Ambeme Biri n <u>ìgùángī</u> money (obs) n ígúeìn poor, poverty n.a. ígbé box n ìgbìkì n money, currency ìgbìkìkùnō or the end of the counting system i.e. twenty "poku" or 20 times 8000 n (160,000) which could agreeably be equated to a million lit. the root of monev ìgbìkìnàbárámá ph.w cash at hand; cash sale, no credit ? ìgbìkìnàbáránā ígbírí n chained seeds that produce some rattling sound, used in tying around the ankle of a masquerade to dance rhythmically, while on **igbiri**, to the tune of the drum ígbírírárí v especially kiriowu; to clatter ígbírígídí sandflies in a swarming group; gnats also òménbū n ígbírígúgú to perform some cleansing ceremony on a person or place in order to v expel evil spirits or malignant influences dance men perform by shaking the legs in astride position usually ìgbò n during masquerade display net for catching fish ígbō n ìhè excl. abbreviated form of **ìhèbě**, an expression to indicate surprise, usually accompanied with the action of raising the shoulders ìhèbě excl. an expression made at a surprise when one shudders at an incident; also ìsìebě íin ves! excl. íjérè ants in groups as in swarming period n usually goes with the descriptive prefix, éréménì thus éréméníìjìbàsò n **ìjìbàsò**, it is the reactionary state a man is put into as a result of the woman's failure to keep the rules of sexual tidiness and cleanliness. For example, it used to be the custom that a woman hides away her menstruous materials from the man; cleans up the man after sexual intercourse; does not allow her urine to touch their bed; does not allow a man to pass under her inner cloth (underwear) spread outside; does not use her left palm to rub the man's face. It is believed that in violation to these rules, a man becomes indolent, stupefied, sheepish, feverish, and staggering in his movement. He is termed to be under the influence of éréméní-ìjìbàsò. His lazy irregular mood is called "sókì" and he is described as being jùlèjùlé that is, imbecile. Also, a man in the indecent habit of spying on women's nakedness at their latrine area, when caught, and this "juju" is invoked on him, suffers the same fate. He will have to undergo some cleansing before regaining energy to start normal life ìjìkìlà head-pad, coil a snake makes when resting n

Kirikę	PoS	SF	English gloss
ìjìrà	n		sensation as of a current of cold atmosphere, that surrounds one; fear;
			aura
íjírī	n		mango
ìkè	n		hunchback
íkéìn	n		bunch of plantain, banana, palm fruit etc.
íkélí	a.		deformed, lame
ìkèrèrè	n		very common type of sardine, smaller in size than the kparakpara ; it is nicknamed éré-sóngú
íkí	v		to use a log of wood to place at the hearth for making fire
ìkịa	n		friendship; being amicable; attachment
ìkịabặ	n		friend
ìkìaòwú	n		friend of somebody; a friend
íkíþa	n		fraction; part
íkífíní	n		log of burning fire; short size of log to form fire basis
ìkìnà	n		practising shrine of the cult of the traditional kiriowu secret society
	n		metaphorically used as secret pact between lovers; deity for secrecy
íkìnjí	n	f	silkfish (with dark colour and slippery skin)
íkírí	V		to creep
ìkìrí	a.		blunt, having no feeling; insensitive
Íkíríkó	p.n.	fm	family in Okrika living in Bù`lọme Biri
íkíríkó	n	mi	large slit-gong
íkírímá	v		to endure especially physical pain (= bíeíkírímá)
íkìríngà	n		harmattan period; dry season
íkô	v		to fold; fold
ìkò	a.		bent; not straight
íkólí	n		chain; prison
íkópō	n		swelling in between the leg and the lower part of the abdomen; swelling in the groins as a result of some injury on the leg (boil, crawcraw, abrasion)
íkówárí	n		tent
íkú	n		louse
	n		jaw, cheeks
íkù	n		cocoyam (<kal.) <b="" [cf.="" okrika="">ku]</kal.)>
íkū	a.		heavy
íkú	n		jaws; mandible
íkúfóìn	n.		nickname for manila currency; lit. swollen jaws;
íkúlá	a.		lazy; indolent
íkùlélè	n		iron
íkúmà	adv		heavily
ìkùnò	n		root; stumbling stump which portends good or bad luck
ìkùnó	v		to stop; to end a process
íkúyē	n		heavy thing; load
íkúyé-pýnýmà	n.a.		heavy laden; weighty
íkpā	n		wilderness; open grassy area
ìkpìkìkpíkī	n		owl (<igbo) [="Okrika" kpàngbùkùngbùkù]<="" td=""></igbo)>
íkpó	n		towel; Kano cloth
íkpókí	n.a.		hard; knot that is hard; protruding bone of the body e.g. hibhone or ilium (kònjù-ìkpòkì), ischium (tùmò-ìkpòkì)
íkpókpō	n	f	small size of the fish bálá
íkpòpú	n	f	cockle fish (shell); bivalve
ìkpū	n	-	thick small bush full of tendrils, hanging twigs and grass over a stream
r -	n		family shrine decorated with young palm fronds and ódǔmḍùm and

Kirikę PoS SF **English gloss** collections of empty wine bottles with animal skulls etc. game usually played by two teams of males, each player holds a loop n of "sunu" (cane string) to catch the tossed sheath-pad, made from the sheaths of maize. Any catch made by a player of one team draws a player to the opposing side; when a total score is made by several people's loops at a time, the score is described as **ìgàbùrú** Ìkpúkùlùþíe fishing port very close to Port Harcourt situated opposite p.n. **Comprehensive Secondary School** íkpùrúchù cannon n íkpùrúkpà food prepared from maize and plantain n ìkpúrùkpú maggot (cf. also **íngúlé**) (<Igbo) n ìkpùrùmà swelling of the skin arising from scratch or sting by insects such as n mosquito, tsetse fly, bees, wasp; weal Ìlè family in Okrika, living in Edereme Biri p.n. fm ìlè shady tree wrapped with climbing stem, having broad leaves n ílòló bush fruit violet in colour whose pulp is sweet with a single round n seed: a drupe stomach carved out from a fish ílópō n ímbí coconut; kernel n ímbíba description of palm fruit with soft nut also **òsúk**ū (<Igbo) a.n ìmbìkámbìká in quick succession; one after the other adv ìmbìmbìlé to roll; turning over and over v ìmbìré brother; my brother n ìmbò human force engendered by the presence of great number n ìmbògrígrí the presence of human force taking to motion e.g teaming up in a.adv functions, funerals, elections, religious gatherings, national call ímbú navel (**bù`\$lò-ìmbú**) n bud of a flower, plant, sugar-cane n ímbúþò person, being (male or female) imbuapų (pl.) also tomonibò n f ímbùkú n shell-fish like "ikpopu" whose shell bivalves are light ìmbùrùkánákáná threatening heavy storm with dark cloud anciently conceived of as n.a. surrounding the deity of thunder ímgbè f ovster n od of Abulome n ímgbé bone; strength n **m**gbélé stone or stick used as club for fighting; also, mgbélé n f ímgbépèí fish resembling okue (horse mackerel), sweeter in taste n f ímgbí n big fish of the ray group ìmgbì small triangular bone forming the tail end of the spiral column or n backbone known as coccyx; also pronounced mgbì ìmgbílà ancient masquerade believed to be a mermaid ms p.n. ímgbírí drum with high tone (= íngbírí) mi n ímgbòlú f smaller mud-fish in the swampy creeks n any round object like orange or lime used as ball for game; round ball ímgbú n ímgbúlúmà to dress a fish by pressing its flesh to a retracted shape v ímgbúlúmá-kìrì borderline fishing port owned by Bolo, situated near Bodo water-side p.n. in BOLGA ìmgbùsú part of **owu** decoration around the waist, where a projection is made at n its back to carry segmented frills of cloth ímgbùsú n fruit ìmìkí to wriggle v ìmìmá to squeeze out water or oil from wet cloth or fibrous material v

Kirikę	PoS	SF	English gloss
ìmkpálà	n		bronze anklets worn by girl during the "Iria" ceremony
ímō	n		sweat
ímó	n		hard wood
ímpí	n		pangolin
ìmpò	n		fruit commonly found in the mangrove forest, eaten by monkeys
ìmpótō	n		plantain or banana stem
ìndē	v		to wash the anus after defecating
ìndé = ndé	int.		meaning which? who? what? often used to stem other words to form compound words e.g. indebo (who or which person?); indeju (where?); indesiki (when? which time) etc.
ìndéndè\$	excl.		expression used generally for greeting, meaning how is it; how do you do?
índéná	v.a.		can; being able to (changed from ineda)
índó	n		nipples or teat on the breast
	v		to suck from the breast
índóméngí	n		milk from the breast
C	n		bush fruit from shrubs that tastes sweet
índókýmá	a.v		descriptive of a child to stop breast feeding or liquid feeding
ìndú	n		vulture also odele
ìndùbá	n		daughter; son's wife as called by his father or mother; my daughter
ìndùlùmá	a.		crouching; being in uncomfortable position
ínédá	v.a.		can; capable to do; being able to
ínédábŷolóká	a.n		inclined to lust or waywardness; lasciviousness
ínédámíekà	a.		unable to do; impossible
ínéi	num.		four in counting
ìnèmá	v.n		endure, endurance; to bear up; to be patient; long suffering
ínèrè	n		banana
íngbír'r	n	mi	drum with high tone
ìngèí	n		one in counting
íngéléngé	n	mi	xylophone (also ébèrè)
Íngémè Bìrì	n		quarter or ward in Okrika
íngíí	v		to feed by begging from others
íngíríngírí	a.		suffering in diverse forms
íngórónī	V		to lick off soup with fingers or ball of fufu
íngú	n	mi	water-pot for music
íngúlē	n		larva of housefly, maggot, generally found in decaying matter and faeces
íngùộ	n		sugar-cane
ìnì	pron.		they
ìnī	v		to smell
ìnìá	a.		their
ìnìabû	pron.		themselves
íníkí	a.		deaf
ìnìkìó	n. n		friend, my friend
ínímé	n		hair, fur
	n		nails of the fingers and toes; claws of animals etc.
Ìnímgbà	p.n.	fm	family in Ogoloma
ìnímgbà	p.n. pron		all; they all; all of them
íníná	n		stubbornness
ínínáchī`n	N V		to be stubborn and obstinate
ínjálā	v n		wire, metal string
ínjé			crawcraw that appears in the private part of human beings; venereal
mje	n		crawcraw mai appears in the private part of numan beings; venereal

Kirike	PoS	SF	English gloss
			disease people take for syphilis
ìnjì	n		fish
ìnjì-ḥùrú	n	f	shoal of very small fish that serves as food for big fishes. lit. fish food
ìnjìnì-òfò̀ngō	n		air-conditioning also letrik-ofongo
ìnjìkòrí	n		whitish creature like pupa of an insect always found in the mouth of
			kaka fish
ínjìrì	n		cloth otherwise known as real India; also called George (<kal)< td=""></kal)<>
ínjùnjú	n		yellowish dye for the skin
ínkì	n		tattoo marks printed on the skin; liquid for writing and printing (< Eng.)
ìnyèngí	n		lit. my mother, special term used by the wife of a son in addressing her
			husband's mother; she, the mother, in return addresses her son's wife
			ìnd ùbá
ínyía	n		refuge
ìnyìá	a.		to be used to
ínyíasó	V		to take refuge
ínyíasó́nyó́	n		place of refuge also íníasówáríběk
ìnùmá	v.n		cheat, fraud
ínúmā	v.n		conquer, defeat, overcome
ìnùmàfì	v		forego; knowingly making room for defeat
ìpérèré	n		fish generally taken as fresh water kigbo
ìpìangbá	n		maize, corn (also piamgba)
ípín	n.a.		swollen scar, being left by a healed wound
ìpò	n		mangrove forest fruit on which monkeys feed. It is also eaten by men
ìpòpó	n		smashed and beaten yam mixed with ripe plantain with oil in it; staple diet for the rich and well-off, it is regarded as special diet and therefore usually provided in ceremonial festivities such as family feast, clubs, religious gatherings, churching of women after child birth etc.
íré	n		youth in women
íréméníayè	n		youthful display of women, behaving in a manner likely to snub
ínámánítáků	n		someone; a bluff, showy and swanky mood of women; fashion
íréménítòkù írétí	n		young fashionable lady; coquette
	v.n		act of being fashionable; practising the act of being fond of women
írétíb 	n		one who is fond of being in women's company; a woman who is fond of fashion
`	n		thread
ìrí írí	n		
írī	n		blade; native blade to miss the way; to go amiss
ìrìá	V		to exclaim a name of someone or oneself or any object or thing at a
111a	V		happening; to express surprise
iriaha	n		rumours; what people hear and say, true or false
iriaḥa íríasó	n		indirect and unexpected results of past events; results of guilty
11 1850	n		conscience; repercussions
íríawó	n		gentle fashionable ladies
ìrìsí	n		a storm; gale; tempest
íróm	n		top; a game in which the wooden reel, carved into a shape with pointed
nom	n		end, is spun on the ground, where is it flogged up with a sling to continue the spinning along the field of play. The materials used are the top, and the flinging sling tied to one-foot stick
ìrù	n		wine, drink
Irùènábè`\$rệ	n		chief and family in Ogu
ìrùkòró	n		palm-wine tree (raffia)
írúo	n		false statement; lie, untruth

Kirike	PoS	SF	English gloss
írúoámíemíeye	n		falsehood
írúokón	v		to tell a lie; to make a report, true or false
írúoséìþìdòkí	n		propaganda syns. torugbeinma-írúokón; némímàírúokón
ìrùtórúbá	a.		drunk (<kal.)< td=""></kal.)<>
ìrùtórúba-	n		revelling
þíebè`\$lè			
ìrùtórúsó	a.		drunk, intoxicated
ísé	v		to spread
ìsèbě	excl.		expression to indicate surprise (usually accompanied with the
			mannerism of raising the shoulders, that is shuddering also ihebè
ísé-ísé	adv		line by line
ísíþộ	pron		the other person
ìsìbۆ	n		my friend; someone who knows one's secrets (ironically applied)
ìsìnè	n		loop with a running knot, as in a snare; a noose
ísíré	n		holes in the water-cliffs in which fishes hide
ísíréþíe			inside of the holes of water-cliffs
ìsóìn	n		
ísùlú	n		cough sweeping material made from the dry palm fruit bunch
	n		sweeping material made from the dry palm fruit bunch
ìvìrí 	n		heavy spread of crawcraw on the skin; scabies
íwô	V		to ascend
ìyó	n		call word used by equals, male or female
íyò	n		common name for males, also $iy\bar{o}$
ìyòròkò	n		making light of something; something made common to everyone
ļ , į			
ìbà	n		some whitish matter appearing at the canthus of the eye especially as
			one rises from sleep, rime
	n		soaked garri for food (<yoruba)< td=""></yoruba)<>
	n		forked stick
	n		mote (biblical)
ìbàchín	n		forked-stick for supporting and building
ìbàdàká	a.		not difficult to perform. mostly used in the negative
ìbàdù`\$pàrí	n		cornerstone; important stone
ìbàfí	v		to insinuate someone against another in order to curry favour; to betra
			or prove treacherous; to bribe
įbàfi̇̀bŏ́	n		traitor
Ìbàká	n		name of one of the towns on the island of Okrika
Ìþàní	n		tribal or native name of the people of Bonny
íþánì	v		to make a noise; to shout without control
Ìbàníchúká	p.n.	fm	king and a family in Okrika
Ìbànìmè-Bìrì	n		ward or quarter in Ogoloma
ìbànìpệì	n		larva found in logs of dead wood (it is edible)
ìbàtòmgbólù	n		ailment affecting the eyes eye-lids get swollen and white matter
			appearing at the canthus conjunctivitis (see ányámkpékē)
ìþì	n.a.		good, fine, beauty, beautiful, goodness, saint
íbíàm	adv.e		momentously; at once; all of a sudden; trifle; etc. usually spoken as
*~ ! *****	xcl.		"gbórí íbíàm"
ìþìamìệmìệyē	n		goodness; virtue; good manners, also
ibiamięnięye ibiamięyebárà	ab.n		2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
ibibe`\$rè			gospel; good story
ihine até	n		gosper, good story

Kirike	PoS	SF	English gloss
ìþìfùþàrà	n		fortune; good luck
ìþìfùþàràp;ìrìyé	n		mascot; something like bird, insect, animal, person, that brings good
			luck
ìþìkárà	n		perfect beauty
ìbù`\$gìẹ	excl.		corrective expression cautioning a person when he errs in speech (in
			low accent, he says, "excuse me" or "pardon me" its equivalent; it is
			also pronounced on another who errs)
ìbù`\$kùrù	n		fishing-net hemmed round with cane to size, used in dragging under
			water; hand net
íbǔlū	n		grey hair
ìbù`\$lùbù`\$lú	n	f	smallest tilapia (àtàḥàlà)
íbǔpú	n	f	puffer fish; fish with thick skin and big head, having a set of teeth as a
			human being
Íbùrù	p.n.	fm	family in Okrika
íbúrù	n		net for fishing weir
íchìlá	n	f	mudskipper, Periophthalmus papilio. cf. also èkèbìrì
íchít ō	n		perforated holes in wood, mostly found at the keel of canoe or boat
íchúkùrú	n	С	small crab found in holes of dead wood in the mangrove, usually
			applied to describe someone with small size, thus ichukuru-oju
íchúkùrù-òjú	n		small-bodied person
įdàm	n		infection that attacks the sole of the foot especially near the heel; it
			renders the sole inflated inwardly like hard boil; eczema
í dápó	n		kola nut
ífálí í	n		horn (<kalabari)< th=""></kalabari)<>
ífí	n	с	very small crab like íchúkùrú ; smashed crab used as bait to trap
/ 6/ 6/ / / / 1			mudskipper
ífífíópópólì Sect =	n		hard boil on the skin which rarely produces pus, carbuncle
ìfúþā	n		sweet cassava, commonly found in upper Ijo (Odi, Kaiama, Sabagreia
			etc.) which can be cooked or roasted and eaten like yam in one process; also known as the Panya type
Ígá	nn	fm	family in Okrika living at Tomo Biri.
iga Ìgà	p.n.	1111	thorn
iga ìgàbùrú	n n		yam produced by the Ogoni people, full of strings on its body; term
igapuru	11		used in the game of " ìkpú " (see ìkpú).
ìgàchín	n		thorny tree like the sìkákà (the cotton tree with digitate leaves).
ìgàgáìgà	a.		thorny, full of thorns
ìgà-ìnìmé	n.		curly hair; dark strong and straight hair
ìgànì	n		wrath, indignation
igànìdòkí	a.		irascible; easily provoked to anger; vexatious
ígánímá	v		to offend someone; to find palaver; to annoy someone Ìgìa
	p.n.	fm	family in Okrika living in Ngeme Biri
ìgìá	n		game where the empty termite shell, carved into a shape, is used; it is
			twisted with the fingers to revolve in a dug out hollow to crack out a
			challenger
ìgìná	n		cataract on the eye
ìgìnà	v		asserted power as a threat also èbèbà
ìgìpú	n		waving of the waist during copulation
ígúa	n		marriage (see Appendix)
ígų́ó	n		wooden flat planks or boards used by a woman when weaning a baby
			in the fattening room. In the days before maternities had not operated,
			nursing mothers, used these boards so that they could have easy access
			to the cinder which is always within reach, to warm the waist

Kirikę	PoS	SF	English gloss
	n		seats made of plank at the layout of buildings or waterside (Ówúsárà)
			for breezing, relaxing and gossiping
ígýofúrú	n		traditional ceremony whereby a husband steals a chance to have sexual
			relationship with his wife during her period of nursing a child. It is
			customary that a nursing wife does not have sex with the husband
			before the expiration of the first three months after childbirth, thus this
			action is termed "stealing"
ígbá	n		strong wooden climbing stem used in making rope mostly for water-
			fence (chụa)
	a.		strong, magnificent as of building
ìgbà	n		period quite long past and nearly forgotten; time immemorial "igbà
			kùrà bìe
ígbáná	n		horn of animals
ìgbàná	n		weal, ridge produced on the skin by the stroke of rod or whip
ígbání	V		to demand; to claim
íjápū	n		bitter cassava
íkákí	n		tortoise
	n		thick Akuete cloth
ìkàkí	n		shell of shellfish
íkàín	n		dandruff
	n		dry solid ashes of mangrove wood at the hearth, generally used in
			producing liquid salt (chuòfun)
íkálí	n		smallest finger
ìkàrà	n		scabies, crawcraw
ìkàrà-òbírì	n		dog affected with scabies
íkárí	a.		rough, scaly, thorny
íkáríkáríkàrì	a.		rough and scaly
ìkàrìnì-àwó	n		swarms of soldier ants
	a.		quarrelsome wild children; ragamuffin
ìkàsí	n		chair, seat
	v		to lock a door or box etc.
ìkàsìyé	n		something to serve as seat; anything used as seat-bench, stool, chair
ìkàtà 4-43	n		fish-trap in basket form
íkélì	n		conical fish-trap; usually placed on the bed of sea or river to receive
4-4-4			stray fish. It is later picked out after a number of days for the catch
íképú	n		distributive shares in small sizes e.g. part of meat or flesh; 5 branches
1 	0		of political areas selfish to a considerable point, miserly
ík <u>ī</u> ìkìán	a. n		omen; sign; lot
ikian ìkiankòró	n v		to prophesy; to foretell
ìkiankòròbó	n n		prophet
ìkìàn-wàkí	v		to cast lot
ìkìká	n		biscuit
íkíkàlí	n		seedling of angala (mangrove); long and pointed seedling of angala
			plant
ìkìkò	n		difficulty; awful experience, usually prefixed "si- thus sì-ìkìkò"
íkýlì	n	с	crab also (pà
ìkỳlì	n	÷	branch, section
íkóm	n		tree-bark used as flavour in cooking
íkýní	n.v		constant crying and disturbance of a child
• • •	n		constant obstinate bluff of a wife
	n	mi	small short talking drum

Kirike	PoS	SF	English gloss
	v		to be naughty as of children
íkú	n		rock in water; cataract
kù	n		protruding forehead; (as in fúþárá-ìkù)
•	n		outgrowth on the head of a cock; cockscomb; the carbuncle of a cock
kpàbŏ	n		my salvage (compound word)
íkpáìn	n		squirrel
kpákí	n		piece of baked mud, generally used as missile; stone
(kpàlíbè	n		long iron pin used in picking yam, akara balls, etc. in cooking pot
íkpálíkpà			usually prefixed with "bùỳ" the ankles of the legs
kpànáká	n		water-fence (chua) where a single arm is made springing from the
приники	11		main circular fence (<ataba dialect)<="" td=""></ataba>
	n		size or measure of local gin (ákámèrè) in jar (<igbo)< td=""></igbo)<>
kpàngí			branch; projection as horn
	n	f	
kpàràkpàrà	n	f	big bonga (sardine), the size of sardine next before " kigbo " (bonga fish)
kpátā	n		flag
íkpéín	v.n		to instigate someone to act against another; to incite some action; to
· . ··			stir
íkpíkpā	n		ladder
kpíkpī	n		bird like the snipe, much smaller in size
kpíkìrī	n	f	short and small mud-fish
kpìrí	n	-	crawcraw appearing on the body in good quantity
kpýký	p.n.	fm	family in Okrika living in Ngeme Biri
kpúkú	n p.m.		knot on a tree or made with rope or cloth
F 44	n		joints of the limbs in human body
kpúlū	n		fist
kpụlụ kpùkùmà			
kpųkųma kpųkųmákpo	n		knot on a cloth tied round the waist (special style of tying by men) to adopt the style of tying " ikpukuma "
ϳκϸͷκάιμακϸό	V		
	V		used as idiom to mean being prepared to face some eventuality (to guard one's loins-biblical)
Ìkpùrùbà	p.n.		market near Okrika owned by the people of Elelenwo in Ikwere
lá	n		bead
,	n		intestine
Íláchíngì	p.n.		historical hillock of relics reminiscent of the deeds of the ancestral
	P		parents of the island, now levelled down to accommodate the civic
			centre. During " agiji-owu " display in these days, it used to be a
			security land or refuge. He who mounts it during the chase is never
			touched
lákpō	n		bile
<i>ílía</i>	n		broom bunched together from the midribs of coconut palm fronds, generally used by elders in warding off flies, rarely used in sweeping
12			(obs.)
lò 1) -1 -	n		summons
lògbō	V		to take action against someone legally; to sue someone
ilólí Í	n		dirt; filth; rubbish
ĺlų́	n		hidden fishing grove in a creek usually paraded by ibùkuru fisher
			women
ĺlýgýlýgý	n.a.		end; final stage of anything; the depth of something
ílýpíáín	excl.		colloq. slang coined, generally used to retort a questioner in order to
			prevent him from getting further; a rude expensive joke
ímá	n		soul of man; spirit believed or supposed to be possessed by every
			living being

Kirike	PoS	SF	English gloss
ìmà	n		pus from sore
ímáþí	n.v		practice of consulting a priest or priestess of a special or agency whose
			god gives a divine communication report of the enquiry; its priest or
			priestess is the ímáþíbě oracle
ìmàchùá	v.a.		septic, producing pus as of sore
ìmàín	n.v		two in counting; to vanish
ìmàínfà	V		to vanish away; to disappear totally; to perish
í mámá	n.v		thanks; thank you
ìmḥáḥìrí	n		swallowing a ball of fufu without soup, that is, after chewing a piece o fish or meat with saliva to help the swallowing
í mþájí	n		beads, flat in shape and generally black or red in colour, worn around the waist by the female folk; a cultural attire
ímbásí	n.v		mischief making; a purposeful action to annoy someone
ìmbíb <u>ī</u>	a.		very small in size, appearance, and age; immature
ímbìlárì	adv		umbrella (<english)< td=""></english)<>
imbínā	n		plantain
ìmbínāḥárā	n		finger of the plantain crop
ìmbínāchi^n	n		bunch of plantain crop
ìmbínāfíngì	n		stalk of plantain or banana after the fingers are removed
imbínāpótò	n		herbaceous stem of plantain or banana
ímbí ọkō	n		swelling on the wrist; carbuncle
mbòríbórí	a.		smooth and glossy as of clean skin
ìmbùkú	a.n		joyous temperament of the mind; excessive inward happiness
ìmbùrá	n		sister, my sister
ímbúrúmbúrù	V		to moan; making inarticulate sound as if suffering physically; murmur
ímgbá	n		wrestling
imgbà	n		phlegm from the nose after sneezing
mgbèsē	V		to lie across; to stop someone's progress
ìmgbèsèchín	n		cross; cross-bar
ímgbíkì	V		to murder by strangling
	V		to seize some property or money kept in care of someone who in order to claim refuses to give it out to the owner
ìmgbòkù	adv		would have
	V		belated correct action following the mistaken action
	n		regrettable end
	n		deep meaningful expression only understood by indigenes
ímgbólú	n		seed of any fruit
	n		heart
ìmgbòpùmà- méngì	n		neap tide; period when the sea attains the lowest tide
ímgbùkú	n		drupe, yellow in colour, whose plant has a hard bark
ìmgbùlùbà	n		fist made or fixed with the fingers and wrist
mpíp ī	a.		very small; infinitesimal
ímýký	a.		selfish, miserly, stingy
imýnýmýný	n		young palm frond
ìnchòm	n	f	slimy whitish wormlike creature commonly found in decaying
			perforated mangrove logs known as ototoloha (it is edible)
ìndùrú	v		being in melancholy; placing palm under chick
ìngá	excl.		playword used by children to snatch food from one another. a bond is struck by the children ever before the practice is carried out. when some food-snacks, sugar cane, fruit, sweet etc. (not cooked food) is found in one's hand, he should shout "inga" to the other in order to

Kirike dictionary	^v Draft Levi Sika	ed. Roger Blench
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Kirike	PoS	SF	English gloss	
			secure the food for himself. but if the other shouts it first, the holder of	
			the food is compelled to share it with him; also, ngá	
ìngàjì	n		spoon	
íngbónjí	n	f	big fish, fair sized fish	
íngéríángálà	n		notorious and pugnacious water mermaid	
íng éríb ûnyán à	n		independence, self rule or self government	
ìngìlárì	n	f	hagfish (Ogu dialect for ápún)	
ìngìlí	n		nickname for money	
íngílímà	V		to screw or press forcefully	
íngílímáchú	V		pressing in objectively; to cause to penetrate in	
ìngìmá	V		to take in breath and press hard with a frown e.g. as when a woman delivers or during defecating	
ìngìrí	v		to be grieved	
ìngìsí	adv		not at all	
ìngìsì	adv		since	
íngộ	n		wealth, riches, property, merchandise, mammon (biblical	
• 01			personification of riches as an evil spirit or deity)	
ìngòrí	n		to snore while sleeping	
	v		to talk in a muttering manner	
ìngụ&	n		frog	
íngúlā	n		yam, commonly produced by the Elemes and Ogonis of OTELGA	
ìnìá	n		son; my son	
ìnìkìmá	a.v		patient; to be able endure	
ínyā	n		forceful	
ínyādŏkí	a.v		to secure oneself under a forceful submission to someone's refuge;	
ing augini			seeking protection	
ínyányá	n		leaf of a plant; pages of a book	
ínyó	n		strength, power, breath	
ínyóþā	v		to be patient; to hold on; to wait a bit	
ínyóbûófóríbŏ	n		weakling; a weak person	
ínyókpómá	v		to endure; to bear up; to try to hold one's strain	
ínyókùròká	n.a.		frail; frailty as of morals	
	a.		weak, feeble as of physical appearance	
ínyómà	adv		just carefully; cautiously mindful	
ínyósárá	v.n		rest, leave, holiday	
íny ósáráéné	n		Sabbath day; Sunday, also Chochi-ene	
ínō	n		sore or ulcer	
ínýbŭrú	n		dry yam; seasoned yam	
ípà	n	c	water crab	
ípágbárà	n	f	small red snapper, <i>Lutjanus agennes</i> (agbara), (also = kéín)	
ípòlí	n	c	crayfish, shrimps, lobster	
ípòlíbù`\$rùmà	n		gunpowder	
ìpu&n	n		jigger, usually found on the foot of people	
írí	pron		you (sing.)	
ìrí	pron		Ι	
ìrìá	v		to meet with someone	
ìrìà	n		the transitional ceremony of girlhood to womanhood performed by every chaste girl of adolescent age; also the traditional three month fattening room or feeding custom undergone by a nursing mother after child birth	
ìrìahă	n			
ìrìabộ ìrìomó	n		lady in the Iria ceremony; ceremonial woman. pl. ìrìap u	
ìrìamá	V		to meet for a purpose; to consult, to refer	
Kirikę	PoS	SF	0 0	
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ìrìamá-ríamá	v.adv		meeting, consulting frequently for mutual discussions; referring to c	
			another on points	
ìrìa ō	V		to undergo the Iria ceremony	
írímgbà	prep		"with you"; "upon all your presence"; an expression used in preceding	
			a query levelled at a person	
íróró	n.a.		female (short form of iruorò)	
írū	a.		small, minute	
í rūa	n		sun, sunlight	
ír ūākpóìn	n		hot season, sunshine	
ír ūāpákápákángâ	n		east	
ír ūāpákápákányộ	n		east	
ír ūāsósónyò	n		west	
ír ūātùmátùmányô				
ír ūātùmátùmángâ	n		west	
írúọ	V		to spread something in the sun with the intention to have it dried; to	
			place fish on the altar at the hearth for curing	
Į́rų́orų́o	n		female	
İsàkà	n		town in Okrika division situated nearly opposite Port Harcourt by the	
			marine wharf	
ísáká	n		tassels; hanging strands of any material	
ísámf úl ò	n	S	mamba, poisonous snake, slim and green in colour, that bites without	
			being provoked;	
ìsàmgbá	n		minute tubers of cocoyam; rhizome that continues its growth	
ísám(ụ)	n	f	periwinkle	
í sárám	n		tassels of maize	
ísían	n		vein; rope from raffia palm	
ìsí'n	a.v		abraded; skin being peeled by injury	
ísín	v		to weed grass on farmland or garden	
ìsòn	n		small worms found in the flesh of fishes and meat especially gbulu (mullet and pork); also in the eye-lids of human beings	
ìsŷn	n		stretch; length	
isún	n		rabbit	
ísŷn	v		to lay or put at a stretch	
ísýnchíemà	v		to stretch up standing as erecting a pillar or stick pinned	
 ísýnpákýmà	v		to stretch out as of hand	
ítákítàkí	n	f	small catfish	
ìtàlí	v.exc		to avoid or get off from an awful situation; proverbial language of the	
· •	1.		crayfish (ipoli) as it escapes from its catch ongoro	
ítítō	n		small perforated leakages on the keel of canoes also ichito	
ítólì	n		meshes of net	
ítólì	n		dimples at the cheeks or back of the waist	
ítólì	n	f	oyster	
ítólì	n		letters of the alphabet	
ítùmá	n		black plastic material obtained from the swamp; tar also átùmá	
ìtù'n	n		dry mildew mostly found in very dry fish	
íválà	n		sail attached to a canoe or boat or yacht	
íválí	n		horns on the heads of animals	
ínwénénwéné	n		peppery fruit like alligator pepper	
íwó	a.		new, fresh	
 íwóþárákpóímbí	ph.w		nickname for a menopausal woman who is fond of applying "make-up"	
	-		(coined)	
íwóbûo	n		regeneration	

(wójáríjárí iwo obòkụ (wótómkírì iyàmìnàèbèdè iyáyā iyỳ iyỳrỳ	a. p.n. n n n n n		very new and fresh; brand-new New Testament regeneration		
įwótómkírì įyàmịnàèbèdè įyáyā įyỳ įyỳrỳ įyỳrỳ	n n n n n		regeneration		
iyâmìnàèbèdè iyáyā iyỳ iyỳrỳ iyỳrỳ	n n n n		•		
íyáyā lyộ lyộrộ lyộrộ	n n n		special respectable badgeer meent for a king: a crown		
iyỳ iyỳrỳ iyỳrỳ	n n		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
iyỳ iyỳrỳ iyỳrỳ	n		rash on the skin		
iyòrò iyòrò			in favour of the tide		
iyòrò	n	с	shrimps		
	11		long plumes for decorating masquerades		
J , j					
J,j			consonant, the fifteenth letter of the Okrika alphabet		
jàkàjàká	a.		rough, disorderly; not in good condition		
Jámá	p.n.	fm	family in Okrika, living in Anyongugu Awolome Biri		
Jámáþò	p.n.	fm	family in Ogoloma		
jáín	a.		bright, sparkling		
jáníní	a.		shining brightly		
járá	n		gift added to a sale also chuaye (coined)		
járí-járí	a.		very new (a word usually prefixed with jwo , thus jwojari-jari		
járírímà	a. adv.a		very plain; very new and plain		
	•				
jásìjásìmà	adv		marching or treading without care; intentionally treading to annoy		
- A			someone		
jêi Kirà	excl.		Oh! also jíéì		
jékè	-		yet; awaiting a moment		
jéné	n another day; some other day				
	adv		ever		
jénējénē	adv		never; never in the least; not at all		
jệnệrétộ	n		generator, motor to effect motion (<eng. generator)<="" td=""></eng.>		
jénjè	adv.a		no harm; things going well and normal		
jíī	V		to off-load; to carry out from the lot		
jíā	v		lean to; to consult; to refer to		
jìajíá	a.		staggering as being drunk		
jían	a.		other		
jíanmáþò	n		stranger		
jíanmápù	n.pl.		strangers (pl.)		
jíanmápù	n		Gentiles, non-Jews (Biblical) also Jiukapu		
jíanpú	n		others		
jíanyé	n		other things		
jìé	num.		fifteen in counting		
jìgìdá	n		beads worn on the waist by women (<yor.) <b="" also="">(mþájí</yor.)>		
jíī	v		to off-load		
jíjí	a.		firm; strong; intact; full		
jíkē	v. v		to shake; inspire		
jìké	v V		to minimize; to sink into oblivion; to submerge and diminish = jikéfa		
jii jii			to off-load		
jii jìkèjíké	V a		shaky; unsteady		
-	a.		another		
jín Kubě	a.				
jínbộ	n n		another person subject; one under somebody		

Kirikę	PoS	SF	English gloss	
jínbŏdíkímámie	v		to emulate; to imitate with a view to equalize or surpass	
jínbŏnákùràkà	a. being at variance with others; disagreeing		being at variance with others; disagreeing	
jínē	v		to draw of force	
jínè	n		alcohol, hot drink < Eng. gin	
jìnìá	v.		to drag an issue; to dispute over something	
	n		a dispute or argument	
jìnìajínía	a.		doubting, fickle-minded; having double mind over some idea or	
jínyé	n	n another thing; what more; further more		
jínyó	n another place			
jìpú	a. compressed (a term applied to one with short neck kỳngý jìpú); pl surplus			
júkú	*		to be at its full operation e.g. marketing play, fight or war etc.	
jùkùjùkú	a.		feeling worried with perspiration; perspiring insensitively	
júkúmà	adv		really; in actual fact; actually	
jùkùrù	n		bedroom, chamber	
, jùlèjùlé	a.		lazy indolent, lacking keenness of mind	
jùlèpú	a.		looking dull and clumsy (julepuma adv)	
jùọín = join	n paddle or oar used in pulling canoe on the river or sea			
júó	a.		(suffix) referring to follow or similar object, commonly used as suffix to pronouns e.g. ojuo tombo (his fellow man) etc.	

K, k

K, k	а		consonant, the sixteenth letter of the Okrika alphabet
kâ	adv		not expressed interrogatively
kaàbá	n	b large bird with large beak generally seen on sand-banks	
kábía			dry like skin not moistened with pomade
kabirikabiri	a.		proving very officious, showy; expressing zeal truly or falsely
kàbò	n		fable, proverb, parable
kàþòkón	v to talk idiomatically, to speak in a language not easily		to talk idiomatically, to speak in a language not easily comprehensive; to tell a story for entertainment
kàþòkónyé	n		byword also képēókų́ein
kàfàlàmá	adv		lying carelessly and disorderly with face upwards
káikái			nickname for locally manufactured dry gin
kàín	v		to pluck or pick fruits; to set the fish, "ichila" on its small stick-pin
			(mengii) also china
kàínbó	V		to understand; to perceive the meaning of what is said or spoken
kàká	v to tie cloth, to wrap or fasten a cloth round the waist		to tie cloth, to wrap or fasten a cloth round the waist
káká	v to tie firmly as of a parcel		to tie firmly as of a parcel
	v		to implicate someone in trouble
kákál <u></u>	v		to warn
	v		to tune a drum by tightening the screws or side-sticks also kákī
kàkàmā	v.a.		to be numb; to be deprived of sensation; benumbed
kàkí	v to reproach with good intention		to reproach with good intention
kákī	v		to advise secretly against some suspected eventuality; to prepare someone against a case or problem
kákí	v		to crucify; to hang someone with impunity
kákó	n	f	fish, the small type of ówól ō
kálá	pref.		small; also used as prefix to names mostly in order to create the diminutive, e.g. Kalasika; kalajohn etc.

Kirike	PoS	SF	English gloss	
kálángā	n		toilet, latrine, urinal. Place or closet for passing out bodily wastes or	
			latrine (lit. small place)	
Kálángā Ģírì	n		word in Ogoloma	
kálásíkísímè	a.		temporal	
kàlíkíngí	n		standing with one leg and hopping (a game)	
kámákámákàmà	adv rushing through without cognisance of any object, refusing to be disturbed or halted		rushing through without cognisance of any object, refusing to be disturbed or halted	
kàmbúkà	n	n appearance in flowing clumsy dress; over coat		
kaàmkám-ámàju	n		dreamland; (kaàmkám-ámájú)bè`\$rè = fairy tale	
kàmsō	V		to quarrel	
kàm(ụ)	n		quarrel, dispute	
kàmḍòkí	a.		quarrelsome	
kán	v.a.		to tear, disperse, break down; torn	
kànà	n	bs	basket	
	V		to hawk article about	
káná	V		to crack kernel; to wish or desire for something or somebody	
kàná	V		to go round; (cf. also kànáběré)	
kánákáná	a.n		dark; darkness	
kànàmànyộ	n		bending corner; environs, roundabout	
kánfínjì	V		to break open; to open wide	
kángálágálà	a.		scattered, asunder	
kángálágálámà	V		to shatter; to tear into pieces	
kàngàrá	n		straw hat	
kángī	a.		skin rendered dry and scaly esp. during harmattan	
kángó	n		temporary white marks on the skin caused by salt water	
kánī	v		to tear with care as of breaking or tearing or carving a piece of meat or	
			fish	
kàníkàní	a.		being in pieces; ragged	
kánípệì	V .		to tear and eat; to kill a prey; to pounce on a junior person bullying	
kánkánkàn	adv		rushing in a fury	
kánkósī	v.a. torn into pieces asunder			
kānpákáḥá	v to gush out, to come out in crowd as of dismissing or dispersing fi service or workshop		service or workshop	
kánpírípírí	id.		rushing and moving here and there as being disturbed by some incident; anxious for some sudden happening; stampede	
kànsàrá	v.a.		flash forth as of light; tear, break or burst into pieces	
kánsīn	V		to cancel; to break off	
kápýmà	adv		firmly, securely, steadily	
kárá	v		to carve; to backbite and gossip about someone	
kárà	a.		complete in number or quantity	
kàrā	V		to be enough to satisfy a demand	
kárákà	a.		incomplete, not correct	
kàràkà	adv		instead; rather	
kàràkárá	a.		true; real; upright; straight	
kàrákàrá	a.		rough, thorny not smooth and regular	
kárákárámà	V		to prepare	
kàràkáráyé	n		righteousness, uprightness	
káràgbásí	a.		perfect; all correct; having all essential elements, characteristic etc.	
kárámá	n		bottle container for wine, oil or any liquid; also ólóló	
kárámà	v		to complete; to make up	
káráménílá	n		long whitish beads used by ìrìapụ	
kárámíní	n		deity ascribed to the people of Bolo	

Kirikę	PoS	SF	English gloss	
káráyé	n	-	idols, carved things	
kàrí	v		to pray, to invoke discreetly or prayerful	
kàrìุbìyè	n		fulfilment promise; something used to fulfil a promise e.g. Isaac used as such to God	
kárífī	v		to swear	
kàrìfíyé	n		oath sworn to	
kásá	n		racket for fish	
kásáchúa	v		to set fish on racket for the purpose of drying and preservation	
kàsú	n		cashew (<eng.)< td=""></eng.)<>	
kàtàkpósì	n.a.		gigantic in appearance; stalwart and masculine, virile person; giant-lil (ke. adv) not expressed assertively	
kệ	adv		not, expressed assertively	
kèbè`\$kèbè`\$má	adv		moving dwarfishly as if under the weight of some heavy load; swaggering and watching left and right	
kệín	n			
kę́ī	n			
kèín	v to harvest yam that is, making the first harvest and leaving the ba		to harvest yam that is, making the first harvest and leaving the balance for the final harvesting þùrù-kèín	
kéìn	n bunch (of plantain or banana)			
kéiín	v to print, design artistic work or decoration on a paper or walls; also, kệin			
kéínkéín			sounding in thrilling treble tone, melodious tone	
kèìnmâ	adv		carefully or watching closely	
kélē			introductory expression of entreaty or appeal; please	
kélédīkī	adv afterwards; sometime later; a little moment after			
kèlèlèlé			round, circular	
kélékēlē			bit by bit; little by little	
kélékélē	· ·		surrounded, encircled	
kélémā	v		surround, encompass	
kèlèmànyộ	n		roundabout; circular road junction	
kélī	v		to go; to move away	
kémé	n		mourning ceremony performed by a customarily lawfully married woman or man	
	n		people, person (obs.) (<Įjo)	
k ệm ệkệm ẹ	a.		tired; weak as a result of exertion or over-exercise of fatigue. (also = korikori (<kal.) td="" ànyìmànyímá<=""></kal.)>	
kéngé = kệngé	adv		only, alone	
kệngẹ	n		score in the game of draught or chess	
kệngẹ	v		to hatch (hen)	
kệngẹ	v		to carve or shape a marble from the shell of "nángúlò (igia)	
kèngèrē	a.		to kindle; the burning log of wood cracking out into pieces of cinder also ¢rę́rę́kàn	
kéng <u>ī</u>	v to trade by barter		to trade by barter	
kénī	v		to carve or slice meat, fish, bread	
képē	V		to resemble; to be according to one's name; when one acts according to one's name	
kéréi-kéréi-kéréi	excl. proclamation to call people's attention for information		proclamation to call people's attention for information	
kéréní	v		to greet	
	n		greeting	

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Kirikę	PoS	SF	English gloss	
kèrènìá	n		to be in greeting terms	
	v		to plan with someone; to consult, also bìá	
kérénídín	v		to know how to greet	
kèrèkèrìgbítípú	n		firefly; night insect that light	
késí	a.		little, small	
késíkáláyè	n		very small thing; narrow or least chance	
késímà	adv		in small amount or quantity; shortly; briefly	
kệwệ	n		animal sp.	
kèwèkèwèmá	adv		clumsily, moving in a crouching manner	
kíarā	n		bird, kingfisher	
kìện	v		to count	
kięnbipī`	a.		under record; to be reckoned with	
nitubibi	n. n		account	
kìẹnbûsóká	a.		condemned, not reckoned with, worthless	
kiengbólómá			to add up; add together	
niçiigoolollia	v		addition	
kionmā	n V			
kìẹnmā	v		to be cautious; to gauge; to imagine	
L>	a.		thrifty; economical	
kìẹnmángá	n		economic living; economics	
	v		to live thriftily, thrift	
kiè`npakụma	v		to calculate; to account	
kìệnpệlệ	v		to counter balance; to deduct after calculation	
xígbó	n	f	bonga shad, Ethmalose fimbriata (also = dkíld)	
kìkì	n		demarcation, boundary border	
kíkí	a.		tight, firm	
kìkí	v		to stop or prevent	
	n		prevention; disturbance	
kíká	a.		resembling (<kalabari)< td=""></kalabari)<>	
kìkìa	a.		resembling, similar, identical also kìkìná	
kìkìchùà	v		to create impediment; to prevent	
kìkìchùa-élékímà	n		mark showing boundary; border; demarcation mark	
kìkìchùabŏ	n		hinderer; supplanter	
kìkìchùapírì	v		to taboo; to place under a general prohibition; ban	
kìkìmā	a.		hidden, concealed	
kìkìnā	a.		similar; alike; resembling	
 kìkìnà-kíkíná	a.		comparatively resembling; similar	
kìkìnà-kíkíná-	n		synonyms. insert under 142	
ókýeíngbólù				
kìkìyà	n		name of mermaid, supposed to dwell around Ogu area, its offspring are	
			Otofa and Aleleya	
kìlā	v		to track someone; to chase; to look for with secret caution	
kìlànùngú	n	f	eel	
kìlárì	n	1	coral beads	
kilè	n		majority of people	
kílómkílóm kílómkílómmà	a.		clumsy; awkward in movement	
kílómkílómmà Filóló	adv		clumsily	
kílóló	a.		dripping of liquid, water, oil, etc.	
1 -	adv			
kīn	a.		fairly dry; when material still contains moisture and damp	
	v		to tap "tombo" or palmwine; to wink one's eyes; squeeze out	
kìnbộ	n		tapper of palm wine or tombo; idiomatically a workman	
kìndá	V		to tie an underpad at the private part of one's groins, a style adopted by	

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Kirikę	PoS	SF	English gloss
			women especially when menstruating; to tie a towel around the waist
			and in between the thighs, clasping the frontal organs
kíndā	n		style of wrestling where one hooks his leg with the opponent's and lifts
			it with a forceful twist of the body and throws him down
kíngí	n		knife
kíng <u>ī</u>	v		to trade by barter; giving or exchanging an article for another article
			(see kéngī)
kìngóm	n		light pepper soup especially that prepared fresh fish (Ogu dialect)
kínī	v		to cut or butcher meat and fish
kíní	n		person (<kal.)< td=""></kal.)<>
kíní-nyánáÞó	n		(lit.) owner of person; the lord
kìnjìkó	n		big snake, dark grey in colour, also Ógídíkpó
kíónkíónmà	adv		looking very sharply and keenly into the eyes of another
kíónmíní	a.		small, narrow and longish (usually applied as abusive term to an ugly
			face: also fiòn
kípú	a.		tight and undersize as of dress; also physical misfit as a result of
			deformity e.g. short hand or leg as a result of accident or sickness
kírī	n		group, position or situation, or reason; earth
kìrí	a.		different
Kìrí		fm	family in Okrika
kírī	p.n.	1111	to cut or barb
•••	v	fo	
kírífų́lō	n	10	soup prepared without being boiled or cooked on fire, e.g. into a warm
			water put in roasted fish, pepper, salt and stir with finger or spoon
kìrìgídì	excl.		expression of joy usually uttered when an incident or happiness offers
T7\ \I \			itself
Kìrìkệ	p.n.		original and native name of Okrika (Okrika is the anglicised and
			adapted form). History: Oputibeya, the founder on meeting
			Opuogoloya, the founder of Ogoloma, discovered that they both spoke
			the same language. Thus Oputibeya averred spontaneously "Wa kirike
			meaning, we are not different; no difference
kíríkìrì	adv.		immediately; at once
kíríkīrī	adv.		respectively; orderly
kíríkírí	a.		fine, small close together as of meshes in a net
kìrìkírí	a.		varied, diversified
kíríkónyé	n		what remains; what more; remainder
kìrìmkírím	a.		crisp; hard but breakable
kìrìmbù	a.		blunt; having an obtuse thick round tip like nailless toe or finger
kírínwéngí-	n		chariot
óm úarù			
kíríǫkī	v		taking place; reigning; being staged
kíríōkī(þìa)bŏ	n		heir; a successor
kíríǫrī	n.v		menstruate
 Kíríǫwū	p.n.		special set of traditional masquerades owned individually and played
•	1		once a while. The are licensed to talk in a special mode; they check
			immorality, bad behaviour, and quarrels omens among women; they
			are regarded as cultural, sacred and secret
kírīpélé	a.v		are regarded as cultural, sacred and secret well measured: sharply cut: clean cut
kírīpélé kírínīrī	a.v v.n		well measured; sharply cut; clean cut
kírípīŗī	v.n		well measured; sharply cut; clean cut to humiliate; to reduce someone's respect etc.
			well measured; sharply cut; clean cut
kírípīŗī	v.n		well measured; sharply cut; clean cut to humiliate; to reduce someone's respect etc.

Kirike	PoS	SF	English gloss
kóþírì	v		to gather
kòþìrìá	v		to hold a meeting
-	n		gathering
kóþírìkó	n		turkey; also tòlótòló
kòþìrìmá	v.n		to congregate; to assemble
kòþìrìmàwàrí	n		synagogue
kóbò	n		Nigerian money
kòfòkòfòmá	adv		moving in emptiness; appearing grand superficially but of no substance
			physically and materially, like a braggart
kóínkóín	a.		well dried to a point of being crisp
Kókō	p.n.	fm	family in Ogoloma
kókō	V		to keep safely; to breed and bring up
kókó	adv		SO
kókōþárá	n		safely, how cared for
kòkòró	V		to avoid; to dodge
kókóyé	n		truth; really; also kókómáyé
kòkú	n		back of the human body; back of anything
kòlíkòlí(yé)	slang		expression used mostly by children to tickle someone to a liking of
			something which he may not have
kỳlý	excl.		expression to ascribe sympathy to someone who coughs especially
			hiccoughs
kólókólō	V		to collect; to gather in bits; to bring together from various points or
			pieces; to collect and carry
kòlòpìkólópí	a.		climbing and jumping in a clumsy manner like old or weak arboreal
			animals; irregular in movement; looking rickety
kómbí	a.		undersize; close fitting; smallish [Ogoloma dialect] also kparu
kómbō	V		to scorn; to mock
kòn	v.n		to decide or judge cases; to remain; fishing
kònchùá	V		to make a fish trap or weir
kộndộ	a.		left-handed
kònfíyé bán að	n		occupation; business
kóngò bángá	n		singing club in Bolo; a measure for the sale of distilled gin
kóngó kòngó	n		sword also ókólá-gìjì nach
kộngộ kángábío	n		neck
kóngóbíe	n		place where women defecate or disguise themselves freely for bathing or passing faeces (usually) at the mangrove watersides of Qdù`m-dapa
			and Anyangu-Bori
kòngòkùròmá	v.a.		stiff-necked; perversely obstinate
kộnnị	v.a. n		fishers; fishermen
kỳnìbỹ	n n		fisherman; business partner also árúþó
kònidè`\$rìká	ph.w		expression denoting goods or articles of special choice, kept or set
Rôniac Arina	P11. W		aside on reserve, as when the fisherman returns from his catch, he
			removes special fish from the lot, not to be sold, but to be used by the
			household; a trader keeps off article of his choice for himself; anything
			kept on reserve
kònìjú	p,n,		lit. (place for fishermen) name arbitrarily given to a section of the main
6 61 ⁻¹¹	Γ, ,		town of Ok town of Okrika
kònìmèngí	n		fishing season or period (usually falling within a fortnight)
kònjú	n		waist, hip, loins
kónjú	n		last born of any creature; the least of any species
kònjùkóró	v.n		period of immoderate excitement during sexual act; period of orgasm
kònjùkòròmàyé	n		semen; the impregnating fluid from the man; sperm

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Kirike	PoS	SF	English gloss
kònjúkùrō	a.		situation one is described as having bad luck, to have none born after
			him or her
kónkó	n	fg	any empty container, generally used in making traps to catch red crabs on land
kònmà	v		remain; to keep aside; to lay by
kònmàkónmá	a.		indefinite; not proper; half and half; in parts or fraction; lacking certainty
kònbélé	v		to judge; to make decision
kònkyé	n		remnant; what remains
kópú	a.		spring tide. kopurukuruku kopujiji, kopugbimgbim , etc.
kópù	n		container used for drinking or measure (< Eng. cup)
kòrí	v		to burn; to work on farm land
kórí	v		to seize; to snatch; to take by force
kòrìfìnì	n		burning fire; flame of fire
kòrìkòrí	id.		weakened as a result of tiredness; exertion or strain (<kal.) also<br="">kèmèkèmé</kal.)>
kòrìpákáþó	v		burn forth; idiomatically used as showing forth good examples or results as of one's character or labour
kóró	n		palm tree
kórō	V		to grate food material like nutmeg, cocoyam, cassava, etc.; with knife or grater
	V		scratch
kýrý	V		to move about carelessly and aimlessly; to spread information with bac motive (usually goes with the word ámá thus ámákóró)
kóró	V		to go down from a height like rain from the clouds, kill, ladder bed etc.; to prostrate
kóróchíe	V		to land as an explorer or navigator or sailor to settle on a new land; also to land from a height like plane or train
Kóróní Biri	p.n.		ward in Ogoloma
kórórō	V		to scrape roughly as of removing old coating of paint on walls or canoe, etc.
Kóróní-Ógónò	p.n.		name of an area in Okrika equated to a ward (biri)
kòròmā	n		thought; common sense, imagination, consideration
	a.		resembling
kòròmàḍíkì	v		to consider; to imagine or conjecture
kórū	v		to wait; to wait for
kòrí	a.v		smashed in pieces
kósímā	v		to smash into pieces; to crush
kótì	n		court (<eng.)< td=""></eng.)<>
kótì	n		coat (<eng.)< td=""></eng.)<>
kótó	n		pouch; container for snuff kộtộkộtộ
kótó	a.		falling in bits or droplets as of rain lessening
krìmkrím	id.		crisp
kù	n		cocoyam
kýa	excl.		expression of incomplete statement which stands for "what of?" John bè kụa ? What of John? Árị kụa ? What about her? Yé má kúa ? What of the things?
k;úaí	excl.		expression to describe the failure of release of bullet from a gun as the trigger is pressed interpretation of two forces jamming or two people unexpectedly
k';ak';kį́	a.		meeting themselves or agreeing opinions or ideas two things matching from all angles as of dress or style of fashion

Kirikę	PoS	SF	English gloss
kúaní	excl.		what of interrogative expression always
kýatìrì	n		case or key of gunpowder (ípòlíbù`\$rùmà)
kúayà	n		choir, choristers in a church pl. kúayàpù (< Eng. choir)
kùbā	v		to fold one's arms
kúþìe	n		heart; mind; conscience; thinking; opinion
kúþíechíechíe	n		anxiety
kúþíechíechíechie	a.n		anxious; desirous of quick results
kúþíechúa	v		to form an opinion or premeditate against someone
kúþíedèín	n		peace of mind
kúþíefúkā	n		heart-pain or chest-pain; annoyance
kúþíekúrómá	V		to make up one's mind in facing some project bravely to strengthen;
kúþíelàká	a.		encourage; comfort; console not serious; insincere
kúpielókólókó	a. a.n		freewill; doing good out of one's volition
kúþíelókómá			to discourage; dishearten
kúþíemàínmàín	V a		doubtful; double-minded; confused; fickle-minded
kúþíemgbólù	a. n		heart
kúþíemíelókómà kúþíosábúsbánás	v		to disappoint faithfulness
kúþíesébûgbánág bóin	n		Tatununess
bệịn kúþíeségbáná	0.12		truct: confidence: veern
kúþíesi	a.n		trust; confidence; yearn unhappiness
kúþíesiyètōn	n v n		malice; evil intention
kúþíetáíntáin	v.n a.v		to lose heart; being beset; afraid
kúbů	a.v n		bay; open water space near a coast
kùbû	n		front part of the human body; breast; chest; bosom
καψα	11		measure of cloth representing a fathom (usually measured by the
			spread of the two arms from fingertip to fingertip
kúbǔdókú	v		to race by pulling canoes
nusuuşnış	n		regatta
kúbŭsàmā	v		to escape one's memory; to forget
kúbǔtí	v		to display at the bay by masquerading or any other form of display on
			water
kúéín	a.		clear; careful; keen
kúéínmà	adv		carefully; closely; watching keenly
kùeìnkóró	a.		sickly; relapsing with illness; a short time well, a short time down
kùęrìkuè`\$rí	a.		emaciating in appearance; looking sickly and reduced; wearing away in
•			size
kùkò	n		scrotum
kùkòìmbí	n		testicles
kúkú	n		pitcher; water pot
kùkù	a.		much; too much; too less
kùkùkùmâ	adv		moving with fear as if struck with guilt of conscience; shivering
kùk'ùlū	a.		small, narrow as of mouth or any hole with spout e.g. kettle, baby's
kùkùrá	n	f	mouth, etc. threadfin? fish like 'ofo' but much sweeter; spade fish
kúkúráchú	n	1	flat hat made with special fronds, used by women in their fishing and
sysyi achu	11		marketing; straw hat
kùkùró	n		human skull
kùkùrùkúkúrú	a.		behaving miserly and secretly; unnecessarily shy
kùlàlá	n		slime, juicy substance

Kirike	PoS	SF	English gloss
kùlèkùlé	a.		ugly appearance of a child with spittle and phlegm dripping down the
			nostrils
kùlò	n		bow of a canoe
kùlòbò^	n		person who pulls from the bow of a boat; the leader of an enterprise
kùlọḍā	v		to lead; to be at the forefront
kùlò-òk';m	v		to be on one's own in business; to undertake an enterprise; to be
			independent
kúlúkúlú	n		ebb tide when well drained
kúlúkúlú-	n		ebb tide at its dry lowest stage when the bed of the river is exposed
kpáinkpáin			
kúlúmà	n		end; last; uttermost
kùmbù	n		native or locally made axe
kým	n		expression made with mouth shut denoting aspersion cast on someone
•			[onomatopoeic]; deriding unvoiced word
kùn	n		respect; honour or esteem
kìín	v		to catch; to arrest
kùnḥá	v		to oppress a subject lit., catch and kill;
kúnbā	v		to bend or tilt;
kýnbā	v		to cheat, swindle
kýnbā	a.		bent, not straight, deformed
kùnbàrá	a. n		under arrest; in custody; captivity
kùnbúlúmà	adv		crouchingly; in a retracting position; making oneself smaller
kùnbûpộkợ			discharged; acquitted
	a.		
kúngú Liðin ará ný	n		larva of the flea usually found in rats and children who sleep on floors
kùngúrù	n		head of yam seeding (buru-kunguru)
kýngýr Live á	V		to bite off in bits, e.g. fish, meat, bread, etc.
kùnó	n		root
L-À Â			end, stopping points, 160,000 in figure i.e. twenty 'poku'
kùnô Istéra á	V		to stop or end a practice kune (Ogu dialect)
kúnó	n		bow adorned with rattling seeds, generally used by priests to signal
			human presence in the bad bush and to exorcize evil spirits on arrival
			at the spirit forest
kùnòká	a.		continuous; perpetual, non-stop
kùnpệị	V		to prey on; to cheat
kùnpệìyé	n		prey
kýnū	a.		sweet smelling fragrant
kùnùnú	a.		empty; totally finished
kýọ	n		canopy built of ' ibila ' material in a canoe having only the ridge
			supporter (also = $\mathbf{\hat{m}b\hat{o}t\hat{o}}$)
kýrá	n		year
kùrā	a.		agreeable, accommodation
kúrā	v		to keep safely
kùrò	a.n		strong; hard; power; permission; commission
kùròádákā	n		pimples
kùròbárā	n		violence; force
kùròbásō	n		dark early morning hours of 4 a.m. 5 a.m.
 kùròbò\$	n		strong man physically or mentally
kùròchíé	v.a.		to stand firmly; steadfast; to be sure
kùròchíebělémà	n		steadfast love; unflinching love
kùròfénì	n		large powerful bird, capable of carrying little children away. Legend
			has it that in ancient Okrika when a kurofeni alights in the market
			square, the omen reports something to happen which would necessitate

Kirike	PoS	SF	English gloss
			consultation of the oracle, 'long juju' (igwe) at Arochuku. Rituals
			would then call for sacrificial ceremonies to appease the gods
kùròkírī	n		stronghold; good foundation
kùròkōn	V		to perform a noble or fierce act; to murder
kùròkúþíe	n		confidence
kùròkúró-	n		violence; forceful act; riotous act
ámíemíeyè			
kùrònìbŏ	n		mighty in battle; a murderer; a killer
kùròpìrì	V		to permit; to grant power
kùròtétémā	n		admonition
kùròtórū	n		false bravery; cheating by force
kùròyè	n		serious encounter; difficulty
kýrý	n		small basket with cover used mostly in preserving dried fish these days. In ancient Okrika when boxes were not known, kuru was the
			main container of cloths and clothing kúrú
	n		plant whose wood is used in producing canoe. It has red flowers
kùrùá	a.		agreeable; ready to compromise and consent to ideas of others
kúrúkíarā	a. n		bird sp.
kúrúkúrú	a.		black
kùrúkùrú	n. n	f	smallest type of horse mackerel
kùrùrú	v.a.	1	to mourn; to be grieved; sad; sorrowful
kùsā	v.a. v.n		sprain; a violent wrenching or straining of the part of the body around
xųsa	v.11		joints without dislocation
kúsàmgbā	n		small seedlings of cocoyam rhizome, which continues growing
kút <u>ì</u> ḥī`	n		propagated cocoyam head
KP,kp			
KP,kp			consonant, the seventeenth letter of the Okrika alphabet
kpáa	v		to keep something safely and orderly; to guarantee the security of som
Fam	·		property; to control
kpā	a.		used in describing anything of narrow flat shape like oblong head, chi
-Pu			of a ship etc. (tíbí-kpā)
kpáb ò #	n		salvager; one who takes good care of some property or person
kpàfù	n	с	sea – urchin, abounding around sand banks. It has thorny scales and is
		-	inedible
kpáikpaī	n	с	lobster of the crustacean family found in holes of chicoco (ígú), with
I I	-	-	hard skin
kpáin	a.		neat; orderly and tidy
kpáinmà	adv		neatly, tidily, carefully
- •			used as an expression demanding assurance of some doubtful idea or
			notion
kpákpā	v		to remove outer rusty coat of metal e.g. body of ship, corrugated iron
r r			sheet, enamel basin
kpákpásìsì	excl.		"Never to happen" God forbid ' fònbílóbě kà ' (Ogu dialect)
kpákárápù	adv		suddenly entering secretly e.g. swallowing automatically
kpákíkí	a.		very dry
kápkíkí-kírí	n.		parched land
kpákírí-kpákírí	a.		dry and crisp
kpàkó	n. n		orang-utan; anthropoid apes commonly found in the East Indies; large
L			o and a second s

Kirike	PoS	SF	English gloss
kpàkùmā	a.		concerning
kpálákpálà	v		to bother oneself for something of great need; running here and there
kpálámkpálám	a.		tiny; thin (usually applied to tall lean fellow)
, kpálíkpálí	a.		ebbed to the base as of tidal water
kpálílí	a.		reduced to the bottom of a container e.g. oil, stew, soup, etc.
kpàmbìrí	v.a.		take off bits from a whole e.g. food like fish meat, cake etc. (also = kúngūrū
kpángákpángá	n		light measuring pan-basin used as dry measure for rice, beans, etc.
kpángírī	v		to fry without water or oil dry frying, e.g. groundnut, garri, etc. (<kalabari) <b="" is="" okrika="">gbékénī (both used)</kalabari)>
kpângbùkùngbùk ù	n		owl [cf. ìkpìkìkpíkī]
u kpánjú	n	f	small shark and related cartilaginous fishes
kpánjų kpánjų	11	1	last born living thing, esp. mammal
	V		to explode automatically; burst with some crack or sound
kpápólō kpápù	V n		- · ·
kpápỳ knáný	n		pair of scissors or penknife
kpópú Imána	a.		narrow; close up
kpápų kratovi () (V		to take away something unnoticed; pilfering
kpápúátélí	n		narrow road; lane or pathway
kpárám	a.		narrow and slim
kpárán <u></u> ī	v	~	to rub or clear with broom, hand, or duster
kpàràkpàrà	n	f	the sardine bigger than the large sardine but smaller than the 'kigbo'
kpárápýmà	adv		winking the eye at an unpleasant object or situation thus kpárá púm tòmbò\$ sein that is, opening and closing one's eyes at someone in disdain or warding off
kpárú	a.		reducing and longish; dry and lean, affecting structure
kpátáinmà	adv		clasping tightly
kpátū	v		to cramp; to compress; to hold tightly from end to end
	a.		very dry; compressively reduced
kpéē	v		to separate two fighters in order to maintain peace
-			to prevent a suspected happening or trouble or omen
kpéchī	v		to put together (usually applied to making of fire in order to increase the rate of burning) also, to reconcile parties
kpèchìá	a.v		joined or put together getting two or three ends into one
kpékélé	a.		short cut; quicker method
kp ệk ệr <u>ē</u>	а. а.		appearing satisfied with peace of mind; balanced feeling íkú kpệkệr = flabby jaws as a result of good living flat
kpệkệrệmá	adv		sitting or posing complacently
kpékí	a.		near; within reach
kpèkìmā	а. а.		concerned with
kpékímà	u. V		to get near
kpélékī	v v.a.		mix; get mixed up; smear onto
kpèlú	v.a. V		to assemble in a place in large number; to be together in group
-			to collect little by little in order to save
kpélū knàlùknàlù	V		•
kpệlùkpệlù ku àn đàn đ	a.		clumsy, dangling, looking disgraceful
kpệndệpụ	a.		low and stunted
kpèngbè	v.a.		outer hard metal or paint peeling or breaking off
kpèrèkí	v		to kneel as for prayers
kpèrìá	a.		reduction or deformity caused by loss of flesh or bone e.g. when one teeth are off, the jaw dimples or falls in
kpésîn	v		to appease; to divert for safety
kpétē	v		to converse in a loose manner, having no definite objective; to gossip

Kirike	PoS	SF	English gloss
kpìlá	v		struggle relentlessly for something in order to achieve it
			to suffer in pains
kpím	n		tingle; some sensation in a person for some happening; a silent feeling
kpíngò	excl.		an expression to interpret "yes" for "no" that is promising without
			fulfilling [coined] an irony
kpínhâ	excl.		expression to spur a people or group: the author begins ' kpi ' the group responds ' iha '
kpìrìpùkpírípú	a.		looking uneasy started and apprehensive as a result of some spontaneous purge
kpírírìmà	adv		entering in with a push, forcefully and immediately
kpóō	v.n		group; assembly; union; mob; crowd; summersault
kpòó	a.		congealed; changed from a soft-state to a hard one as of liquid
- F	v		to roll into balls like fufu, to fold. also kpô as or kpóò
kpóó	n		sound of very high waves ($\mathbf{\hat{a}}\mathbf{k}\mathbf{\hat{u}}$) in the ocean when getting to splashing
кроо	11		point
kpói	adv		only, alone (also = kéngè ngérí)
kpój	auv a.		aged; pertaining to living long
kpóò (kpo^)	a. V		to tie, make a knot or fasten
kpópā	v V		to hang a person to death; to die by hanging
kpóchúà			to form momentum; to gather into a group; to come together in good
кроспџа	V		number or force
kpōfī`	v		to commit suicide; to hang oneself
kpóíkpóí	a.		toy, not sizeable as for a measure
			expression for oral tapping at someone's door; also for sound of
			gunshot
kpóín	n		drop of liquid
kpóínkpóín	a.		dry and hard
kpóínkpóínkírí	n		dry and hard tableland like Bolo town and some of the villages on the
1 1			mainland of Okrika
kpóínkpóínmà	adv		pouring in little drops
kpókélémà	v		to wrap round
kpókírī	v		to exploit; to get into details; to take or bite off in bits
kpòókóró	adv		then; started then; then again; persistently repeating
kpộkộró	a.		huge, stalwart
kpókórō	u. V		to frequent someone with attacks and insults; to be fond of someone
kpókórórómà	adv		dropping something with some cracking sound in a careless way
κρφκφιφιφιπα	auv		(echoic)
kpòkòròpúmà	adv		settled state of satisfaction or security; entering fully in e.g. sitting in a
			comfortable cosy chair; entering, completely into a house etc.
kpókókpókó	a.		loose and dangling life a knot
kpòkpó	a.		exhausted as of the human body
			applied in abusive terms to describe someone's forehead as flat and bare (with a change in the accent fúbárá kpókpó)
kpókpō	v		to dismantle any built up structure; to break down
kpókpónī	v V		lit, to chop off the outer material like coconut fibre; to carve
Lánháni	Ŧ		to discuss issues as in a symposium
kpókpónímā	v		to gather together; bringing together
kpòkpònìmà-	v V		to compile; to put together what is gathered
gbólómà	·		to compile, to put together what is guillered
kpòkpònìmàyè	n		something gathered together, some things kept or put together
kpòkpònìsòbùnò	n		thick clouds (also = $kp \delta s a s \delta \delta u n \delta$)
kpólī	v		to climb. To carve out rope from cane

Kirikę	PoS	SF	English gloss
kpòl <u>ī</u>	a.		emaciated
kpólísábátélì	n		bridge
kpòlòkìkpólókí	a.		as of an awkward movement of an old man; descriptive of a clumsy
			gait adv. kpòlòkpólókímà
kpòlìakà-kpólíaká	a.		not level; uneven and irregular, as of land; rough and wavy
kpómā	v		to set confusion and disagreement between two people or among
			groups: the performer of such act is known as íkpéínbě (a traitor)
kpómà	adv		sorely; greatly
kpộmàkpómá	a.		doubtful; controversial; contrary; disputatious etc.
kpộmbī`	v		to tie a fathom of cloth sideways
kpýmbī	V		to pinch off
kpòmbíkpòmbī`	a.		being in separate bits; scattered in bits or pieces, like unkempt hair
kpòmbílī	a.		thin, reduced in size; lean; wasting away in flesh. (Ogu dialect)
kpòmbìlō	а. а.		upward pointed growth like a hillock (usually attributed to shape of
ĸbómoùó	а.		head)
kpómkèm	adv		in actual fact, really (<igbo) (also="jųkųma)</td"></igbo)>
kpóm(u)			heaped in convex shape like a hunch-back
kpóngólómà	a. adv		left in solitude; alone like a widow or a marooned sailor
			to sit down
kpộnjísìmē kpānìndàltí	V		
kpōpìndàkí ku (m=	a.		slimily congealed
kpópū	V		to hold up something in the mouth
kpòpùmà	adv		in a situation when the access of air is prevented from flowing out; suffocating
kpóríkpórí	a.		bare like the bald of somebody's head; empty having nothing remaining
kpórókpóró	n		a rolling chair with wheels; a carriage
	adv.		all at once (kpórókpórò)
kpórónī	v		to clear or rake together
, kpòrònìá	v		to swerve; deviate suddenly
kpórónísín	v		to clear or rake off totally
kpórórō	v		to drag with fishing material in the water e.g. using ibukuru or ongord
kpóróró	a.		finished, empty
kpōsàsóbǔnò	n		thick clouds
kpōsàkánákánà	n		deep darkness
kpótệìn	v		to somersault
kpótī	v		to deride a person; make a ridicule of someone; jesting; to rally; to
knótā	V		banter to repeat a course or action; to do a thing over again
kpótō kpàtā	V		
kpòtō	v		to buy in large quantity; wholesale buying e.g. yams from a barn or
l 64=			goods from a factory
kpótō La śtó ślaś	v		to disguise or strip off oneself; to overhaul for servicing
kpótó-ókí	v		to restore; to bring back into use; position, etc.
kpộtộr <u></u> ặ	a.		spoilt by being filthily kept; wetted; dregs settling in congealed condition
kpộtộní	a.		reduced or disfigured deformed from original features
kpộtộnịsàrā	a.		totally disfigured; completely shattered as of a broken vehicle
kpúa	excl.		interpretation of the explosive noise or sound of the oil bean and the like
kpúamà	adv		careless placing of something; keeping or placing something anyhow without bothering where it is kept
knúfú	0		č
kpýfý Imáfilináfi	a.		impish; looking dwarfish
kpýfùkpýfù	a.		behaving with assertion; puffed up

Kirikę	PoS	SF	English gloss
kpùkúkpùkú	n		rhyme used in a game among girls to determine their future husbands
kpúkpúrà	n		sloping down descending
	adv.		to move here and there struggling to search for something
kpùkúlū	a.		
kpúlú	a.		short
			brief as of statement
kpùlùkùkpúlúkú	a.		undated ground; irregular piece of land; not level
kpúlúmà	adv		briefly as when making a speech
	v		to shorten
kpungburu	a.		hale and vigilant; on the alert
kpúrúkpúrú	a.		healthy and strong agile; quite alive
kpúrúrù	n hernia, an occasional rumbling of the testicles moving up to the groin		
kpúsù	n. kick		
kpúsùkpúsù(ma)	adv		struggling and kicking one's legs at random like someone suffering from fainting-fit or convulsion
kpùtùkpùtú	a.n		description of boiling point of stuffy soup on fire (echoic) adv.
			kpútúkpútúmà
kpútúu	a.		looking dark, shabby and serious as if appearing in an oversized attire
-			heavy and fierce looking
kpùumá	a.		moping, looking sheepish
kpùwáì	excl.		abusive or cursing expression usually pronounced on someone who
			wrongs another when he encounters misfortune. He says, ' kpu ' wai' meaning 'it serves you right' or 'you deserve it' (see gua)

L,l

L,l		consonant, the eighteenth letter of the Okrika alphabet
làá	v	to be enough
láā	V	to visit; to reach
láþípí	n	what it costs; cost price; value; price; worth
láþárá-láþárá	adv	any how in a careless manner; at all events
láb ò#láb ò#	pron	whoever; anybody; everybody etc.
lágá	n	needle
làká	v.a.	not enough
lálākā	a.	hopeless; unworthy
làlàmá	V	affect, due
làlàmàyé	n	entitlement; share due someone
lámā	V	touch; taste
láókú-láókū	id.	at all costs; whatever it may fetch; however it is
làsìkìlásíkí	id.	whenever due; for ever and ever
láyé	n	cost or value. (also = láþípí)
láyéláyé	pron	anything
lékèlékè	n f	small fish like a big needle used by children in playing
lékírì	V	to know, to have an idea of
lèkìrìá	v.n	to agree to be lovers, love making
lèkìrìabŏ	n	lover
lékíríb ò \$	V	to make out; to identify
lékírísímà	V	to be denied of correct identify, to doubt somebody's identity
lèlá	n	open swamp having no mangrove forest on; parlour
lòláþíe	n	sitting room; drawing room; parlour; open space for assembling
lèlē	a.	plain; open; exposed; comprehensible

Kirike	PoS	SF	English gloss
lèlèmá	adv		plainly
lèélèémà	adv crying openly without shame but with full regret (usually suffixed		crying openly without shame but with full regret (usually suffixed
			owu)
lèmọ̀	n		anchor; means to control the steadiness of a boat; also used in securing
			a fishing line
lété	a.		bare; open; appearing miserably exposed
létrìkì-òfòngò	n		electric fan
létrìkì-tọ̀ngìé	n		electric light
lį́bō	V		to eat heavily
lìgìlà	a.		jealous (Ogoloma dialect)
lìkà	n		religious clay ascribed to a group of churches
lţlī	v		struggle; suffer; to fight hard for existence; to struggle in bringing up as for a motherless child
lípū	v		to pass out faeces in good quantity
lípú	a.		plenty, full (also = $b\dot{e}in$)
lóō	v		to hire for labour; to make presents to a wife in order to please her or to
			appease her for wrong done to her
lókō	a.		very soft
lòkòlókó	a.		flexible; soft
			progressive, prosperous
lókólókó	a.		free minded; light hearted; prepared to co-operate and accept
			suggestion; kindly disposed (usually prefixed with 'kúþíe')
lókómà	v		to soften; to reduce the force
lòkú	n		jaw
lòkú-mgbálú	n		jawful, that is, taking in by measure of one's jaw
lòliā	n v		star
lólō			to prosper; improve; of a wife or child, to prove obstinate, not easily controlled
lólói	n		coined name for encased fufu, akpakuru , being wrapped in polythene bags and hawked
lòlō	a.		over-lapping and dangling adv. lòlòmá
· · lólómā	V		to treat with love and admiration
lómìní	n		lime
lùbù	n		arrow; sheath for sword
lýgý	n		special high seat for unseen ancestral parent placed in the shrine; also
•0•			statue or monument
lýkpèlýkpè	a.		looking miserable and dejected; objectionable in appearance adv.
			lýkpèlý-kpèmà
M,m			
M,m			consonant, the nineteenth letter of the Okrika alphabet
m	excl.		expression of acceptance; yes
máà(mâ)	pron		these, those; also, "this" referring to this woman
mà	aff.		(prefix, suffix,epithet) in varied uses 'ma' denotes these or those e.g.,
			wari ma = the houses; matite = wait yet; ma yema = these things etc.
màín	num.		two in counting, also imain
màmà	num.		two; also ma
máan	a.		feeling dizzy to a point of swooning
mànàmàmánámá	a.		sparkling and glistening with intermittent glow; diminishing as one
			looks on

Kirikę	PoS	SF	English gloss	
mángá	a.		squint eyed	
màngā	a.		double-sided; two ways of the happenings or things	
màngí	v		to run	
màngìmā	v		to respect with honour	
màngìnàkóróná	n		unsteadiness; preoccupation; attention given to moving here and there	
màpùàwómè	n		twins (also = ngoziawo <igbo)< td=""></igbo)<>	
másisi	n		matches (<eng.)< td=""></eng.)<>	
màtórựchựapù	n		hypocrites	
mþájí	n		beads in form of plate-rings worn around the waist by women	
ḿbásí	n		mischief making	
m bí	n		coconut; kernel	
mbìré	n		brother; my brother	
ìmbòrìḿbórí	a.		smooth and glossy as of clean skin	
mbò	n		human force engendered by the presence of great number of people;	
moo	11		also ìmbò	
ìmbòtò	n		canopy in a canoe built of íbílá , running from one side to the other side	
moore	11		of the canoe	
mbùrá	n		sister; my sister	
mbúrúmbúrù			to moan; making inarticulate sound as if from physical suffering	
mburukánákáná	v		threatening heavy storm with dark cloud; anciently conceived of as	
	n			
mèkè	n	f	surrounding the deity of thunder	
• •	n	I	larger horse mackerel, <i>Trachurus</i> sp. (òkùé) stealthy; secretly slow	
mệmệ mệmệệ	a.		tepid or lukewarm as of water	
mémémà	a. adv		moving softly or stealthily	
mèmbèré			swelling to a bursting point, making the skin smooth and light	
ménépúmà	a. adv		entering or sneaking in a manner unnoticed by anyone; hiding away	
mèngí	n		water	
méngí	n		carved stick-pins used in chaining up two or three ' ichila '	
linengi	11		(mudskippers)	
mèngìbèrèbò	n	f	seahorse, <i>Hippocampus spp</i> .	
mèngìbǔkó	n	f	duck bill eagle ray	
méngí-ngó	n	1	eckoning of ten méngí sticks, (also called þàlà or ákpárà), twenty	
			' ngo ' that is groups of ten make one oto	
mèngìþìrìbésìn	n		wash basin (water $+ <$ Eng.)	
mèngìbǎró	a.		usually used on putrefied fish caused by long stay without being cured	
			after the catch until a change of tide	
mèngìþùgìlásì	n		drinking glass, tumbler (also = mèngìþùyé)	
mèngìdérìpákábó	n		spring	
nyó			~ro	
mènìmèní	a.		sweet, sugary	
mèpú	а. а.		depressed appearance of lips; light lips (þípí mèpú)	
mèsí	n. n		forty in counting	
mgbà	n		all	
0	a.		phlegm from the nose	
ńgbá	n n		wrestling	
mgbá mgbá fộ			-	
	n		guava fruit	
mgbàfún	v		to blow out phlegm from the nostril	
mgbàmgbá	n		riddle (also = ègbèrìfíeyá)	
mgbálú	n.ad		jaw measure of food (usually prefixed with 'loku' thus 'lòkú-mgbálú)	

Kirike	PoS	SF	English gloss
	V		
mgbe			(see imgbe)
mgbélé	n		club for stoning or throwing as weapon for fighting
ńgbó	a.		big, sizeable e.g., mgbọ inji
ḿgbō	n		millipede
mgbóómà	adv		rarely, scarcely
mî	dem.		this
miángà	adv		here; this place or this way
mìé	v		do; perform; make
miì`@þákà	n		thanks; "thank you"
miệ`@bàrà	n		how done; solution; method applied
miệ`@běinmà	v.n		fulfil; fulfilment; replenish
miệ`@chíẹmà	v		to establish; (also = miệ`@-pákúmà)
miệ`@déinmà	v		placate; to make peace
mię`@děµinu mię`@děkí	a.		zealous; eager
miệ`@dụ̂bámà	u. V		to enrich; to make big; to enlarge
miệ`@fámà	v V		to accomplish; to conclude; settle; finish
miệ`@fĩafĩamà	v V		to refine; cleanse; purity; sanctify; anoint
miệ`@fĩafĩamábỳ	n		purifier
\$			pullion
↓ miệ`@fófómà	v		to create space or accommodation; to effect freedom of chance
miệ`@gbệìn	v		worth doing; be responsible for
miệ`@gbệịnyè	n		thing worth doing
miệ`@gbộihyc miệ`@gbòlòmà			communion; common dealing with someone
miệ`@íþímábộ\$	n.v		benefactor
miệ`@íþímáyè	n		propitiation
miệ`@ídérímà	n v		to reduce; degrade; disappoint
miệ`@írímà	n		mistake; error
miệ`@íwómà	v to elevate; accelerate; to raise higher		
miệ`@íwómà	v to renew; to purge		-
miệ`@íwómábò\$	· ·		a refiner; a renewer
miệ`@kámiệ`@kà	a.		bounden; willy-nilly; urgent; necessary; pressing
miệ`@kámiệ`@ká			to compel; to force; to drive to action
bàràmiệ`@	•		to comper, to force, to unive to uction
miệ`@kámiệ`@ká	adv		urgently; necessarily; compulsorily; etc.
bàràbù`\$	uuv		argenay, necessarily, comparisonily, etc.
miệ`@kámiệ`@ká	n		compulsion; necessity; urgency
bù`\$			compulsion, necessity, argeney
miệ`@kámiệ`@ká	n		urgency; necessity; compulsion
bàrà			
miè`@kánákánám	v		to blindfold; to deceive; darken
à			
- miệ`@kúrámà	v		to put things in order; to behave in an agreeable manner; to rectify
miệ`@kựrómà	v		to strengthen; to maintain; support; confirm
·····	'n		grace
miệ`@kpựlựmà	v		to be brief; to summarise
miệ`@lókómà	v		to weaken; to disappoint
miệ`@miệ`@yà	n		habit; behaviour
miệ`@miệ`@yèbà	n		precepts
ràòlòkò			r ····r ~
miệ`@nángựợmà	v		to prolong; to extend or lengthen

Kirikę	PoS	SF	English gloss	
miệ`@òkù	n		how or what to do; knowledge of; method	
miệ`@òkúmiệ`@ó	adv		however; in any case; Syn miệ`@bàrámiè`@bárá	
kų				
miệ`@òkùnèmì	a.		knowledgeable; comprehending	
miệ`@pábụ̂mà	v		lit. to make bare; to impoverish; to reduce to nothingness	
miệ`@pákựmà	v		to establish; to make known; to launch (also = miechiema	
miệ`@pérémà	v		to enrich someone; to cause one to be wealthy (also = álásómá	
miệ`@sábámà	v		to overdo; to perform in excess	
miệ`@sè	adv		so that; grant that; let (also = yéè	
miệ`@símà	adv		to disgrace; to spoil	
mìệsìyé	n		commitment	
mìèsiyéófórí	n.a.		innocence	
miệ`@só-ókúmà	adv		in order that; so that; to the extent that	
miệ`@súmà	V		to multiply; to increase; to swell	
miésúngúmà	V		to continue doing; lengthen	
miè`@tékérémà	v		to make right; to straighten; to correct	
miệ`@tệlímà	v		to repair; to make better; to refine	
miệ`@télímà	V		to induce; to influence	
mìẹtíyé	n,a.		easy; simple; easy matter; joking matter; very easy	
miệ`@tókórómà	v		to disfigure; to cause something to change from its good form to bad	
			form; to falsify; to spoil	
miệ`@yé	n		cause; happening	
miệ`@yéḥárásò	n.a.		prosperous; progress; prosperity; successful	
miệ`@yénémíkà	n		ignorance; stupidity	
míjù	adv		here; this side or way	
míkìrìkìrì	adv		ust now; immediately	
mílìkì	n		milk (also = ndóméngí)	
mímgbà	n		today	
mímó	n		wooden frame of įbùkuru	
mín	pron		this; also used adv. when it stands for "so" "then" e.g. 'min a bo ye-e'	
/ _			i.e.; "then I came"	
mínā	a.		our	
mìnà	n		relation	
			whose	
mìnàbộ mìnàbậ	n		relative oneself	
mìnàbû mìnàiúábà¢	n		fellow person; neighbour	
mìnàjúób ò\$ mínámínáká	n		that much; all the quantity of	
minaminaka minàpự	a. n		relatives	
mínapụ mínè	pron		we; us	
mìnì	n		flesh	
mìní	v		to swallow; to reach a required gauge	
mínímíní	a.		tiny, thin	
mìnìmìnìmâ	adv		secretly; not wishing to be exposed; whispering, as of speech	
mínyò	n		this place; here; also mío (short form)	
míókù	adv		now; this moment	
míomío	a.		pointed and sharp like pin; needle, penknife	
mísìkì	n.		these days; nowadays	
móo	a.		as of eyes looking morose and steady	
móinmóin	n		baked or caked beans (<yor.)< th=""></yor.)<>	
mònímòní	a.		smooth	
nónō	v		to sleep; to have sexual intercourse with	

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Kirike	PoS	SF	English gloss
mộnộ	n	f	mackerel
mónóbŭrú	n	f	very small fish, of the type of ekemba (smallest size of songu) used as
			food for most big fishes such as horse mackerel (okue), shiny nose
			(nda), etc. also called inji-bùru; seafood
mónómángì	n		bear; fond of sleeping
móngí	n	f	fish full of bones in its flesh. It has silvery scales whose flesh appears soft but when cooked becomes hard, (lady-fish)
mónóyé	n		bed; sleeping material
mótó	n		car, vehicle (<eng. <i="">motor)</eng.>
mépatáká 🛛	n		dried tapioca prepared from cassava
m̀pò	n		also mpo fruit found at the fringe of mangrove forests, mostly eaten by
•			monkeys
mpótó	n		plantain stem
múm(mu)	v		to go, to move
múkù	n		idiot
mùkùmùkùmà	adv		muttering; talking in low tone to oneself
mùkùrùmúkúrú	auv a.		very secret and miserly in behaviour
mýmbۆ	n. n		thwart, sitting bench in a canoe or boat
mùmbý mùmbý	n		mortar
múngú	a.		waste from grief esp. in the eyes; change esp. in the eyes and of tide
múnýmýnýmà	a. adv		looking with eyes slightly open
músū	auv a.		getting putrefied e.g. fish, stale food, meat, etc.
N,n			
N,n			consonant, the twentieth letter of the Okrika alphabet
nà	conj.		and, plus, that
nàa	V		to hear
náịn(mú)	adv		throwing oneself and falling unconsciously as in coma, falling as a result of fainting
nấmấ	n		mammal, animal; meat of any animal
	V		to build (house or anything)
nấmấbělékì	n		fat, lard
nấmấb ûl ợ	n		stomach of animal
nấmấbûlýìkà	n		intestines of the stomach of animals
nấmấb ûl óyè	n		contents of the stomach of animals
nấmấchíẹmà	V		to build up some structure to increase or develop one's faith spiritually or morally
nấmấfịán	n		faeces of animals; animal dung
namanan nấmấkórómányộ	n n		-
námákoromanyo nấmấóiú	n n		200 animal skin nómóójúànùrà
namaoiu	n		animal skin námáójúàpùrà bide of animal skinned
námodiahíwi	n		hide of animal skinned lit had god: a gurged person for avil or had behaviour; had to the point
námasíobìrì	n		lit. bad god; a cursed person for evil or bad behaviour; bad to the point of resembling a bad dog
nàmbúlō	n		COW
nàmbúlóbûlóàgbà	n		lit. the whitish side of the cow's stomach, the dark cloud with silver
gbà			lining indicating break of day; very early morning within the hours of
nàngá	V		4-5 a.m. to trample, tread; march;
0	v	fa	
nàngà	n	fg	method of fishing with 'ikata' where at flowing tide, it is placed

Kirikę PoS SF **English gloss** sideways on a slightly trampled soil and secured with a line of stick pinned over it from side to side; fishes esp. mudskipper and silkfish rush in for the catch nángánángá distant; far off; high up a. nàngàbá to trample to death; to smite; idiomatically, to cheat v nàngàbùò`\$ step; stampede n sting of fish or insect nàngì n f shell fish in marble nángúlò n nángúó tall or long a. nángbóomà adv moping speechlessly; standing and looking agape like a sheep town in OTELGA Nchía p.n. ndà f shiny nose or thread fin. n elision like nde, whose preceding vowel "i" is dropped; it is often used as prefix to form compound wards with other stems in the interrogative mood e.g. ndapų (how many people)? ndàvê? int. how many things? how much money? ndàìgbíkì? int. ndè bò? int. who? which person? ndè jú? where? which place? int. ndè síkí? when? which time? int. ndéndè how? how do you do? how is it? (greeting expressions among familiar int. people Ndèlè town in KELGA of Rivers State p.n. ndókúmá(ká) infant still sucking from the mother's breast (see indokumaka) a. town in BALGA of Rivers State Némbé n fishing weir usually set at the side of mangrove bush, done by single nèmbè fg n hand nèmí wisdom, cleverness; insight n némí to know; to have some idea of v némíkásè prep. if, whether nèmì-órû experience n némímàírúokón propaganda n námímàmīè adv deliberately. internationally v nèngí older, superior, senior to a. prevail, overcome nèngìmà v n\$gá excl. exclamation declaring an agreed expression generally used by children in begging by force, if a child has some snacks in hand and another child pronounces 'nga' earlier, he the holder of the snacks, is bound to share it with him. But if he who has it forestalls the other to shout 'nga' he retains all of it also, ingá ngàdá chair; seat n ngàjí spoon n ngàngà gay and flashy looking, most of the time (<Igbo) n ngàngàkpā being fond of showing off; v proud and flashy appearance a. ngèí one (see **ìngei**) in counting n ngéléngé mi xylophone n Ngémè Bìrì quarter or ward in Okrika p.n. Ngeri family in Okrika, living in Anyungu-biri fm p.n. ngérí alone; single a. ngéríbûnyáná liberty, freedom, independence

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Kirikę	PoS	SF	English gloss
ngérífí	a.		selfish, greedy
ngérípákábŏ	n		only born
ngérítíþínyáná	a.		independence, not subject to another; free autonomous; self-governing
ńgià	n		metaphor for force, difficulty etc. usually applied in figure of speech
ńgìatòrú	n		figurative expression meaning bold attempt or bold face
ngìrí	V		to be aggrieved; unhappy
ngíríngīrī	a.		suffering
ngìsí	adv		not at all
ngìsì	adv		since, all the time
'ngō	n	с	smallest ákángá crab
ngó	n		wealth; property
ngọ́fíyé	n		benefit derived from the wealth of the dead; all relatives of the dead
			person (females), contribute freely towards this traditional fund which
			the major family (omuaru) and the immediate family (furo) share in
			the ratio of 2.1.
ngókón	V		to acquire wealth
ngókónbŏ	n		rich man; wealthy man
ngókókówání	n		storehouse
ngólī	v		to remove congealed liquid like oil or pomade with the finger
ngòrí	V		to snore
, ,			to groan; to talk in a muttering manner
ngówarí	n		store or shop
ngózí	n		term given to twins (<igbo) <b="" is="" okrika="">màpùàwó</igbo)>
ngù	n		frog
ngú	n		clay pot or pitcher used as pot drum for music production
ngựa	excl.		term used to order a start for a journey or departure or speech making
ngúengúe	n		flower
nìnbìrèòwú	n		brother of his or hers, also nùnbìrèòwú
nímé níméchú	n		song; abuse
níméwórí	V		to sing to taunt; to abuse
nìnà	v		urine
nìnàkpá	n n		
níně	n		kidney; organ that excretes urine eight in counting
nínī	num.		nose
(nìiní)	n V		to commit murder secretly; to waylay and kill
níníápángà	v n		the openings of the nostrils of the nose; nostrils
nínífūn	N V		to blow the nose in order to remove phlegm
njálí	'n		wire string
njálī-';abo^^	n		harp; string instrument. (also = díkí-óbó)
njé	n		craw-craw (syphilis) appearing around the affected area of the body-
y -			the penis, vagina and ankles
njī	n	f	fish (generic)
njùnjú	n		yellow dye made out of yellowish wood pulp
nkúabà	n		pineapple, (<igbo) bekeni-nguò`\$<="" is="" okrika="" th=""></igbo)>
nnèrè	n		banana fruit
nòm(ų́)	n		madness,
• ` ` • /	a.		lunatic
nóndó	n		mangrove forest nearest to the habitable area; usually a water-free area
nóndó-ámápù	n		legend has it that there is a place along the lower part of River Niger,
			where human beings that have tails, like monkeys, abound, these
			beings of this place bear short tails and live exclusively

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Kirikę	PoS	SF	English gloss
nòngự	n	f	catfish
nýnjý	v		to suck
Nýnjú	p.n.	fm	family in Okrika abb. from Nonjuwariboko, living in Adedeme-Biri
nónjú-ámá	n		special burial place located in the mangrove forest, where people who
			die with bodily complaints such as sores, leprosy, dropsy, madness,
			blindness, pregnancy, hunchback, cancer, childbirth, drowning,
			hydrocele, suicide, etc. are buried, it is also called opuama
ntórù	n		large white sea-bird, like the okola
nùkùnùkú	a.		feeling uncomfortable as a result of some physical pressure, being sick
			and cannot move freely
nùkùnúkú	a.		feeling uncomfortable as a result of surrounding e.g. stuffy room, bad
			seat, stench, bored otherwise etc.
nùmbìrè-òwú	n		brother of his or hers
nùnbùràá	n		sister of his or hers, also, numburaro
nýmbýrý	n		huge, elegant, well beautified masquerade,
, ,			handsome stalwart
nýngó	n		compound
nýngóběkě	n		gate of a compound
nùngù	n		side glance;
	V		looking askance at
nùnù	n		screw-pine, the pandanus plant to draw
nýný nỳnỳá	V		to argue or drag issues
пџпџа	v		to argue of drag issues
NW, nw			
NW, nw			consonant, the twenty first letter of the Okrika alphabet
nwá	n		duiker
nwànànwàná	a.		smart and agile
nwánánìnwánánì	a.		glittering shinning, dazzling
nwáín-kóró	n small pot for quick preparation of food		
nwáin	excl.		frying noise of cooking as when onion is poured on to hot oil
			(onomatopoeic)
nwáinmà	adv		sounding like frying
nwénénwéné	a.		smallish in appearance
			light rain
nwéngí	v		to move; walk; journey
nwéngíbárá	n		style of walking; gait; movement
nwéngíbûó	n		step, footstep, planned movement; plan
nwéngírímà	n		transgression; going astray
nwènì	n		people
nwéníi	adv		until
	prep.		till
nwènìḥàḥàyé	n		poison; deadly thing
nwènìnàkùràkà	a.n		variance; at variance with people; disagreeable
nwènímgbà	n		all; all people; everybody
nwō	prep.		as, such, when
nwòàpù	n		such people
nwòàpù	n		such things
nwộchī`n	V		called; thought
nwòfá	adv		if, whether

Kirike	PoS	SF	English gloss
nwòín(nwònyí)	V		to clean by scrubbing off with knife as of roasted cocoyam, yam,
			plantain, etc.
ıwóngírī	V		to mix; to turn up and down; to manipulate
Ny, ny			
Ny, ny			consonant, the twenty-second letter of the Okrika alphabet
nyàná	V		to own, have appropriate
Nyànàb ò \$	n		Lord
nyánáb ộ	n		owner; master
ıyànàḥákámà	a.		wealthy
ıyànàbè\$rènìká	a.		to be rebellious; seditious
nyànákábò^	pron.		attributive expression pointing to oneself or another in enlisting sympathy for some happening; another expression meaning "poor me or "poor you"
nyàpìnyàpìmâ	adv		making queer sturdy movement that suggests fun; disorderly brisk movement
nyàsùmā	adv		appearing with protruding stomach, and stout bodied; looking stupefied
nyányànyá	a.		rascally; unsteady in behaviour
ıyèngényèngé	a.		hanging in a fanciful manner like flowers and leaves in a foliage; also
-7			like plumes hanging decoratively on a masquerade
ıyèngì	n		placenta
ıyèngìbò\$	n		mother
yódíkí	V		to inspect a place
ıyódíkíbۆ	n		inspector; health officer or sanitary inspector
nyódíkídíkí	V		to rule a place; to reign over a people
nyófíemá	v		to make a noise to create commotion or disturbance
ıyófín	v		to sweep a place
ıyófínyé	n		sweeping material; broom
ıyófóín	v		to snatch a chance
nyóín	adv		extinguished like fire; also breath, putting a stop to anything with life
			ending suddenly; quenching. (also = $\mathbf{b}\mathbf{i}\mathbf{n}$)
nyóísín	v		to weed a place
ıyókán	v		to scatter a group to cause a breakdown or disorderliness
nyókórú	v V		to keep watch
ıyókórúbŏ	n		security man
nyộmú	v		to go fishing; to go in search of one's daily bread; being on a business
	¥		trip
nyón	n		place; fishing or business trip
nyộngộ	V		moving with a jerky behaviour; a gait with a slight flinging and wavin
v i 0i	-		of arms, neck and body
ıyòngónyòngó	a.		fancifully hanging
ıyòngòrò	n. n		mother belonging to him or her; his or her mother
ıyónī	a.		reduced in size
nyótān	v. V		clearing some gathered refuse of a place
ıy ótélímá	v		keeping a place in order; clean up somewhere
nyộtộn	v		to survey or plan a place
	•		to but to j of pluit a place

Kirikę	PoS	SF	English gloss
0,0			
O,0			vowel, the twenty-third letter of the Okrika alphabet
ò	pron.		he
ó	pron.		you (pl.)
òbó	n		sickness
òbí	n		yaws, framboesia
óbē	n		yam-beetle, usually found in farms
òbé	n		native or local pear, usually, roasted or steamed and eaten with maize, also ùbé (Igbo)
òbèlè	n		longish calabash used for palm wine
óbíanà	n		deity belonging to the people of Ogbogbo
) bìdò\$kí	a.		sickly; fond of being unwell
b) b) ká	a.		healthy; whole (also = $\acute{O}j\acute{u}k\acute{a}r\acute{a}$ -gbásí)
) bìkóló	n		nickname given to one fond of being sick
òbìóbìó	excl.		exclamation made during the hide and seek game, warning the partakers of the start
óþìléngò	n		sea-gull
òbìrì	n		dog
òbìrìkùkó	n		bush fruit resembling the testicles of the dog, red in colour
òbìrìnángúlò	p.n.	ms	satellite masquerade played with ' èbè '
óbō-ágà	n n	f	catfish with a long flat head
óþóìn	n	1	wild bush pig
óþóìn	n.	f	small shiny nose (nda)
)) bòkà	n. n	1	den or meeting place of detractors; generally where they plan evil; a
UUUKA	11		meeting place, more often used in a bad sense
óþókù	n		cold
υψοκα	n		dull in action
óþókú	a.	f	large catfish
óþókújirà	n n	1	some sensory experience occupying or confronting someone;
υνοκαιμια	n		overwhelmed with fear; aura of fear
á hál-sitilitudh tadasá	ah m		
óþókúìjìràbŭsàrá	ph.w		being overwhelmed with fear as a result of sudden sensation e.g.
< L < L-1. L < 422			coming across a ghost etc.
óþókùþípífà	a.		lukewarm; tepid; not cold not hot
òbòló (1, (1, (p.n.		Obolo people
óþóló	n		large mangrove bird (also = bùnàmbúlò)
òbólò	V		to stick to like paint or gum
òþólò			to embrace or clasp fully
óþórí	n		goat
óbóríbě	n		fool
óbóríchín	n.v		deceive, deceit
óbóríchíemá	V		to deceive someone to misdirect someone
óbù#	a.		sharp
óbǔmā	V		sharpen (also = $\mathbf{f}\mathbf{a}\mathbf{r}\mathbf{i}$)
òbùtò	n		mist; fog
óchó	V		to collect money; tax, etc.
óchóayé	n		tribute; things collected and paid; contribution
òchòín	n		material scraped from the rind of mangrove root to be used in checking
óchú	n		leaks in canoes water fence (chuā) where the two arms spread out by a passage from
			the main circular body (<ataba dialect)<="" td=""></ataba>
òchù	n		roof of a house

Kirikę	PoS	SF	English gloss
ódélà(édélà)	n		vegetable concoction used to beautify the skin; mostly used by women
			when undergoing Iria ceremony; a sort of make-up
Òdì	p.n.		town in YELGA of Rivers State
òdó	n		yellow colour
			compound or yard or premises
ó ḍ ó	V		to purl or knit; to weave
Òdopiri	p.n.		deity of wealth which Atorudibo worshipped and became priest of
òdòdó	n		larva of moth and other insects usually found in corncobs
ódŭ	n		ivory husk; horn; native bugle
ódúmbí	n	_	button
Ódúm	p.n.	fm	family in Okrika living in Amanongo Biri
òdúm(u)	n		lion (<igbo) (cf.="" <b="" okrika="">chírìḥà-nàmá)</igbo)>
ódúmdùm	n		special plant or shrub with deep green leaves used in demarcating land boundaries; also used by diviners in their juju practice (<i>Newboldia</i>
			laevis)
òfìógìrì	n		confusionist; double dealer; one who acts differently from his promises by word of mouth
ófìón	n		bush mango which has a strong smell; also eddy of a stream or river
òfò	n	f	flat fish. Spade-fish
ófó	v		to investigate secretly
ófórí	v		not available; absent
ófórífóríká	a.		unreasonable; unimportant; wild; riotous; irresponsible
òfùngùrù	n		rat
ófúró	v		to blow; to emit some current of air from the mouth
ógídíkpó	n		large dark-greyish venomous snake
ógíogío	n		snipe, a fishing bird commonly found on swamps shaking its tail as it moves
ògìrì	n		cartilage from fish
ógírírí	excl.		expression usually made to admire a dancer and stop him from continuing
ógō	n		in-law to the brothers and male relations of the husband; another word for ' ta ', being wife to the male relations of the wife's husband
ógódó	n		nicname for a tall person
ògóínyó	n		deity of hunch, believed to disfigure the victim, usually symbolised
ògòló			with the white mangrove (o ko) owned by a family in Ogoloma
0	n	mi	skylark
ògòlò	n	mi	drumming tone of a type; a group or set of drums (Ogu dialect) (also = ákúachírí one of the towns in Kirikese
Ògòlòmé	n		major fractional part of Okrika island
ógóná	n		costly cloth mostly used by women
ogona	11		infection that affects the skin esp. the face; rendering it not clear or
			dusty
ógóróró ágánáná mángi	n		drains; natural gutter
ógóróró-méngì Òcrì	n		torrent; drainage water rushing from gutter
Ògù Ágự	n		town in Okrika division
ógú ógúábárá	n		age for a set of equals
ógúábárá ógú-ápụ	n		equals of an age group
ogu-apụ ógúawọ	n n		age-grade, equals children of the same age
ógúeìn	n nn	me	water masquerade popularly played by Ogu people. Also ógúoin
Ógúemè Bìrì	p.n. p.n.	ms	water masquerade popularly played by Ogu people. Also oguom ward in Okrika
Ògùlẹmẹ Bìrì	p.n. p.n.		ward in Ogoloma
Semini hu	P.11.		wine in Ogoroniu

Kirikę	PoS	SF	English gloss
ògùmàḥìrì	n		market
ògùnú	n		peacock, distinguished for its beautiful long feathers at the tails; legend has it that its feathers sing that is, probably when it clacks; a good
			singer is nicknamed ògùnú
ògùrù	n		fierce animal like the lion; severe sunshine
	n.		proverbially, a serious case
ógúrúgúrú	n		palm fronds
ógbē	n		hammerkop, <i>Scopus umbretta</i> ; heron-like bird, brown in colour. (also= égbē)
Ògbìkìmé-Ŗìrì	p.n.		ward in Ogoloma
ògbò	n		club; society
ògbòchín	n		kingpost of a building; idiomatically, the head of a family
ógbòchúa	V		to band together
ògbòchùanwéngí	V		move together in a group or procession
ògbòdá	v		to keep aloof (also = bûtón)
Ògbògbò	n		town in Okrika division
ógbógbó	n		flat board usually placed in a canoe to carry the fishing materials nets basket etc.
ògbóìnjì	n	f	large horse mackerel, Trachurus sp. (cf. òkùé)
ógbókía	n.v		fencing round; to make a fence; fenced place
ògbòkīa	V		to mobilise and fight against one person; many joining hands to attack one person (also = ògbòkìa-òwù (n)
ógbókíayé	n		fence made of block or brick or plants or sticks for defence
ògbòkìanyō	n		fenced yard or compound; a campus
ògbòkú	n.a.		centre or middle; central
ògbòkúkìệnḥìpì	n		average
ògbòkúsópáká	V		to interpose, intervene, intercede; mediate
ògbólìló	n		large bird sp.
ógbólódòmé	n		the god of the mangrove forest
ògbò-nà-ángá-ná	a.		midway; neutral; considered both sides
ógbólómá-ówú	n		fight involving more than two, i.e., retaliatory fight; each fighter defending his relation
ògbórìgbó	n		name of an ancient masquerade
ògbòtōn(ògbòtoò` @n)	V		to plan or organise a company; to band together; to partake of; to keep company with
ògbòtọ^n(ògbòtóò n)	V		to keep off; be apart; keep away; be aloof (also = ògbòdáà)
ógbùdù	n		style of cloth tying by the 'Iria' participants like hoop skirt
ògbúlù	n		coral beads
ójé(éjé)	n		tree sp.
ójìnéé	n		tug-of-war game: each team is made up of equal number of members who chain themselves by encircling each member's waist with his or
òjòló(jò)	n		her hands; the two team leaders hook their hands while the rest tug style of headgear adopted by women, where the tips and ends are extra- ordinarily widened and overlapping and occupying space (also = àkpángā [coined]
òjóngò	n		jug
òjòngòwú	n		dancing masquerades usually played by the people of Oba Polo, Ogoloma and Ibaka
ójū	n		human body; skin game played in a heap of sand by two or more players: hide and seek? Players attempt to pick out a buried rope-ring with their respective

Kirikę	PoS	SF	English gloss
			stick-pins; whoever picks out the ring, scores a point and takes his turn
			to bury it again for others to search out
ójúakpákpà	n		physical body of mammal: mostly applied to dead body as waste body
ójúapúrà	n		human skin
ójúfi^	a.		close fitting, tight body
ójúfī`	a.		paralysed; palsied
ójúgbè	n		rich flannel cloth (feni) used for traditional wears
òjùjú	n		toy frightening children; posture of the mood of frightening
ójúkáràgbásí	a.		whole (Biblical); hale and healthy; fit.
òjùkàràmàyè	n		repetition; a second time
ójúmínì	n		flesh of the body
ójúmìnàpùkòtáríà	n		lusts; carnal (Biblical)
yè			
ójúsì	n		emaciation of the body (also = $\delta j \hat{u} w \hat{\rho} r \bar{\rho}$)
ójútộkộrợ	a.		maimed
ójúyâ			being used to; agreeing with one's constitution
ójúwòrō	a. n		emaciation of the body
ókè (ékè)	n n		demarcation, mark (<igbo) is="" kìkì-èlèkímà<="" okrika="" td=""></igbo)>
	n		
óképáìn > 1-=	V	£	to jubilate and make merriment by shouting and howling also éképáìn
òkī	n	f	sawfish, Pristis pristis
ókí	v		to swim
ókígùe	n	c	locally manufactured iron pot-stand (<igbo)< td=""></igbo)<>
òkílò	n	f	bonga shad, <i>Ethmalose fimbriata</i> (also = kigbo)
ókíobòlò	n		powerful bird commemorated in the famous ancient Kiri-owu
/1 / 1\1\			masquerade display-Okrika traditional secret society masquerades
ókíolòlò	p.n.	ms	large bird, also a senior masquerade of the kiriowu
òkìrì	n		castrated he-goat
òkìsánì	n		shark-liver
òkò	n		shrine representing a section of a family
ókó	V		to carve in or scoop out from a material such as stone or wood in order
· · · ·			to make a hollow
ókóþá	n		cowry, a small shell used as currency by the ancestral fathers also
			cataract of the eye (<kalabari)< td=""></kalabari)<>
òkòchùkù	n.		?
Òkòchìrì	p.n.		later name of Okopiri, when the increased population befitted full
			habitation of settlers
òkókō	n		nickname for the parrot (\deltak k\delta l\delta b\delta)
òkòkòrò	n		dimple made on a ball of fufu meant contain some soup to aid
			swallowing; a hollow
ókólá	n		large white bird commonly found around Bonny bar. It is believed that
			the name, Okoloba, is derived from 'Okolo-ama' this is a town or place
			where the bird okola abounds;
ókólá			long sword ' ókólá-ágíjì ', otherwise known as kóngó
ókólá	n.	f	swordfish, Xiphias gladias
òkòlō	n		creek that terminates at a point
òkòlòkpàchí	n		corned-beef
ókólóþa	n		native and local name of Bonny, a town and headquarters of OLGA of
•			Rivers State
òkòmá	n		clay pot or baked mud pot with wide mouth; the first type of pot made
			and used by the ancestral parents
ókóm(ú)	a.		repulsive appearance as a result of physical degeneration; not worthy
(**)			of associating with people, being leprous or ulcerated

Kirikę	PoS	SF	English gloss
ókómbặ	n		one who bears leprous or ulcerated body and very feeble to walk
òkònì	n		people of Eleme
òkònìbò\$	n		person from Eleme, man or woman
ókóóhía	n		whitlow; a painful swelling on the finger containing pus (<igbo) (also="sìyè;" sìpìrì)<="" td=""></igbo)>
Òkòpìrì	p.n.		?
ókóró	n		ankle-shoe or rain boot
ókórómá	n		water-passage connecting two water areas or rivers; a straight
òkòrònákòròná	adv		totally; altogether; all at once
òkòtìbì	n.		family head
	p.n.		name of one of the ancestral fathers and first settlers of Okrika mainland, thus Òkòpìrì (bush belonging to Oko) being named after him. He was the husband of the first woman settler, Tomaniaro
ókù	n		cylindrical mortar weekly or monthly contribution (<foreign)< td=""></foreign)<>
ókú	n		message; errand
òkùé	n	f	horse mackerel,
			sedentary game played with seeds into ten holes
Ókújágū	p.n.	fm	family in Okrika; also title name of Chief Chèyéábǔoso, living in
			Ogueme Biri
òkúkū	n		pigeon; cuckoo
ókùlé	n		one of the satellite masks attached to ebe, usually decorated with sack
Òkùná	p.n.	fm	family in Okrika, living in Awolome Biri
Òkùná	p.n.		god of fire and smoke owned by Okuna family of Awolome Biri
ókúnwéngíbŏ	n		messenger; ambassador
Ókúrú	p.n.	fm	family in Okrika, living in Ogueme Biri
ókúrú	n		raffia cloth
ókúrú-ákpá	n		sack-like enlargement of the alimentary canal forming an organ of storage; the part of the body containing the stomach, belly or abdomen (in man and animals)
ókpètè	n	dc	agile dance performed by men mostly, it is danced according to the rhythmic music supplied by the water-port music (íngú) vegetative herbacous plant, also, ékpètè
ókpó	n		imported masquerade, characterized by wild display, derived from the Ibibios or Efiks
òkpô	n		balls of fufu (àkpàkùrù-òkpó) decomposed and sifted cassava
T	v		back of some creatures and canoe
ókpóchú	n		helmet hat
òkpòká	n		bolt of a door
-			pipe for smoking
Ókpókìrì1	p.n.	fm	family in Ogoloma
ókpókìrì2	n		name of dance or music play with the bass-drum, àkùsà potto, nocturnal arboreal animal, characteristic of its tasteless meat and hard skin; it usually has either two or three toes on the front feet also
			known as sloth
ókpókíríḥà	n		spot, area
òkpòkíríóþóló	n		satellite mask accompanying the famous èbè masquerade
ókpókóró	n	fg	special box-like trap used in entrapping red land-crabs (ólù)
Ókpókpó	n	J	lump; mass of any matter solidly placed e.g. nama-okpokpo, pulo-okpokpo,
			bùru-okpokpo etc.
ókpóm	n		mound; an elevated area of land; a portion of exposed land when the

Kirike	PoS	SF	English gloss
			tide is at its ebb
òkpòngá	n		wattle building usually made to claim or retain land; a temporary
			building; a dwelling place; a house of a sort
òkpùkórómábò\$	n		?
òkpùtùkù	n		dirty dregs of liquid or stored water
ólē	n		open space for playing or dancing
ólé-è-é	excl.		expression used against a coveted taste or performance; a tacit
			admiration of someone's deeds also, élé-è-é
òlègbè	n		imaginary place where the dead go; fairy land also, èlègbè
Òlò	n		pomade, ointment, cream
blò			lovemaking
óló	excl.		derisive expression used against a person of low rank who asserts;
010	CACI.		when fully expressed it is óló-òm è
álāghálámā			to put together; to combine; collate (also = chírómā, kpéchīa)
ólōgbólómā Òlóìn	V		
	p.n.	ms	masquerade mostly played by the people of Kalio-ama
olòbò^	n		lover; someone having love deal with another, male or female
olóin-chìn	n		plant with linear leaves generally used as boundary plant
ólókó	n	c	law or rule
ólókó		f	whelk
ólòkóbìrìḥà	n		spider
ólòkóbìrìḥà-wàrì	n		cobweb
ólókó-Qókábě	n		outlaw; one not bound by law; freeman
ólókómíemíeye	n		precepts
ólókù	V		to shout aloud
ólókú-tìbì	n		shouting; noise of shouting; echo
olòkpō	n	f	fish with dark skin commonly taken as black snapper
ólóló	n		bottle
ólólósíngbá	n		phlegm that comes out from the nostril when one is eating
ólómú	a.		advanced in age; old
ólómkpòkíkpòkí	a.		very old
ólómúadápù	n		forefathers; ancestral parents; ancestors
ólómsíkì	n		in olden days;
ólómsíkì	adv.		ancient times
blòsàní	n		flannel cloth, blue black in colour
blòsàní			liver of cartilaginous fishes like the shark, sawfish etc.
ólósî	a.		ill-fated
ólù	n. n	с	land-crab; large reddish crab that bores deep holes near houses
lúbù	n	C	bitterleaf vegetable
lulu julu	n		well, hole
)))))))))))))))))))			whose
ómíná	a.		your (pl.)
ómíně	a.		
	pron.		you (pl.)
òmìnè	n		throne; heavenly seat; an encircling large seat mostly used to enthrone
			ceremonial sedentary masks like oguoin of Ogu fame (on water) and
			Bolo fame (on land) (also = èmìnè)
òmìnè	n.		raft used by the early Okrika before canoes
ómóngí	a.		aged; elderly
ómóní	n		slaves
ómóníþáráþíe	n		bondage; slavery
ómóníb ò \$	n		slave pl. ómóní
ómónítúþò	n		slave trade or slave deal
ómònó	n		market in OTELGA

Kirikę	PoS	SF	English gloss
ómònóm̀ba	n		victory sign made by the fork of the fore-finger and the middle finger,
			usually applied in mockery against the loser
Òmòrò	p.n.	ms	masquerade dance originally owned by the Agba Biri 'Pioru' mask club
òngòrò	n	fg	fishing material made of bamboo sticks and two poles to edge the bamboo work; one edge is tied to the side of the canoe and the other side is held down by the two fishers into the water to sweep in fish along the coastal strip
ónìní	n	f	large silkfish (íkìnjí)
Ònné	n	tn	town in OTELGA, also Ásákúrá
ónóbū	n		veranda-like passage; lounge in a building or compound (<igbo)< td=""></igbo)<>
ónóbúběkě	n		gate of a fence
ónóní	n		mercy; consideration for others (obs)
ónú	n		fencing with short sticks or broken canoe parts or planks to reclaim land
ònù	n		stench, odour esp. of human being; bad smell
ónúkórómá	v		to make feast or merriment; to entertain with feasting
ònyèchiệ`@	V		to testify; to be a witness in a case; to pledge
ònyèchīệbí	n		witness; guarantor
ònyèchiệ`@ḍìrí	n		testimonial records
ònyèchiệ`@màyé	n		testimonial guarantee; testimony
ònwòín	n		smoke
ónwóin	v		to bite
			to bale out water from a canoe or boat
ònwòiàrự	n		ship
ónwūn	n		sand
ópé(épé)	n		flannel cloth
òpèkèlèpépē	n		confusionist; a double dealer; one who talks something different from
openeiepepe			what he does
òpèlè	n		thick
òpèpé	n		sun; morning sunshine; also (èpèpé) evening sunshine
ópólí	n		basket
ópólítón	V		to administer; to explain, report, plan and account to a family or friendly circle of something
ópòrópò	n		pig or swine (<port.)< td=""></port.)<>
òpù	n.a.		big; large; importance; dignity
òpùamà	n		fairyland; the place where dead bodies resulting from bad death are buried; bad bush lit. big town
Òpùàmbé	p.n.	fm	family in Okrika living in Ambeme Biri
òpùapù	n		important personalities; also applied to the famous 'kiri owu' esp. when they are on a nocturnal parade or outing
òpùayèmiệ`@	v.a.		being proud and arrogant; assertive
òpùbò\$	n		lit. big man; important personality
òpùḍàbò\$	n		grandfather
Òpùdù`\$þàyà	p.n.	fm	family in Okrika living in Oba Polo
Òpùębệrệ	p.n.	fm	family in Okrika living in Biri
òpùìgànì	n		wrath; serious reproach
Òpùìyò	p.n.	fm	family in Okrika living in Edereme Biri
òpùkúþíesì	n		extreme unhappiness; misery
òpùmá	adv		much; very much; greatly
òpùmèngì	n		flood; spring tide
Òpùngíríkò	p.n.	fm	family in Okrika living in Adedeme Biri

Kirike dictionary	Draft Levi S	ika ed. Roger	Blench

Kirike	PoS	SF	English gloss
òpùnyèngìbò\$	n		grandmother
Òpùtìběyà	p.n.	fm	name of the founder of Kirike; also family in Okrika, living in
	_		Awolome Biri and Oputibeya compound, near Kóróní-ógónò
òpùwár <u>ī</u>	n		temple; assembly house
òpùyè	n		some important happening or incident
òpù-yégíẹnmásínì	n		printing press
óré(éré)	n		women
òrì	pron.		he; himself
òrìa(òrà)	a.		his
óró	n		fungus
òròm(ú)	n	f	grouper, <i>Epinephelus spp</i> . A large big-mouthed greyish fish with fine scales
órópò	n	f	surgeonfish, Acanthurus monroviae
óròrótùo	adv		expression indicating co-incidental happening, proving true of expectation (óròrótùþò) abridged óròrótùo ; in speech, luckily or fortunately (also = ìþìréré)
órú	n		juju; idols such as objects like ógbólódòmé, ògónyō, àbàjì, òkòmbụlō , etc.
			adept in some art such as an academician like PHD holder is termed
			'Oru' in the sense that his expertise in the art venerates him to perform
			magically. He has become a "juju" so to say
			the grey matter of the skull of fish, animals and human beings (Kal.)
órúþíeàmà			?
órúþíefệ			?
Órúb ò \$	p.n.	fm	family in Okrika living in Ngeme Biri; one who must have been rescued by the power of "juju" during illness
órúþérénémíapù	n		heathen; pagan; those who believe and practise fetishism
órúené	n		tday after Saturday, that is Sunday (obs)
órúnjí	n	f	smaller grouper (òròm (ú)) (also = þíedù`\$þa)
órúkóró	n.v		practice of divination being possessed of some spirit, marine or ethereal; fetish-like practice exhibited in singing and dancing
órúmápánbá	n		irreligiously; one so indulged is an órúkóróbě cobwebs containing or carrying dust and small insects; also soot
orumapanoa	n		formed from smoke
órúmíné	p.n.	fm	a family in Daka house responsible for the dead during Elechu period
	P		(see Appendix iii under religion)
Órúpáþó	p.n.	fm	family in Okrika living in Ambeme Biri and around Kóróní-ógónò
órútéké	v.n		idolatry; worshipping idols, etc.
órúwú	n		snake
òsì	n		snail
ósí	v.n		respect; hour
ósî	v		to spray from the mouth
òsíkìrí	n		sugar (<eng. sugar)<="" th=""></eng.>
ósínyáná	a.		respectable; honourable
ósínyánáká	n		dishonour
	a.		not respectable, not honourable
ósíró	v		to chew and blow off any substance or chaff
òsìròsìròḥà	n		chaff in the mouth after chewing; remains of any materials ground or sifted or filtered
òsòín	n		grass (also = ìbrùá Ogu dialect)
			convulsive ailment suffered by children
ótékété	n		fishing where the net is used around the mangrove section selected as

Kirike dictionary	Draft Le	vi Sika ed.	Roger Blench
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Kirikę	PoS	SF	English gloss
			the spot, the catch is mostly mullet (dệkệ)
ótítá	n		dew
ótó	n		traditional bath place of a nursing mother; this is situated at the
			backyard or near the house, where a pit is dug, into which the
			cleansing water pours
òtò	num.		term used in counting; in the commercial fish market all fishes are
			checked in twenties i.e., rackets (kasa) or pieces, thus twenty big fish
X			(inji-anga), twenty kasa (sticks), etc.
Òtòbò	p.n.	fm	family in Okrika, living in Agba Biri
òtòbò	n		hippopotamus
òtò bò-àkp á	n		hude worn by graduates;
<i></i>			bag usually at the back of the 'otobo' masquerade as decoration
ótóin	a.n		very sweet; pronounced sweetness
ótókú	n		mid-day sunshine esp. during the dry season
4 . A -			upper part of the altar at the hearth where dried or cured fish is stored
ótólō	n		details in any branch of study, the squares on the face of the chess or
			draught-board (èpèlè-tòrú)
ótómā	V		to compare or create a balance; to exemplify
ótómádíkì			presume; assume; compare
ótómáyè	n		example; comparison; illustration
ótómá-dàwòyè	n		exemplified lessons; illustrations
òtòngòlòḥà	n		that part of the brain cell of a child that shakes in corresponding
			beating of the heart; the neurone, usually at the meeting suture of the
			frontal and parietal bones of a child's cranium
ótótólóþà	n		decaying perforated log of wood in the mangrove forest
òtùbò	suff.		(suffix) usually affixed to other words (verbs) to indicate probability
			e.g. á þ'otuþo (whether she came) þ bòr'ọtuþo (whether he passed) ð
NANI NIN		c	sosa'tubo (if he has gone)
òtùbùlù Òtàmách àlà	n	f	small fish with protruding bill or mouth
Òtùmógbòlò	p.n.		popular deaf and dumb man from Oyika family who lived in Ngeme Biri
ówélé	n		bald head; bare scalp of a person
ówō	n		cotton
ówói	a.		wild and rough;
,	n		masculine; male
Ówói	p.n.	fm	family in Awolome Biri
ówóibậọ	n		fast rate in pursuing things; imbalance; anxiety
ówóikúþíe	n		hot temper; intemperance
ówóimà	V		to hasten or make faster; to accelerate speed or rate of anything
ówókō	V	_	to scoop out or carve off in large bits
ówókú	n	f	remora, sharksucker, Echeneidae; a clasping fish specially equipped
			with a sucking disc on the top of its head with which it clasps shark,
			sawfish, or any moving object in the sea like ship. It dangles there
			passing a symbiotic life without disturbing its carrier; a voracious
			eater; shark-sucker
òwòlò	n		hollow depth of water
ówú	v.n		to cry, bewail,
ówú			masquerade
ówú			mermaid
òwù	n		fight; war
Ówú Bírì	p.n		ward in Ogoloma
ówúakámbúlò	n		tears hanging around the canthus of the eye as if one intends to cry

Kirikę	PoS	SF	English gloss
ówúamápù	n		mermaids of the sea
òwùàmìẹmíẹyè	n		strife; warfare
ówúapú	n		men sg. ówúbě
òwùbíekùanpú	n		captives
ùwùþíekùnþàrá	n		captivity
òwùþíekùònwúnì	n		captured soldiers
ówúþíeþíeþéré	n		an ancient masquerade
ówúþíríayè	p.n.	ms	costume for masquerade decoration
ówúbě	n		man pl. ówúapú
ówúmángí	n		Traditional chasing game is held in the market square during the evening just before the evening market when new corn appears. A chaser holds two 3ft bamboo sticks (agbagba) with which he is aided to corner his captive. The chased hold in their hands horns with openings on the body for blowing as bugle. Each captive pays a fine. At the close of each days game, all fines are collected and used in buying sugar cane or cigarette or fruits for consumption lit. racing by
ówúelé	n		masquerading open layout found in the mangrove forest close to seas and banks where, it is supposed, mermaids exercise themselves and play
ówúpúkó	n		crying or weeping voice tone of taling masquerade, like kiriowu
ówúpýkó-chýà	v		putting the voice of masquerade that is, yodelling like the kiriowu
ówúméngí	n		tears that drop
òwùnì	n		fighters; soldiers
ówúníní	n		?
òwùniògbó	n		troop of soldiers
ówúókólò	n		gulf, narrow indentation into the island or town, original gutter connecting the waterside
ówúókpárà	n		satellite mask that accompanies a major mask
ówúsárà	n		open space at the waterside where men casually assemble to chat, breeze, and gossip, whiling away time
òwùsō	v		to have a physical encounter with someone; to fight
ówútíbí	n		sound of cry or lamentation; wailing
ówúyábộ\$	n		person possessed of some marine supernatural agency, usually believe to have been espoused to a mermaid; also one who behaves under the influence of hallucination
óyí	n		ten in counting
òzù	n		farmland (<igbo)< td=""></igbo)<>
Ŏzúb ò\$k ò	p.n.		village noted for religious healing of the Christ Army Church, situated along Canaan, near Port Harcourt
òzùkìrí	n		farmland
òzùkòrí	v		to work on farmland; to farm

Kirikę	PoS	SF	English gloss
Q,ọ			
Q,q			vowel, the twenty-fourth letter of the Okrika alphabet
ỳ ý Ýbá	pron.		he, him
ó	pron.		you (pl.), all of you
Óbá	p.n.	fm	family in Okrika
Óbá	p.n.		title of the traditional ruler of Ogbaland (Omoku) in ALGA of Rivers State
Óbá Pólò	p.n.		area taken as a ward or quarter in Okrika
ýbá	n		yam barn (usually as kept by the Eleme and Ikwerre)
ýbà	n		calabash container with cover
óþá	n		slang meaning gone for nothing; a waste
òbà	n		sickness characteristic of pains and swellings
ýbů ýbèkébèkè	adv		probably; perhaps; maybe; peradventure, also (ébèkébèkè)
òpélí	v		to move carefully meandering in pursuit of someone; carefully moving
VVVII	v		through buildings and caves
òpį	v		to be careful; to be on the look out; to be vigilant; take care; to mind
h ni	v		oneself
òbìángā	v.a.		to be thrifty
òbìà(sín)	v.a. adv.		perhaps; probably; peradventure
• • · ·			smart; fast; quick
óbírí ábà	a.		•
ýbỳ śbă	n		native guitar
ýbý á b à đanà mà	n		turtle
óbò\$gùrù >> <	n		pumpkin fruit with broad vegetable leaves (<igbo)< td=""></igbo)<>
òbókō >+ ×1-=44+4->	n		fowl of the rasorial group
òbŏkōtíþíkù	n		bush fruit resembling cockscomb
óběký	n		covenant; agreement; oath; testament
òbò\$kùbò\$kù	n		lazy tsetsefly with white spots on the wings; it becomes weak as it
			sucks and cannot easily fly off
òbò\$kùrù	n		cockroach; nocturnal flat insect (also = tộnjìeb-ímà)
òpóli	n	f	small shiny nose
Òbònì	p.n.		social club whose drumming instruments are played in an enclosure, never exposed
òbò\$nò	n		seeds of bush-mango (ófión) used in making soup (<igbo)< td=""></igbo)<>
òbò\$púlō	n	c	a small crab black or dark grey in colour. It oddly appears at
			unexpected places; it is a silent obscure creature
òbù`^	pron.		himself
òbù`\$	n		back of anything
òbù`ḍā	v.a.		to be at the rear; not progressive; to retrogress; to get behind
òbù`d`ùkóàpú	n		disciplines; followers
òbù`\$gbīn	v.adv		to back someone by posture; happening immediately after someone's
	·		presence; to get off from a spot for a while (also = òbù`\$pákà , b ậbílémâ)
òbù`\$fī`	v		to take bribe
òbù`\$fìyé	n		bribe; bribery
ỳ∞u ‡-1, ° òbù`\$jú	n.a.		behind, back
ỳbù \$jùábù`\$ọ	n		posterity
òbù`\$kó	adv.		after all; afterwards later
òbù \$kòrùbŏ òbù`\$kòrùbŏ	n		page; orderly
òbù \$kùlùmá	N V		last; to be at the tail end
òbù \$kululla òbù`\$pákà	v V		to get aside for a while; to get behind waiting
γνα ψμακα	v		to zet aside for a write, to zet berring waiting
Kirikę	PoS	SF	English gloss
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pdè`\$lè	n		vulture (also = $\hat{\mathbf{n}}\mathbf{d}\hat{\mathbf{u}}$)
, źdò	n		yam-digger in form of a pointed short pole or stick, (also = ódù)
pdò\$	n.v.		dress; fashion
odù`\$	n		soup prepared with the liquid derived from mangrove ashes and water
			or liquid salt or lime stone
dûm(ú)	n		python, 'boa constrictor'
ofíanyé	n		refuse; gatherings from sweeping
ofín	V		to sweep
ofínsîn	v		to sweep off
ofírì	a.n		hot;
			fever or feverish,
			brilliant
ófírídù`\$pàrìmgb	n		brimstone; sulphur
)lù			-
ófíríkùþìe	n		zeal lit. hot tempered
ófírímá	n		shark
ofírímà	v		to warm; to make hot e.g. water, soup
ofisi	n		work place (<eng. office)<="" td=""></eng.>
ofóin	v		to grab; to seize
ofóinbóayé	n		loot; spoil; captured property
fòkùbà	n		corner of a building
ofóngó	v.n		fan
O\$gán	p.n.	fm	family in Okrika, living in Ogan Polo
gànkúo	n	b	hawk
gèín	n	f	small fish with a glassy transparent body
gì	n		gonorrhoea; venereal disease
Q\$gìemé Biri	p.n.		ward in Ogoloma
) gízì	n		leaves of smoked tobacco encased in cartons; tobacco leaf that is
			usually ground as snuff or smashed for piping, also diri-ógíz ì
ýgō	n		in-law between son, father and mother
ógóbáráfiyè	n		food or presents from in-laws, son or daughter and their relatives; also
			ýgýfíyè (also = fuaye)
ógófíyè	n		food or presents on behalf of a daughter, from in-law (also =
			ogobarafiye, fuaye)
) gònó	n		market place
)gónố	a.n		top; above
)gònòfórù	n		north wind
)gònògìẹnyè	n		superscription
)gònògónò	a.adv		careless; not done with discreetness; haphazardly
0, 10, 1			,
ýgų	n		vegetable of fluted pumpkin; vegetable leaves
ýgù	n		native hoe (<igbo)< td=""></igbo)<>
ígý þíemgbòlù	n		fluted pumpkin, <i>Telfairia spp</i> .
Qgudire	p.n.	fm	family in Okrika; title name of Chief Amiesimaka
)gùrệfī	a.v.	-	amazed to satisfaction
)gùrò	n		beard; also ogure (<kal.)< td=""></kal.)<>
ýgbégbé(egbegbe)	n	f	large and fierce cartilaginous fish, like the shark, with sharp grained
19-19-1(-88)		-	skin
ògbòkó	a.n.		tall elegant person; handsome man
ýgbóló	n	f	large baracuda (děré); tall person, so nicknamed
ýgbýdý	n		thick mangrove swamp; bog
187444	**		roof-beam, long stick used to form the ridge of a roof

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Kirike	PoS	SF	English gloss
ógbúnúnúchúa	v		forming a single file or being in long rows of line like soldiers or
			school children marching
òhá	n		hard crisp vegetable used in cooking (<igbo)< th=""></igbo)<>
òhóm	n		unexpected happening; accident (<kal.) <b="" is="" okrika="">būapákáyé</kal.)>
ó ín	excl.		phonic expression meaning take or "have it"
òjì	n	t	iroko tree or wood
ójí	n		kola nut (<igbo) is="" okrika="" th="" į́dápó<=""></igbo)>
ójí Ójú	p.n.	fm	family in Okrika, living in Ambeme Biri and Kalio's compound
ójúfénì	n	b	ostrich, named after Chief Daniel Oju Kalio being the person who
			introduced this creature into Okrika
òjùkùrù	n		conical net spread by casting skilfully
òjúlè	p.n.	ms	nickname given to any lazy person; also of one time armour bearer of
	-		the popular akarikpo masquerade of Jama house, who took a picture
			with the masquerade
<u>òkáz</u> ī	n		hard vegetable wildly grown in thick forests, used in cooking (<igbo)< th=""></igbo)<>
ókélì	n		large fish-tray made of palm frond material or cane, used in spreading
			the catch, preparatory to processing the fish for setting on the rackets
			(kasa) against curing or smoking
ókì	v		to take or receive
ókíchú	v		to admit into a society or school or group (also = dàchú)
òkìmá	v		to direct a boat or canoe with the paddle or oar
ókímún	adv		as long as; until
òk <u>ō</u>	adv		accordingly; like that
ók ó	n	t	white mangrove, Laguncularia racemosa, whose leaves are narrow,
			long and pointed, and produce salty liquid on the stomata
	v.		to hire, contract
òkò	n		ulcer, chronic sore
òkò	v.		to vomit forcefully; to cough out with force as when a bone disturbs
			the oesophagus
ókóbó	n		stick with hook end generally used as rafter from the ridge of a roof
			hireling; one who takes upa contract to do some work
ókòbò&	n		iron material used as hinges to suspend door shutters; also applied as
			staple and hasp
ókófírí	n		hired labour or contract
<u></u> òkòkó	n		foam on the surface of water
òkòkòch úa	v.a.		having foam produced; bearing foam like sour soup which has become
			fermented
òkòkòpák ýmà	v.a.		producing lather or foam like soap or hard pulling of paddle or steam
			engine on water
òk òlòbà	n		corner stone, border line; the corner post marking the end or border of
			a building
òkòlò bàpìk é	V		to make or mark the border line of a building. Custom akin to laying
			the foundation stone of a building where people gather, offer prayers
			and pin pegs to start the border lines, and end with drinking
<u>òkòlòbì</u>	n		parrot
òkòmbílō	p.n.		deity of Ibaka
ókóró	n		tusk of elephant; horn of animal
ókórónámá	n		buffalo
òkòtòmá	adv		accordingly
òkù	p.n.	ms	masquerade that maintains discipline by flogging with a long cane
			always in hand
òkùa	n		bush-fowl

Kirikę	PoS	SF	English gloss
			rice-fruit (<igbo)< td=""></igbo)<>
òkùbálìbá	p.n.	ms	rascally masquerade usually engaged in chasing children with canes in
			hand; legendry has it that he is a water mermaid that lives more in the
			mangrove forest. He is also named þkùkù
ókúeín(ékúéín,	V		to talk or speak
ókúóín)			
	n		speech
ókúeinbípí	n		language; speech
ókúeín-èbèrè	n		talkative person; chatterbox, noisemaker
ókúcín fáríayè	n		talking instruments (see Appendix v)
ókúeínfínjí	v		to introduce issues at a speech making
, pkųeinmā	v.a.		to be on talking terms as of non-enemies; to hold talks with
ókýeín-íngbólù	n		words
ókúcín-nímé	n		poem
óký eínpíkía	v.n		debate; to argue; to partake in a symposium or quiz or discussion
ókų einsimà	v.n V		to speak ill of someone; to err in speech
ókų ęinsómâ	v V		to make an allusive statement of one to another person
ýkų ęintipi	'n		subject matter; main talk; principal idea
ókų einvasā			to spread information; to announce; to publish; broadcast
okų-inémiká	v int.		interrogative statement generally made to a retortive answer or
үкц-шешка			expression when someone retorts after realising his folly; term is put to
	р.		
			him meaning Didn't you know it before? Full expression is ' si-oku '
			ínémíká ? (Didn't you know that it is bad or wrong) the ' si ' is usually
			dropped (slang)
òkùkù	n		mermaid that lives in the mangrove, fond of flogging
òkùkùménò	int.		interrogative expression drawing a parallel from the behaviour of
	р.		okuku against a stubborn, disobedient person (slang)
òkùmà	conj.		but
	conj.		yet
óku&odū	n		bugle or trumpet (<igbo) (also="<b">èpèlèpé)</igbo)>
ókùrù	n		vegetable fruit, slimy in nature
òkpán ī	n		yellow yam
ókpárá	n		loop or snare for hooking or entangling the neck and mouth of a victim
			preventing him from shouting
			basket container used in preserving dry pepper or fish, usually kept on
			the altar of the hearth (also = $\mathbf{k}\mathbf{\hat{\mu}}\mathbf{r}\mathbf{\hat{u}}$)
			first born male child (<igbo) <b="" is="" okrika="">táríbð</igbo)>
òkpèín	n		he-goat
			idiomatically, a womanizer
ókpó	n		stinging beans, used in thickening soup
ókpō	n		secrete message
ókpóchì	p.n.	ms	masquerade played by Bulome Biri people
òkpòkúlò	n		cotton-reel
òkpòtò	n		dregs
òkpù	n		fufu ball prepared for swallowing
òkpù	n.		disease of the vagina
òkpùrùkpú	n. n		palm fruit with hard nut
Ŏŀę	p.n.		town in Okrika District, near Ogu
óló	n n		cough
	11		-ougn
	17		to hold: to handle
ýlǫ ýlǫ ýlǫchíemà	v v		to hold; to handle to hold on; to restrain

Kirikę	PoS	SF	English gloss
			back crab)
òlòkùâ	a.		held together in twist; hooked up as two wrestlers or fighters
			entangling
òlú	n		second born in family male or female
òmbè	n		chance; room; aspect, also èmbè
òmbí	v		to rub; smear on the skin
ómbó	n		nightfall
ómbófúrú	n.v		when the moon peers; reference to the moon as it appears immediately after nightfall (also = akalupu)
ýmb ýsó	n		brightening colour of the sky as reflected by the appearing moon; the moon, before appearing of that time, is also described as sòkòròmá
ómbú	n	f	small mullet sp. (dękę)
òménbú	n	1	sandflies (also = ígbírígídí , èménbú)
òmì	n		bush flower whose pollen dust is irritating
ýmíná	a.		your (pl.)
òmìnà(òmìnà)	а. а.		whose
ómínábù			yourselves (pl.)
ýmínaou ýmý	pron. n	mi	drum with baritone tone (Ogu dialect)
òmō		шп	ebb tide
òmodà	n	f	small tilapia
	n	1	•
òmònbò-	n		' ikata ' fisher man who goes afishing lately esp. during neap tide
ìkàtànìbò\$			(mgbopuma mengi)
òmònbùlòbà	n		wart
òmònbùlòbà			floating materials tied to the top line of fishing net to aid the net afloat for security
ómòngo	n		mug (<eng.)< td=""></eng.)<>
ộmú	n		war
óm úarú	n		war-canoe; big house comprising families
ómúarúwár ì	n		war-canoe house that is major house comprising branches
ómú þárá þ ì	n		victory; triumph
ýmýbỳ\$	n		warrior; fighter
ómúþíekùnþàrà	n		captivity
ómúþíekún-òwúnì	n		captured soldiers
ómúgbín	v.n		to wage war; warfare
ómúkú	n		fight between small groups of bodies; skirmish
óm úkúbúlù	p.n.	ms	special masquerade played by the Adedeme Biri people during funeral obsequies; it is usually accompanied with dancing and singing of war
àmàm⁄-			songs and agile demonstrations
òmùmú òmòmòòch í	n		flies
òmùmùògbó śmátá	n		swarm of flies
óm útí	v.n		to jubilate around town, singing war-songs and firing guns esp. during performance of funeral ceremony by war songs and dancing all in praise of the deceased
ómúwárí	n		fortress (also = òwùnìwàrí)
ònà	n		dark cloth or calico, usually worn for mourning; also, the fish
y	**		commonly called golden fish
òná	n	f	golden fish
ònànàòwú	p.n.	ms	satellite masquerade, dressed in dark cloth, which accompanies the ebe
ynanao w u	P	1113	mask
ýndę́(ę́ndę́)	num.		four hundred in counting
òndègbòlúgbòlí			child birth at short intervals, children born at short intervals, looking
ynaçgoolagoon	n		short in size (also = èndègbòlúgbòlú)

Kirike	PoS	SF	English gloss
ýng í	v		to peel (yam or cocoyam)
óngbón	v		to beg; to ask for politely
Óngbóánga	p.n.	fm	family in Ogoloma
óngbóayémá	n		supplications demands from a giver of higher rank (also = þìayèmá
• • • •			(biblical)
ónìnì	n		canopy for shelter (<eng. awning)<="" td=""></eng.>
ónj ų́	n		line of weaving on a basket or mat
òn ónjū	excl.		abusive term used on babies or children who are fond of sucking their thumb; also fond of sucking
ònùngò	n		waves of the sea tempest
ònùnù	n	mi	organ; accordion; the native lyre
ònùnùmà	n	у	pounded yam; yam fufu
ónwéín	n		cough-like asthma; appearing persistently like indigo or ink on the skin
ónwéín	a.	с	small crab (ípà)
ònwènè	n	mi	rattle bells tied on the wrist and ankle
ònyè	v		to watch with a motive to audit accounts
ónyé	n		spice for cooking
òobé	excl.		retaliatory mockery expression usually pronounced on an aggressor,
• • •			who fails at last
òpèr <u>ē</u>	v		to belch out (also= ę̀pę̀rę̃)
ópíkípìkì	n		giddiness; swaying about resulting from dizziness; fits
ópìpí	n		mouse; idiomatically used to describe a pilferer
òpò	n		corner between walls of buildings; indentations along the coast of the
			mangrove forest; family section or group
òpòchúkù	n		hearth where fire is made
òpòkùrù	n		lane between two buildings; narrow passage in between buildings
òpòkùrùbíe	n		inside of a narrow passage between buildings
òpòpòlí	n		boil on the skin
òpòròpó	n		lungs or windpipe of fish
ýpótókó	n		mud; bog; swamp
Ŏpútā	p.n.	fm	family in Okrika, living at Alawari
òpútā	n	f	big fish like the golden fish but has unpleasant taste
òpùn ệ	n	-	slimy substance formed on keels of canoes, walls, tanks, ship's body,
P			etc.; algae
ópúrù	v		to collect a whole mass of things
òrédù	n	у	yam produced through sexual reproduction, that is not by tuber; the
	п	y	rind is violet in colour and tastes sugary (Dioscorea bulbifera)
òrà	a.		his
órệ(ệrệ)	n		name
órí	v		to see
òrì	n		pubic hair on the private part of the body in between the groins at the lower part of the abdomen; pubes
órí þáráríþárá	a.		anyhow; in a careless manner (also = oriòku-riòku)
órío	excl.		utterance commonly used to punctuate or terminate expression,
			denoting someone's irregular behaviour or performance; also used as a verb e.g. i oriome (you've erred)
óríókúriò`\$kù	adv		anyhow; in a careless manner (also = oribararibara)
			symmetrical arrangement of any type of decoration e.g. plaiting of hair
òriò`\$máriò`\$má	a.		hairdo, meshes of net, etc.
óríyé	n		vision; something envisaged
ór óín	n		tsetse fly
òròínmà	adv.		stealthily and unnoticeably silent and avoiding being disturbed

Kirikę	PoS	SF	English gloss
òrósì	n		rice (<portuguese <i="">arroz)</portuguese>
òrù ¹	n		size; age; things in varied sets or groups
òrù ²	n		line of meshes of a net; a portion of something verse of a chapter in a book
órựaniò`@rựanì	pron.		each and everyone (in groups)
órúbě bě	adv.		everyone individually; one by one (also = órúbǒrūbò #, bòbò)
òrùtón	a.		orderly; arranged in regular sequence
òrùtònmá	v.adv		to keep aright to perform or order things carefully and distinctly
ósìkō	n		hiccough
òsòmbùrù	n		gnats or sandflies (also = èménbū)
<u></u> òsúkū	n		palm fruit with soft nut (also = imbiba)
òsùmā	V		to cause to vomit to cause to pour our e.g. obnoxious drug reacting on someone
ósún	V		to vomit
òsu&n	V		to pour over as overflowing
ótàrà	n		pounded yam (' dumbai ' or 'fufu'); also used for fermented and pounded cassava (akpakuru)
ótón	adv		nearly, wanted to
òtùtù	n	f	small sardine or small herring
òvý	n		oracle symbol or oracle medium meant to predict views and thoughts; pronouncement of fortune or fate by blessing or cursing, that is ' òvó kari ' or ' òvó gbolo '
ówā	n		mark of victory of honour inscribed by dubbing white chalk on the forehead or any part of the body of the victor
òw ệrệw ế	n		mane; the fur of animals around the neck or back, overgrown beard, e.g. lion, he-goat, horse, etc.
òwòkò	n	dc	dance performed casually and leisurely in tone with music supplied by singers and water-pot drums
ówól 	n	f	fish noted for good taste grunrwe or big eye
ówú	n		vapour; air; heat; breath; power or strength
òwùmá	V		to overhear; getting information not from the speaker's source; to be aware of
óyà	n		pawpaw fruit
óyá	excl.		to start moving or to carry out a procedure (<yor.)< td=""></yor.)<>
<u>óy</u> ī	a.		painful; aching
óy òkóy òkò	adv		perhaps, maybe, peradventure, probably (colloq.)
òyòròyó	n		fermented cassava that is grated and sifted; condensed flour of fermented cassava
P,p			
P,p			consonant, the twenty-fifth letter of the Okrika alphabet
páà	adv.		just fairly; yet; still
páþō	V		to be older than
pábụ̂mā	V		to cause self or someone to be naked; to be naked to render something bare; to impoverish
pàín	v		to utter the characteristic cry of a cook;
pàín			to utter inarticulate cry of a mob; to crow like a cock
páká	V		to go out; to shoot out like young plant
pàká	a.		revealed; exposed; e.g. a hidden information, etc.
pákáþó	V		amount to, come up to (also = pákámún)

Kirikę	PoS	SF	English gloss
pàkàbŏ	n.a.		popular; known; known person
pákáchíe	a.v		towering; to take position in the scheme of things
pàkàpákádò\$kì	a.		officious; showy; fond of putting oneself forward over issues
pákápákáyé	n		common happening; regular incident
pàkàpụ	n		kinsmen; neighbours
pákí	v		to pawn; to mortgage
pákýmà	V		to take or remove out from a place of keeping
pàlàngí	a.		congealed with slime;
	v		to clear something of a slimy nature with struggle (with raised account
<u> </u>			pálángí)
pálī	V		to shut in; to close
pàlìángápú (121)	n		neighbours
pálíbộ#	n		helper
pàlìmā	V		caught red-handed in an act
pàlìmà	v.a.		being pressed by nature e.g. to urinate, defecate, deliver a child; choked
pàlìmà	v.		to support
pàlìmápákáyé	n		sudden happening, accident
pámū	v		to lead someone; to escort
pán\$	a.		looking pale and whitish
pánbá	a.		empty finished, idiomatically meaning reduced in health and wealth (obs.)
pànbà	n		wings; leaf or page of a book
pànbàbùsòká	n		large mangrove bird with long and broad wings
pànbàòwú	n	ms	dancing masquerade with flat circular headgear decoration; also
			àdàòwú
pàngà	n		instrument used in bailing water out from a container like, boat, canoe,
<i>.</i>			tank, etc.
pánì	n		any material made of pan or tin (<eng. pan)<="" th=""></eng.>
pá-ókí-nà	ph.		presume; assume
pànkíkà	n		pan-cake (<eng.)< th=""></eng.)<>
pàpá	n		form of address to a father by his child
pàpâ	adv.		just; ordinary; ordinarily
pàpábộ\$	n.		ordinary person; commoner
pàpábù	n.a.		naked; nakedness
pàpásìmé	a.		idle; desolate
pàpáy^e	n		ordinary thing; irrelevance
pàràfínì _	n		kerosene (<eng. <i="">parafin)</eng.>
pàràngā	n		liver
pàràpàrá	a.		very sweet; sugary in taste
pár <u>ī</u>	V		to plait hair; to take someone to task; to entwine
pàrī	a.		twisted as of tightly entangled knot; elastic to a point as of pounded yam or fufu
pásīsī	excl.		expression to entreat someone for consideration; seeking the pleasure
F the second			of someone
pàtàlà	a.		broad and flat
péémà	adv.		shouting rudely with evil intention on somebody's name
p^e (pee)	adv.		here; this way
pěí	v		to eat fish
pèìmá	adv.		falling flat, possibly with face downward
pèkè(bie)	n n		groins; area between the thigh and the pubes

Kirikę	PoS	SF	English gloss
pèkèlé	V		to jump in a semi-somersaulting manner for joy esp. during 'owu' display
pékélédíkì	v		to examine thoroughly; to review
pékélédíkíayèmá	n		meditations (rel.)
péképéké	a.		flying like flag; distant
péképékémà	adv.		rushing from a distance without break, arousing anxiety in people
pékéré	a.		half or fraction
pệkệrệ	n		side; part; portion
pékérē	v		to answer; reply
pékérébò\$	n		redeemer
pékérēbó	v		to save, redeem
pékérèpákýmábó	v		to ransom
pélé	v		to cut
péléběké	n		window
pélégbín	v		to cut down; to fell or hew down a tree
pélékóró	n		passage; corridor; verandah
pèlèlé	v		to deviate course or divert to another direction
pèlèlèpélélé	a.		unsteady or slippery in behaviour
pélémā	V		to siphon; to pour (liquid) from one container into another
pèlèmá	v		to forestall; to overtake
péléókí	v		to deduct from money or material; to curtail and take; to
r			counterbalance
pélépákányó	n		short cut; back door
pélésíkímà	v		to cut aside; separate
pélésín	v		to cut off; to reduce
pémpém	a.		light; membranous; thin
pénbé	adv.		even
pénbémá	a.		similar; like; about
péndē	V		to dance joyously out of tempo
pèndèré	a.		disfigured in shape e.g. dimpled empty tin
péngē	a.		bent; not regular
pén <u>ī</u>	v		to press aside the outer skin in order to expose the inner part
pệìnjí	n	f	special fish chosen for food
pèré	a.n		wealth; rich and wealthy
pérémmà	v.adv		to flee all of a sudden; to vanish like a criminal
pérémpérém	a.		fear expressed by the beating of the heart
pérí	n		butterfly or moth
pèrìpèrí	a.		membranous and distended to a point of bursting
pệtíkòtì	n		underwear for women like a short frock (<eng. <i="">petticoat)</eng.>
pèrìá	n	f	fish sp.
pérígó	p.n.		ceremony performed in honour of a dead chief or warrior by his first
nówabè	n	1 12 ~	daughter and two others (see Appendix iii)
pérígbò pórítí	n V	ms	ancient masquerade
pérítí nàsì	v		to jubilate profusely
pèsì	a.		lazy, the expression, 'íkúlápésì' is usually attributed to a very lazy person
pệsī`	n		low level; a valley
pètèkìpétékí	id.		plump with good, soft physique; fleshy all round in balanced symmetry
pètèré	a.		broad and flat commonly used to describe the head, thus tíþí pètèré (flat head)
pètíkòt	n		underwear for women (<eng. <i="">petticoat)</eng.>
piamgba	n		maize, corn (also ìpìangbá)

Kirikę	PoS	SF	English gloss
píánī	v		to cause to stick to with paint, glue
píjù	adv.		here; this way
píkē	v		to pin; to anchor or berth like a ship
píkéchíemà	v		to implant or anchor firmly
píkí	v		to deny; to gainsay
píkī	v		to turn something
- pìkí	conj.		and, again (also pìkinā)
pìkí	v.		to turn about or over; to convert
pìkìá	n.v		competition; a challenge; to contend
píkíchíemá	v		to dare; to perform defiantly
píkīdŭkò	v		to interprete; to translate
píkī-íþó	v		to pervert; to lead astray; to blaspheme
pìkìmà-	n		antonym; word opposite in meaning to another
òkùeìngbòtù			
pįkinā	conj.		and; also; again (also pìkí)
píkírī	v		to mix; to stir
pìkìrìpíkírí	a.		unsteady and slippery in manners
píkírí'jàpù	n		mixed cassava (also = ápálápá)
píkírípìamgbà	n		mixed maize (usually with ripe plantain)
píkó	n		feather
pìlàkí	a.		very soft; sticky slimy
pìlákì(pìnlákì)	n		plank (<eng.)< th=""></eng.)<>
pìlípìlí	n		bird sp. (= ikpikpī in Ogoloma dialect); also, nickname for a child
			fond of urinating while asleep
pím	n		tingle; some sensation in a person for some happening (o bù pim bè
			ke) i.e.; no feeling in him
pímbē	V		to have sexual intercourse
pínā	a.		white
pínābŏ	n		white man
píndémā	V		to effect a mixture for a thickening and sweetening result in cooking;
			to add some ingredient to thicken or sweeten or savour the soup or
			gravy
pínì	n		pin (office, safety, etc.) (<eng.)< th=""></eng.)<>
pínī ,	v		to strip off the skin, rind or bark etc.
pínjī	V		to gradually ooze out from an original or parent body or a container
			e.g., juice from a tree, liquid from a tube
			to makean unexpected appearance (pínjīpáká)
pìorú	n	ms	set of face-worn masquerades with long bills usually played by Agba
nið`\$rú nákábá			Biri people to escape from tribulation or difficult experience or encounter
pi ò`\$rú-páká bó píp i	V		to manage with meticulous care; to continue discussing an issue
bį́b <u>i</u> ́	v		unnecessarily; to bring as a child from its cradle with the strictest care
			and economy e.g. an orphan
pípíkòló	adv.		perfect silence cautioned; slight sensation
pípīpákýmà	v		to wean up an infant esp. an orphan; to help out a helpless child to earn
bibibarina	v		a livelihood
pì\$rì	n		bush
pìrí	v		to give
pìrìamábộ\$	·		dweller in the bush; people from the hinterland e.g. the Igboman lit.
Γ			bushman (pl. pìrìamápų)
pìrìàyè	n		offerings; gifts
pìrìkàmbúlò	n		poisonous spider
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Kirike dictionary	Draft Levi Sika ed	. Roger Blench
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Kirikę	PoS	SF	English gloss
pìrìkìká	n		bush biscuit; bush fruit of brown pods whose substances taste like
			biscuit when cracked to eat
pìriòbírì	n		wild dogs found in packs and bushes; jackals
pìrìóbǒkō(okụa)	n		bush fowl
pírírì	a.adv		escaping in quick succession e.g., bullets from the muzzle, faeces from
			the anus
pírírìpírírì	adv.		smartly moving here and there; appearing evey where within a short
(prírìprírì)			time
pìrìyē	n		tribute; gift; present; token
pís <u>ī</u>	V		to scratch
pìsí	a.		wet
pìsíjùlè(pú)	a.		totally wet; completely drenched and soaked from heavy rain
písírímā	V		to remove chaff from grains by rubbing the grains with the fingers as from friend groundnuts; also; to disintegrate any dry substance, into smaller particles by pressing it with the fingers dry leaves, dry native chalk, alligator-pepper etc;
písímā	v		to wet; to soak in water; to make wet
- pìtàkí	a.		usually used as an intensifier to 'loko' thus loko-pitaki; i.e., very soft
			to the point of being sticky and slimy
póchū	V		to force in; to add an idea to someone's speech
póchúkú	n		latrine; place for passing out faeces
pókī	V		to listen
pókō	V		to use pin or needle to pick out something from a substance e.g. jigger from the body, periwinkle (isam) from its shell; also to make a hollow by scratching e.g. dog, digging a hole; fowl making a scratch
pókō	V		to drop off; to release from a hooked condition or a hanging position
pókóló	a.		tall and lanky with hollow stomach
pókóló	n		cave; den
pókōsín	V		snatch away, release or remove from a stock where it hangs
pókú	n		waterside, anchorage
pòkú	n		bat
pókú	num.		quantity; bundle; 8000 in counting
póló	n		ward, quarter
pòló	v,a.		burst; punctured; perforated
pólō	V		to puncture; to cause a hole
pólóchó	v.n		custom whereby a young man is initiated into the regular customary contributions such as burials in a family; he is thus regarded as full fledged person and achieves manhood. The qualification for this status could, in a modern light, be based on being a taxable adult, working, marrying and being on one's own business that is, outfitting his fishing occupation or enterprise
póm	n.v		fart, diffused bad smell; to diffuse bad gas
pòndó	a.v		disfigured by pressure like a dimpled tin
pónì	n		pound sterling (<eng.)< td=""></eng.)<>
pònīa	n	f	tongue-sole, <i>Cynoglossus</i> spp. Two common species are álápónìa or álápúínjī=álínjì
pònjí	V		to press and squeeze (one's hands) or press out water from wet cloth or oil from palm oil fibre
pònjí	n		white kernel from unripe palm fruit
póō	v		to castrate an animal
póō	v		to force open a locked door
póō	v		to rape

Kirike	PoS	SF	English gloss
pòpó	n		locally produced cloth by the people of Popo and Ghana
pósí	n		equals who grow together thus pósíógbó (group of equals); pósípáká
			(equals from childhood
pòsì	n		cat (<eng. <i="">pussy) (può\$sì)</eng.>
pòtòmpòtóm	a.		very soft; over-ripe as of fruit
pótónì	n		puncheon; cask containing oil
pú	v		to split; break
pùá	v		to separate
pų́ā	v.a.		to mock, flatter
púfínjì	v		to explain broadly and explicitly; to give details of something
púgálágálámà	v		shatter; to break into pieces (also = púkósímà)
pùkò	n		throat, covetousness neck
pùkodò\$kí	v.a.		fond of depending on the food of others or on other people property; to
P * - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			be covetous
pùkògbùrùgbú	n		throat; oesophagus; tube connecting the gullet to the stomach
půkýkpoý`@	a.		capable of resisting hunger
půkýkpýmā	u. V		to withstand hunger
pùkòmgbòlú	v n		throat by which food passes to the stomach; gullet; idiomatically
půkômgnôiů	11		applied to mean covetous
pùkoò`\$ló	37		to check or try to withstand hunger or thirst
pụkoọ siọ pùkỳòlòlò	V		• •
μάκόοιοιο	n		trachea, the tube from the larynx to the bronchii; windpipe (also = $l_{1} d(p) d(p) d(p)$)
			kálápůkě)
pùkòpín 	a.		hanging in the throat; unable to swallow
pùkòsámíná	a.		lit. dry throat; thirsty
pùkòsòlìmā	a.		jealous; creating attration or likeness
pùkộtà'n	a.		contented; satisfied
pùkòtàrí	V		to long for food, drink, water, clothing, sexing etc); feeling of desire, lust
púlā	a.		tastless; sour; defiled
púlámā	v		to defile; to desecrate
púlámà	n		bitterleaf
pùlò	n		blood; oil (táþá-púlò)
pùlòpùlópùlò	a.		red
pùlòpùlófènìbà	n		weaver-bird
pùlòsètį́bísàrā	v		anoint; (also = mìefíafíamà)
pýmá	v		to slice into smaller pieces
pùmbò	n		bad or foul air exuded from the anus; fart
pùmbòḥá	v		to pollute the air by exuding fart
pùmbú	v		to totter; moving as if wanting to fall
púmbúró	n		chaff; pieces; fragments; crumbs
pún	a.		shut; blind; filled up; blocked
pụndā	v.a.		to oppress; to suppress one's feelings etc.
pụnda pụnmā	v.u. V		to blockade; to shut or close
pụnna pụ́únmà	adv		to sneak or move stealthily (also = ménép úmà)
pụunna pụnụ	n	ma	'fox'
pụnụ pùnú	n v	ma	to press
pụnụ pùnùkórómā			to subdue
- · ·	V		
pýnýmā	V		to pressurise; to overcome by placing much pressure on; to accuse innocently
poò`@sì (pòsí)	n		pussy, cat (<eng. <i="">pussy)</eng.>
pų́rā	v		to carry
pùràmá	V		to take refuge with absolute surrendering (also = $sisima$)

Kirikę	PoS	SF	English gloss
púráyé	n		load, burden; responsibility
pùrùkú	a.		rumpled;
	v.		to ruffle up
pùrùkùpúrúkú	id.		in a rough bundling up
pùrùpùrú	a.		disorderly; untidy; scattered; unkempt
pùrùpùrùòbò\$kō	n		fowl with unkempt feathering
púrúrùpáká	a.		appearing suddenly; accidental
púrúrùpákáyé	n		accident
púsárà	v		to tear or break in pieces
púwásā	v		to cut open widely as of cloth; to spread abroad as information or declaration

R,r		
R,r rédiò règèrègé	n a.	a consonant, the twenty-sixth letter of the Okrika alphabet. The letter, R,r, is one of the unproductive letters as word-beginning. Its main importance lies more on its inevitable peculiar grammar usage. Thus the suffix-rē or réré, is mostly used in forming words by affixing to other words. Its functions are (i) to express and denote the meanings of only, unless, except; (ii) to introduce prepositional clauses and phrases. Thus árì-rē Is it she that? þe-ré unless he only he Is it he that fà-ré Unless the that? he-ré unless he only death fì-rê Unless they Except they irì-rē Is it you that? only you that? irì-rē Except I Is it I that? irì-rē Conly drink that mí-ré Only drink that mí-ré Only drink that mí-ré Unless you Is it this that? o'mìnè-rē Unless you
ríngì rúlà	n n	ring worn on the finger (<eng.) ruler (<eng. <i="">ruler)</eng.></eng.)
		-

Kirikę	PoS	SF	English gloss
S,s			
S,s			consonant, the twenty-seventh letter of the Okrika alphabet
sá	n		debt; anything owed; a score-point in a game
sáþá	v		to cross; to go over to an opposite place
sáþátélí	n		bridge, ferry
sàḥáìn	n		soap (<port.)< td=""></port.)<>
sáþámà	v		to pass on; to take to the other side
sádérí	v		to sell on credit
sáfí	v		to owe
sáín(mú)	adv		throwing oneself down consciously e.g. at a bathing pool, springing
-			from a pier into the water (see náínmú)
sàjí	n	f	turbot, Psettodes belcheri [RF]
sájì	n		serge, woollen cloth, twill, worsted; (<eng.)< td=""></eng.)<>
sákáín	a.		elegant and austere looking magnificent
sàkàlá	a.		wide apart (like large ears)
sákī	v.n		start
sàkíe	excl.		vocative expression used in calling the attention of listeners during
			story telling
sákímīè	v		to start doing
sàkò	n	f	fish sp.
sákórómá	v		to give on credit; (also = sápírí, sádérí)
sàlá	a.		distant, aloof
sàlàmá	adv		behaving in an unconcerned manner; getting aloof from others;
			nonchalant behaviour
sààmā	adv.		more than required
sàámâ-þárásīn	v		to leave off with consideration; to let go with discretion
sàmàsámá	a.		opposite
sámbì	n. n		key
sámíná	n a.		dry
sán	a. V		to urinate; also used as adjective to describe nightfall (éné-sán)
sánā			to fling; to spray
	v		dry branch of any plant
sángá	n		
sàní sàní	v.		melt
•	n		alligator pepper
sán <u>ī</u> sànísàní	V		to sign a document to append one's signature (<eng. <i="">sign)</eng.>
sànísàní sányá	a.		glistening; shining in oily colour; "shineshine"
sányó	n		urinal; place for urinating
sápírí	v.n		credit sale, giving article of sale on credit (also = sakoroma)
sárá	n		refuse heap; dung hill (a.) reduced e.g. swelling
sàrā	V		to pour or drop
aánáchálá		:	chorus in singing
sárágbálá	n	i	small greyish hopping larva or insect commonly found among refuse
~~~~~			heaps
sàràkórómà	V		to abandon; to leave off completely
sárámà	V		to be quick; in haste; to be fast; quickly
sàràmā	V		to force womanhood on a girl who has been impregnated before the
· · -			'Iria' ceremony
sàràmā	V		to overhear; to reach somebody by hearing (also = $\partial w \dot{w} m \dot{a}$ )
sárásárá	a.		light; not heavy; simple and accessible; easy; reduced in weight
sásā	V		to renew power as of charm; to revitalise
sàsá	a.		distant; apart; not in close contact

Kirike	PoS	SF	English gloss
sàsànyợ	n		distant place; abroad
sàsàmā	V		to get aloof; to be afar off
sásó	n		evening; period close to night-fall
sé	n		nation; clan; tribe
sè	conj.		and, then, what; also used as auxiliary word ;to phrases e.g., sè nwo
			<b>bère</b> meaning by the way?
	adv.		used in the Infinitive Mood in elliptical statements e.g. 'Sé chúa i.e.' oki sé chúa meaning "take to put in" ("take" not usually expressed)
	prep.		sé ótómā i.e., for instance, for example
sệệfiì`@	v		to practise harlotry; to fornicate; whore
sé-élékímà	n		national sign or mark e.g. national flag
sèfiàpú	n		adulterers
sè-fìbŏ	n		harlot, prostitute, whore (also = <b>amanwengi-erembo</b> )
sé-fíyè	n		national food or cake
sèín	v		to send; to load in; to allow someone a lift; to shave; to give presents during dances or displays; to spray currency notes on performers
sèìán-sèìánþó	v		coming in succession across a waterway or bridge in batches by means of ferry by boat, canoe, vehicle esp. during festivities
sèìán-sèìánsó	v		going in succession across a waterway or bridge in batches by means of ferry by boat, canoe vehicle, esp. during festivities
sę́-į́ngǫ́	n		national wealth
sé-kárífíyè	n		national pledge
sékē	v		to place under; thus <b>chúkúsékéyé</b> (pad, <b>tíþísékéyé</b> (pillow))
séké	n		time or period (Ogoloma dialect) (also = $siki$ )
sèké	v		to awaken; to arouse as of old sickness in the body or cough arousing
• •			lungs ailment
sékéní	n		traditional group of recognized intelligent and respectable men who liaise with the common people for the chiefs, and with the chiefs for the king; a group of people responsible for the government of the people
sálzí	vn		dance
sékí sèkí	v.n		crocodile
	n	fma	
Sékíbě sílete ž	p.n.	fm	•
sékíbě sílsíst	n		dancer the world
sékírí - (l-((l-()))	n		
sékíríþé-àyè	n		worldly things earthly things; also <b>tòmkìrìẹ̀e-àyé</b>
sélè	excl.		expression used to ward off unimportant matter, or to condemn a
<u>\</u>			person (slang)
sèlé	V		to select; to choose
sèled`íkì	V		to examine
sèleò`@kí	a.n		chosen; elect
sèlèyé	n		something selected
sèlèmà	a.v	c	separately selected from others
Sèlèmá	p.n.	fm	name of family in Okrika, living in Edereme Biri
sèlètí	V		to jubilate without control
sémbè	adv.		not knowing that; incidentally
sèmà	a.n.v		article or message sent; to send on errand
sèmèní	n.a.		poor; not wealthy; needy
séngí	v		to slice e.g. cassava tuber into tapioca
sèní	v.n		to grow; to rise to increase; growth
sènì	adv.		and so; and then; so; then
sènìbŏ	n		elder; as senior person, pl. sèniàpú ()

Kirikę	PoS	SF	English gloss
sệ-nímè	n		national song; national anthem
sèniò`\$rú	n		age; age group; people belonging to an equal set of age
sénísénímà	adv.		making the face pucker as with disdain
sénsénmà	a.adv		in little bits like showers of rain falling; also applied to newly cut hair
			growing, oil poured on sliced yam
sệ-ópû	n		national pride
sệrệrẹ	v		to lean to; to lean on something
sérí	a.		flowing as of tidal water
sérī	V		to skim, carefully removing dust floating on water; to dust slightly and carefully
Sétárí	n		patriotic society of an age-group; loving one's nation
séyéchín	v		to give heed to
sìi	n.a.		sin; wrong doing; bad; evil
síi	n		twenty in counting; also sí
sìá	V		to break off from loving one another, like husband and wife being no more on terms or two friends in dispute
sían	n		veins, artery; rope or twine esp. that made from raffia
sìþáráséímbásí	v		to be wantonly treacherous
síþírí	n		crocodile, 'alligator'
sìbù`\$fîmā	n		absolution
sìbù`\$vínpìkì	a.		penitent
sìdùkòpákýmà	v		to confess
sìifáa-òjù	n		vile body
sìfúlā	n		woo; curse against someone
sìgō	v		to confess; to avow
Sìkā	p.n.	fm	family in Okrika, living in Adedeme Biri
síká	n	f	sting-ray, Dasyatis margarita. cf. also abajibaraba
sìkákà	n		cotton tree with thorns
sìkákà			mast in a ship
sìkákà-chìn	n		tree or wood from cotton tree
sìkī`	v		to reject; forsake; renounce
síkí	n		time by the clock or period
síkí	n		bay; out into the open sea
síkífámáká	a.		immediate
síkífámákábù`\$	adv.		immediately; forthwith
síkímámgbà	adv.		always
síkíkíenyé	n		clock, watch, time keeper, (also = sòkiệnyé)
síkímá	prep.		except; unless
sìkìmâ	v		to give way; get aloof
sìkìmànyọ^	n		abroad
síkínásíkíná	adv.		as time goes on; eventually; time and again
síkípù	adv.		thence; from that time (usually applied as cheekword with the prefix ' <b>míokù</b> ' i.e. from now upward)
síkírī	v		to wash
sìkìrí	v		fade; changing from its original colour
síkírī	v		to rub or smear with some force; to massage
síkítà	n	mi	big drum with baritone tune, usually used in marking the tempo of the music produced by the set
síkō	n	f	caterpillar like lobsters
-		ms	conical material used in decorating masquerade at the back of the waist
			(tùmò-ìmgbùsú)
sìkòmàsíkómá	a.		not proper, of doubting nature; not well born

Kirike	PoS	SF	English gloss
sìkòròmá	n		evil thought or plan against someone; bad feeling
sìkòròmànyợ	n		place where bad things are deposited like the bad "bush" where
			sacrificial materials, dead bodies resulting from accidents, withcraft,
			sores etc. are deposited
sílíli	n		shilling ( <eng.) <b="" also="">sílì, sílíngì</eng.)>
sílíngī	v		eating fufu, that is, rolling fufu balls and swallowing profusely
símā	V		to destroy and to spoil intentionally; also sìmā
símā	V		to sigh
símbí	v		to pull harder; to use a pole to pull by pushing the pole against the bed
			of the water underneath
sìmbī	v		to drown someone by pressing him into the water, denying him
			breathing
símé	n		conception; being in family way
sìmē	v		to stay; to sit down; to marry
sìmèbŏsímébŏ	a.n		everyone; all and sundry
sìmégbámásó	adv.		everlasting; remaining for ever; eternal
símékpótó	v		to miscarry as of conception also <b>símésó</b>
sìméògbò	adv.		while; in space of time
símésín	v		to commit abortion
sìmètíþíyè	v n		dowry in money or kind
simetipiye sìmètónbò\$			fiancée or fiancé; intended wife or husband
simetonboş simèy^e	n n		
sineyre	n		dowry
a) má			seat
sìmé	n		underwear for women's gown [ <eng. <i="">chemise]</eng.>
sìmìẹmìẹyé _	n		iniquity
sīn	v		to drink tea or soup
sīn\$	v		to remove
sìnáìḥìnànémíkùḥ	n		conscience
ìe			
sinbarabu	n		retrenchment (also = $\mathbf{f}_{\mathbf{i}}\mathbf{r}_{\mathbf{i}}\mathbf{b}\mathbf{\hat{u}}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{\hat{o}}$ )
sìndàkí	a.		elastic; spontaneously expansive and flexible like pounded fufu or yar
sìndó	v,exc		an expression to indicate sympathy for someone physically hurt or
	1.		otherwise disturbed with worries; to take courage
sìnè	n		noose
sìngí	n	f	catfish
sìngí	v	f	to slumber
síngíláþòlìá	n	f	moray eel, Muraenidae. with white and black colour segmentation
síngò	n	f	shellfish found in sand bank; clam (bivalve)
sínínì	n		velvet cloth
sìnìní	v		to slip ( <b>bûọ-sìnìní</b> )
sìnìnìsíníní	a.		smooth; slippery; velvetine
sìnìnī	a.		cramp; lacking flow of blood in some part of the body; spasmodic; the
			muscle retracting, also ásémíní-míníbà
sìnpákýmà	V		to bring out; to subtract
sìnwèngìkōn	v		to transgress
siq`\$ku^	abb.		abbreviation of the phrase 'sio`\$kú I, némíká?', a blaming tone on
			someone who ought to know the facts of an affair but poses not to
			know
sìpàràngá	n		lungs; lit. bad liver also <b>fùfú</b>
sìpìrì	n		whitlow, <b>okoohia</b> ( <igbo) bad="" bush<="" lit.="" td=""></igbo)>
sírítítímà	adv.		gushing sound of liquid (blood, water etc.) from a source (echoic)
sìsàyētélímà	v		to make restitution; to make amends for wrong or injury done by
	•		to make restruction, to make unlends for wrong of injury done by

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Kirikę	PoS	SF	English gloss
			giving an equivalent compensation
sísé	v		rise, awake; get up
sísíþénè	adv.		two days before yesterday or after tomorrow
sìsìkí	n		bad moments; ill fated period; irregular period
sìsìmā	v		to force oneself on another for responsibility, feeding, and shelter
• •			to demand debt forcefully
sìtéinyé	n.		the worst of all
sìtệlìmàyé	n		propitiation bringing to a favourable and peaceful satisfactory
••••			condition
sìtìbì	n		wickedness
sìtórúsékiè`\$nmā	v		to imagine or believe to be rightly chargeable with something wrong;
sityi userie annu	•		to suspect
sìtórúsékíénmábò	n		suspect
\$	11		suspect
φ sìtú	n		stew ( <eng.) also="" sùtú<="" td=""></eng.)>
sìyè	n n		vice; evil; whitlow
•	n V		
sìyèbû-bûsírì sìyèbûvínnìk <del>ī</del> `	V		to eschew evil; to abstain from any evil or bad thing to eschew evil
sìyèbûvínpìkī`	V		
só	V		to go; move
sò	n		sky; fate or fortune
só	adv.		too; also
sóò	V		to enter; initiate as member of a society
sòàlàgbā	n		thunder; lightening
sóþéin	a.		fully entered (also = sópàlí, sógbígbí)
sòþíe	n		heaven
sòþíengò	n		heavenly treasure
sóþó	V		to return; come back from a journey
sóbó	v		to enter in as the door opens after knocking
sòþùnó	n		clouds (also = sòtòrù mèngì) (lit. water of the atmosphere)
sòdāchíenyợ	n		horizon
sòdù`\$pàrí	n		hailstone
sòþùrùmô	n		mole on the human skin
sò-èlèkìmá	n		natural sign e.g., rainbow on the sky; also unusually size of mole on
			the human skin or mark one is born with; birthmark (also = sònìmé)
sòfénì	n		vulture (also = <b>ìndú; odè`\$lè</b> )
Sòfìrí	p.n.		work from heaven usually taken as name for "Godpower" i.e.; God's
			labour (also = <b>Támúnókúrò</b> or <b>Òrákúrò</b> )
sógbígbí	adv.		fully entered or contained
sógbìsìrí	adv.		fully entered; gone right through inside; to enter into a house
			completely
sògbúrúrù	n	c	brownish crab found in light mangrove forest and waterside, believed
0			never to release its victim when it bites, unless the weather thunders.
sói	num.		thirty in counting
sòìnyō	n		power from heaven or above
sójà	n		soldier ( <eng.)< th=""></eng.)<>
sókì	n		occasional lazy, mood of a person as a result of (i) his wife's sexual
			indecency exercised on him (see <b>éréméní-ìjìþàsò</b> ) (ii) guilty
			conscience (see <b>íríásó</b> ); repercussion
sókī	v		to pick out from original body or container e.g. oyster from its shell;
o <b>≜izi</b>	v		revealing hidden facts
sòkìęnyé	n		time keeping instrument; clock or wrist watch (also = síkíkíenyé)
sokienye sókípákýmà			to pick or extract from original body or container (also = $s\phi kisin$ )
synipanyına	V		to pick of extract from original body of container (also – sykisin)

Kirike dictionary	Draft Levi Sika e	d. Roger Blench
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Kirike	PoS	SF	English gloss
sókírí	V		to find out hidden facts scrupulously; investigate thoroughly; to be
			solicitous about minute details
sókìs	n		socks ( <eng.)< td=""></eng.)<>
sókísín	v		to pick out from the original container with pin or needle like the
			removal of periwinkle ( <b>ísám</b> ) from its shell
sókópí	a.		lifted high pointedly; titling out conspicuously from a point
sókóró	v.a.		to fall; to cast down; to become
sòkòròmā	v		usually refers to the moon or sun just before it comes to view; the
			clearing state of the sky before the moon or sun appears
sókú	v		to dig; to harvest
Sòkú	p.n.		"juju" of separation or enmity invoked by a relation. An offended
	piin		relative, not wishing continuity of the love link between him or her and
			his or her relative (sister, brother, children, parents, cousins, etc.)
			openly declares that the offender should no more have any link with
			the offended, even unto death. This declaration is known as the "juju",
			sòkú
sókúsíkí	n		harvesting period; harvest
sokusiki sókúsíkíalali	n		harvest season; harvest; thanksgiving ceremony
sókúsín	n		
sokusin sókútólúnà	V		to dig or scoop out
	V - CC		to bore a hole through digging
-SQ	aff.		also. Agrees tonally with stem
sólī	V		to have the linking for another man's possession; to covet (also =
			dìkípùkòsòlí)
sòlòlō	a.		hanging; dangling
sómà	v.a.		onward; forward; go ahead
sómá	V.		do not enter; commanded not to enter
sòmā	conj.		then; there upon; there and then (carefully used in the same sense as tére)
so <b>ò\$māa</b>	V		to make reference to someone by word (usually preceded with the auxiliary ' <b>ókuĕín</b> ' thus, ' <b>ókuĕín Ìisoò\$mà</b> (referring to me); ' <b>okú∉ín á sóomáa</b> ' (referring to her etc.)
sòmásómá	a.		not proper; something not regular and not aborigin esp. as of birth of someone (also = sìkòmà-síkómá)
sòmbī	v		to squat
sómû	v ph.w.		to go in; commanded to go in
sýngíl <u>ī</u>	v		to screw inside; to turn repeatedly inside; to find fault (idiomatic use)
sóngú	v n		sardine, Sardinella spp. (cf. <b>èkémbà</b> )
sóní	conj.		too; also
sònìmé	•		heaven's mark; natural or original mark; birthmark; congenital mark on
somme	n		
			the body like mole (also = $s\hat{o}-\hat{e}l\hat{e}k\hat{m}\hat{a}$ )
sónío	num.		six in counting
sónjú	n		nautical mile arbitrarily reckoned from bends (capes) of either
sónó	num.		mangrove forest or river vegetation; nautical kilometre adapted five in counting;
			ants
sónómì	num.		seven in counting
sònsōn	a.		irritating; scratchy; feeling uneasy; itching
sónyó	n		porch; entrance
sópù (síọpù)	n		shop ( <eng.)< td=""></eng.)<>
sòpsóp	n		succulent fruit with white pulp and black seeds ( <eng. <i="">soursop) also <b>chòchóp</b></eng.>
sópàlí	2		tightly entered in full
ovhari	a.		ugnuy chiereu in run

Kirike	PoS	SF	English gloss
sórìsórì	a.		haphazardly done or said; anything said or performed with little care or not
sóró	n	f	red snapper, Lutjanus agennes (also <b>àgbàrá</b> )
sórówárį	n		isolated hut built on a dunghill or bush for a mad person, idiot or a
			patient with an infectiious disease
sósà	n		saucer ( <eng.)< td=""></eng.)<>
sósà	n		phrase word, meaning if entered
sòsí	adv.		perhaps; maybe; probably
sòsìkìmà	adv.		particularly; especially; moreso
sòtónyé	n		something planned by heaven i.e., God's plan (usually taken as name)
sòtórù	n		atmosphere; sky
sówā	a.		entered in excess; full and overflowing
sòwákám	n		lightning; that casual winking lightning that opens and closes without thunder also known as <b>ámáìḥàlàfámà</b>
sówú	n.		repercussion; some happening to cause results in the bad or negative sense
sówúþí	v.n.		to fight in return for a past grievance or misunderstanding; to retaliate; vengeance
sóyé	n		profit; gain
sū	V		to soak; to immerse; to steam fresh fish, meat, etc., in order to preserve it
súū	v.a.		increase; risen in size e.g., bread loaf as it bakes; to swell up
súà(súwà)	excl.		expression of forbidding anything evil; pronounce curse, wishing evil, failure etc. a parent to a child or master to his subject
súà (súyà)	n		roasted pieces of meat on stick ( <hausa)< td=""></hausa)<>
súa	V		to lodge complaint to someone with the intent to expect a redress and
			compromise
sùbà	n	fg	hooked spear mostly used in fishing
sùká	a.		hooked
súkā	V		to hang on a hanger increasing or doubling line of meshes in a net
sų́kų̃	v.a.		to waver in behaviour; to be slippery or unsteady in decision; unsteady like a canoe with narrow keel
sùkúlù	n		school ( <eng.)< td=""></eng.)<>
súlē	V		to deride someone by openly hooting at him
sùlèsùlè	v.a.		hovering about in distress being embarrassed; moving here and there in quest of help when one is involved in trouble e.g., court case, death
súlèsúlèmà	adv.		like a chained criminal having his legs dangling as he struggles under torture
sùlùkú	v.a.		entangled like fish in a net; soaked in a bog or mud or swamp
súmā	v		push; using force to move something steady
súmāgbīn	v		to push down a steady object e.g., a standing object or human being
sùnā	V		to struggle by throwing oneself about; to be worried inwardly over an issue
sýndýký	n		hunchback with chest protrusion
sùngùmá	V		to be in procession or recession; to form a single file; to be in line
sýný	n		cane
sụnụfúró	n		inside pith of cane when the outer material is removed sickness which causes disorder of the stomach, setting unrest, frequent
sýnýnū	V		stooling, vomiting and sometimes developing to fainting-fit to massage the body using ointment to smear part of the body or rub with strain

Kirike	PoS	SF	English gloss
sùsàfịtúrù	n		leaven; leavened bread (biblical)
sùtú	n		stew ( <eng.) also="" sìtú<="" td=""></eng.)>
T,t			
T,t			consonant, the twenty eighth letter of the Okrika alphabet
tā	n		wife
táa	excl.		expression to ward off an undesirable; term to check noise or to quell child
táþā	v		to lick with the tongue
tàbộ\$	n		wife; married woman; spouse
tàbó	v		to soak; to immerse or soak oneself in water
tàḥátàḥàmà	adv.		talking like a learner of a language; talking with a lisp; uttering words resembling each other
táþrítáþrí	a.		too fond of making speech before any other in a gathering; forward in behaviour; officious; retortive
táintáin	a.		trembling; palpitating
tákī	v		to attach or place at a tip of something like cloth; to append something to another, leaving it dangling like epaulet on the soldiers of high military officers
tàkìtàkí	a.		untidy; rough; slipshod; disorderly; unkempt (adv.) tàkìtàkìmá
tálá	n		yeast
tàlàbú	a.n		extraordinary; awkward; queer in looking e.g., with any inanimate thing or structure like extra large paddle; wear; oversize, etc.
tàlàtàlá	a.		scattered and disorderly like unkempt hair
tálí	a.		neatly projecting out; to be turgid and erect
tàáló	excl.		term in the dub-game; as the pursuer pursues the runner, he who quickly reaches the co-ordinator, registers and declares his escape by dubbing the co-ordinator with the shout ' <b>taalo</b> ' that is, I register my refuge; a moon light game for children
támátámátàmà	adv.		rushing out to check and disturb an incoming person; intercepting the furious incomer
Támýný	n		God Almighty
Támúnóþérè	n		Godly, religion; divine ways of God; religion; worshipping of God
			service of God
támúnóþérédŭkób ò\$	n		evangelist; preacher
támýnódíkíþáláfà	a.		devout; pious; devoted
támýnódŭkósímà	v		to speak impiously or irreverently of God; to blaspheme
támúnó-ígb^e	n		ark of God
támýnókíká	a.		Godly; divine; God-like
támýnókpótí	v		to dissemble; speak or act hypocritically
támýnókpótíapù	n		dissemblers; pretenders; fanatics
támýnónémí	a.		religious; pious; devoted
tán	V		to collect and carry off to throw away as of refuse; also to paint; to smear as oil on wound
tàán	a.		satisfied; contended
tàndà	n		elevated seat prepared to display the body of a dead man who in his life time maintained respectable fame as a warrior, or a wealthy Chief, or a patriot
tándā			or a patriot
tándā	V		to clear or take burning coal or cinder from the hearth with the purpose

Kirike	PoS	SF	English gloss
			of kindling fire
tánglítánglí	a.		thin; tiny; lanky
tángbín	V		to remove and throw away ( <ijo) (also="tánwúkúmà)&lt;/td"></ijo)>
tànjí	V		to climb; to ascend
tànjìsábá	v		to cross by climbing a bridge
U,u			
U,u			vowels, the twenty-ninth and thirtieth letters of the Okrika alphabet
úù	excl.		pronounced oo as in fool, is an expression of derisive hooting made on someone who performs a shameful act in the public e.g. a thief caught in public
uuu	excl.		?
ùbé	n		native pear ( <igbo)< td=""></igbo)<>
U@kù	p.n.	fm	family in Abua in ALGA
úkùà	n		rice fruit ( <igbo)< td=""></igbo)<>
Ùrírì	p.n.	fm	family in KELGA
Ų, ų	ų		
ùkpákàlá	n		oil bean ( <igbo)< td=""></igbo)<>
V	V		
v,v	v		consonant, the thirty first letter of the Okrika alphabet
váá	id.		expressing the tear of cloth (echoic); splash of water dashed on
	101		something or someone
váì	id.		splashing sound as of bailing water out of a boat or container (adv.) vàìmà; also dǔvàì
váín	id.		frying sound also as (v) indicating flow of money
vákī	v		to roll balls of fufu furiously
vàámá	a.adv		description of the brightness of light or colourful cloth, thus vàamábiá i.e. shining brightly
vápùvápù	id.		descriptive of the method of bailing water out of a sinking boat; quick removal of water from a boat with <b>pàngà</b> (bailer)
vélì	n		cloth known as velvet; smooth carpette stuff ( <eng.)< td=""></eng.)<>
vévé	a.		descriptive of the style of wearing cloth far down to touch the ground as overflowing, mostly peculiar to women's fashion
vévé-kìrì	n		fishing-port
vļá	a.		shining bright; clear with a spark
vîn	n		automatic wavering like light
vínvìn	adv.		wavering
vínpìkí	v		to turn about instantly
vínpìkìkúþíe(m̀gb	n		penitent heart
òlù)			
ví'ní	a.		clear and matching in colour
víópù	id.		expression of a sudden removal of something from a tight substance of container like a cock of a bottle; a sudden breaking or cutting off from original body like a link in a chain, etc.; <b>viopuma</b> (adv.)
víopúmàpòkó	v		to cut off or break off suddenly from the parent body or stalk

Kirike	PoS	SF	English gloss
vò	adv.		pouring out something in quick release thus vòmásàrá; also, plenty
vòọ	a.		overlapping, dangling like 'don' or women's dress worn below the
			ankle; loose dressing (also = <b>vodò&amp;</b> )
vódō	v		to eat voraciously and untidily
vókóm	excl.		an expression describing the sudden burning or lighting of fire
vòkòmákòrì	v.adv		to catch fire suddenly, like gunpowder or petrol
vòkòròvókóró	a.		loose as of wear e.g., oversize of dress or show
vòmásàrā	adv		poured out in quick release; available in great quantity
vòròkòtò	id.		descriptive of surrendering to a benefactor at his feet; sudden collapse
••••			total purposeful fall like a soft material
vòròvòròmá	adv		pouring out of liquid in regular sequence like urine from its organ or
			wine from a bottle or leakage of pipe water
vú			wavering; swinging here and there
vúkpà	a.		descriptive of a big head, usually 'tíþí-vúkpà' (n) big, abnormal head
,			ablong in shape
vúkúmà	n	fg	method of angling where a rope with a single hook is used in flinging
	**	18	any fish that gets itself entangled from the trapping point
vúumà	id.		moving in a straying manner as one under the influence of some evil
v u u i i u	iu.		spirit, being carried to places planlessly
vûvûmà	id.		passing in quick succession without break like operating machines in
vų vų ma	10.		factory
W,w			
W,w			consonant, the thirty second letter of the Okrika alphabet
wá	pron.		we
wáā	v.a.		to rush to meet somebody (usually as auxiliary to an accompanying
			verb 'mu' thus 'wáamú'
			overflowing to pour out like beer or drink in a cup
wákā	v		to shake in a swinging manner from side to side like afloating a boat
			that is sinking; shaking or rocking in order to remove the water from a
			boat
wákì	v		to cast (net or lot) to throw any object to another; to swerve to another
•			side
wàlàlàwálálá	id.		unsteady, moving here and there
wánánìwánánì	id.		glistening; sparkling; shining brightly
wáníní	id.		dazzling and piercing in the eye
wápákáþá	V		to gush out as blood from artery or water from a spring
wárā	V		to scratch roughly; to extort or grab
wárákà	adv		expression generally used after verbs to confirm the force of the verb
			e.g., ' <b>ò' þò wárákà</b> ' (hope he came)
wárám	n		seizure by hand; grabbing like animals
wàràwàrá	a.		coarse; porous; like dry gari
warāwara wár <u>ī</u>	a. n		house; home
wáríbíe	n		inside of house
wáriálágá			the end of the eave of a roof
wárí'bō	n n		gecko
wari bộ wáribộ\$kộ	n n		door; refuge
waribosko wárikòlì	n n		corner of a house
warikoji wárikúþù	n		
• •	n		waiting or sitting room or drawing room of a building
wárímángíayé	n		rats and mice in a house

Kirikę	PoS	SF	English gloss
wárínwéngí	V		to ask for someone's hand in marriage
wárínwéngírú	n		drink offered during the wooing period of a fiancé to the parents of the
			fiance. This is done before the marriage ceremonies take shape. It is known as ' <b>bòko gbolo ye</b> ' i.e.; something denoting a tap at the door,
			something requesting the hands of somebody
wárítōn	V		to make bequeathal plans of a late person's property; to bequeath
wásā	V		to scatter or spread
wàsàlā	a.		extra wide as of ears
wásámā	V		to spread information or news or anything that can be handled
wátáwátá	a.		full to the brim
wàwā	a.v		reduced esp. in body; emaciate
wòwō	n		membrane; fluid that bursts out before a woman delivers a child during labour
wàyó	n		cheating ( <yor.)< td=""></yor.)<>
wée	a.v		wavering to this way and that way; unsteady; double dealing
wéę	a.v		splashing of foam caused by the waves of the ocean or paddling effect
			over flowing foam running over a cup or soup pot
wèkéréngè	adv		not quite long; just now also ewekerenge
wèkéréré	adv		now then; then; at this time; it is then
wéléemà	adv		distantly; being at good space; wide or quite apart
wéléwélé	a.		flippant of tongue beating tales etc.
wéréwéré	a.		gushing out arising from spilling any liquid-oil, kerosene, petrol etc.
wérí	v		to keep; to retain
wérípákáþó	V		to come about
wérísó	V		to leave off; to spare; to forego or forgive
wíkì	n		wick ( <eng.)< td=""></eng.)<>
wíkì	n		week ( <eng.)< td=""></eng.)<>
wílíwílí	a.		descriptive of fast, deep colouring like ebony black, indigo etc.
wìrìkíwìrìkí	a.		vesatious; disputatious; vexing repeatedly; adv. wirikíwirikímà
wísùlù	n		whistle ( <eng.)< td=""></eng.)<>
wóō	V		to awaken from sleep
wóọ	excl.		shout of noise
wófù	n		wharf ( <eng.)< td=""></eng.)<>
wókī	V		to disturb orderly packed things by scattering them as a result of searching; searching for pieces of some materials food, cloth, etc.
wókókò	adv		act of seizure with force or gread; total grapping (also = <b>gbúkúkù</b> )
wỳkỳlý	a.		spoilt; disfigured; appearing flimsy
wókówókó	a.		echoing in the ear
wòkùmà	v		to throw away
wálī	V		to cut or break a long material into a short one; to break into small
			pieces or segments e.g. sugarcane into pieces
wólō	v		to insult somebody; frequently touching some material or object
wòlògí	n.a.		confused state; in a jumbled situation
wólólō	v.a.		to put up a magnificent building (also = <b>þólólō</b> )
wòlòmā	V		mixed; diluted; mutilated
wólómásín	v		to deface; to erase or dust off; blot out
wòrí	v		abuse
wòrìnìmé	v		reproach; abusive term
wórō	V		to draw out; to remove from a group, marsh or substance or hole
wòrō	a.		reduced by emaciation
wórōpákúmà	V		to draw out from a container like sword from its sheath or feather from
			the body of a bird

Kirikę	PoS	SF	English gloss
wósísémà	V		to awaken a sleeping person; to revive an affair at its moribund state
wóróró	adv.		entering successively into a container through a spout or mouth or
			passage
wóómà	adv		shouting or echoing continuously
wówó	a.		echoing
wú	pron.		it. used for lower animals and inanimate or household objects
<i>/</i> 1 <i>/</i>			masquerade ( <b>&lt;ówu</b> )
wúþé	n		short form of <b>ówube</b> the mask; also used casually for 'type of cloth' or
			anything; that thing
wùkùmá	V aval		to throw away
wùlé	excl.		expression of condemnation and abuse; term following a look down on
wilā	0		somebody or something (colloq.)
wụ́lụ wùrùwúrú	a.		spoilt; changed to a bad condition; unrealistic
wuruwuru	a.n		unsteady; deceitful and pliable in behaviour; also sand the smallest type of gravel or pebble
wùsàwùsàmá	adv		growing precociously; fast in developing
w usa w usama	auv		growing precoclously, fast in developing
Y,y			
- ,,			
Y,y			consonant, the thirty-third letter of the Okrika alphabet
yà	excl.		exclamation esp. of greeting, denoting 'hi'; derisive expression to call
			the attention of someone of lower rank,
			also applied to a familiar person or an equal or friend,, also, yàyà or
			yàyàyà
wàá	n.v		highest form of marriage in the culture of Okrika (see Appendix III)
yàbée	n		vocative address, calling the attention of a male friend or an equal or
			lower person; a casual call
yàab <b>ò</b> \$	n		woman married by the yaa system; a lawfully married woman in
			whose marriage the ceremonial custom of <b>Ókuru</b> ' (raffia cloth) and
			<b>íkpo'</b> (Kano cloth) with other accompanying things like 'real-india'
			(injiri) cloth, money and drinks are adopted
yàmáa	n		feminine of 'yabee'
yámínímà	adv.		quietly; calmly; unnoticed
yàngá	n.a.		appearing well clad and pretentiously showy ( <pidgin)< td=""></pidgin)<>
yángírí	v.a.		to roll and twist as a result of being restless as caused by over-feeding
			or irritation like the behaviour of a snake after swallowing some
námíní	2		creature or being smeared with petrol
yárírí Vàsí	a.		erect; straight; upright; clear in standing order or growth
Yàsí	excl.		expression made to drive away domestic animals like fowls, goat etc. ( <from <b="">yasikima)</from>
yáų (yáwų́)	a.		quiet; calm; silent
yáúmà	adv		quietly; silently
yāwô	excl.		exclamation of expressing surprise and fear (short form of 'yawoto')
Yāwótô	excl.		exclamation denoting surprise
yàwụ́yàwụ́	a.		softly crisp and coarse in the mouth like fairly ripe pawpaw
yáyākóróró	n		army-worm, brownish destructive creature that attacks crops in the
			farm
yáyàyá	a.		disorderly; unsteady; scattered
yāyô	excl.		same as yawoto exclamation expressing surprise
yàyò	n		son of a parent
yàyòtộkự	n		paternal grandson; little son of a parent

Kirike	PoS	SF	English gloss
yé	pron.		it; thing; something
yée	excl.		stammering expression used unconsciously while thinking to say
			something
yéè	v		do; lot; allow it to be; grant that; cause it to be
yéábálá	V		to be mindful of something; to consider something
yébá	v		to break something; capable of dyeing or staining something; to kill
			something
yéþárásō	n		prosperity
yéþárì	v		to repeat; do again
yébárí	n		multiplication in maths
yébé	v		to say something; to be fond of talking or insinuating; uttering;
•••			gossiping
yéþé	v		to ask for something; to enquire or consult the oracles of a god at a
J - • -	·		shrine
yéþíþárá	n		supplication
yéþíbð	n		consultant
yéþíofórí	a.		empty; desolate (also = yéþíesìmèkà)
yébín	u. V		to pick up something
yébó	v		to dab; to touch or hold for firmness or security
yébů	v		to smoke or drink something
yébû	v prep.		of something; pertaining to something
yébûòkòrō	a.		being satisfied with some explanation; comprehensive
yébûkùró	a.		to be in need; lacking funds
yébûkùròapú	n. n		the needy; people in want
yébûlŷkŷkŷký	a.		bountiful; abundant
yébûósò	а. а.		being annoyed
yébûsóká	а. а.		vain; worthless; valueless; not important
yéchín			to name; to invoke; to ascribe
yéchụ́a	v		addition in maths
yéchúa	n.		to add or increase something
•	V		
yéchúo váchúo várí	V		to cook something
yéchúowárí 	n		kitchen (also = <b>yechuỳ-nyọ</b> )
yédá	V		to help put down load; to focus; to point or face
yédá	V		to imitate something; to entrap
yédágíen\$			to copy
yédágíenmásínì	n		xerox, photocopier; photostat machine; also <b>yeḍachu̯a-masini</b>
yédáókí 	V		to receive or accept something
yédáwó	V		to learn something
yédáwónémì	V		to acquire knowledge
yédé	V		to drive something; to exorcise as of a medicine man or charmer
yédé	V		to spread things as for sale or show
yédérí	V		to sell something
yédîi(yédǐi)	a.v		to know how to do or perform; capable of doing
yédín	V		to disguise; to change something into another form
yédíe	v		to share something; to teach
	n		division in maths
yédíebŏ	n		teacher
yédíkí	V		to look on
yédíkíyé	n		telescope, magnifying glass (also tórúdíkíyé)
yéděkí	v		to find or look for something
yédórí	V		to weave something
yédů	v		to bail something e.g. using a spoon or cup to remove liquid (soup o

Kirike	PoS	SF	English gloss
			water). Idiomatically applied to mean making much profit; profiteering
yédŭkó	v		to tell or speak; to engage in telling something; to discuss
yédûkó	v		to chew something
yéfā	a.		something being lost or being finished
yéfámá	v		to lose something; finishing or settling or resolving an issue; to waste
			or spend something esp. making expenses
yéfé	v.n		buying something
yéfi^	v		eating something
yéfíþàrà	n		how to eat
yéfín	v.n		jumping something
yéfói	v.n		roasting; to roast
yéfúrú	v.n		stealing; to steal
yégálágálámá	v		to scatter things; to set confusion; to cause disagreement
yégíen	v		to write
yégíen-másíní	n		typewriter
yégó	v		to read or name something
yégósè	n.ad		on account of something because of; reason
v 0	v		<i>o</i>
yégúa	v		to mix something; to make some concoction
yégų́ó	v		to cure or treat some ailment
yégbáná	v		to add something; to put something on top
yégbánámá	v		to add more; to bid higher in auction sale; to make better offer
yégbánáyé	n		shelf; cupboard
yégbání	v		to make demands
yégbélá	v		to inquire about something; to seek information; to consult the oracles
yégbén	v		to throw something at; to mend or sew
yégbín-másínì	n		sewing machine
yégbínbộ	n		person who mends or sews; tailor or seamstress
yégbé	v		to invoke something; to invoke evil spirit against someone
yégbé	v V		to peck as does a bird or fowl; to strike as with a pointed instrument;
yczbę	v		also to roll 'fufu' and dip into soup and swallowing
Yêì	excl.		O, oh! Shout of exclamation for being surprised at something
	a.n		prosperous; progressing in endeavours; prosperity (also =
yéìþìpírì	a.11		yétórókómún\$)
yéígbání			to demand something
	V		-
yéíkásí vánámá	V		to lock something; to prevent from action to endure or bear something
yéínémá váinámábíobù	v		long suffering; long and patient endurance (Biblical)
yéínémáþíeþù	n		to smell or sense some odour
yéíní	V		
yéjí 	V		to offload something; also, to load on
yéjíké válinío	V		to shake something
yéjínía ál-áin	V		to strife; to drag an issue on
yékáin 	V		to pluck something e.g. fruit from a tree or plant
yékáin <b>Þō</b> 	V		to understand; to be able to comprehend something
yékáká	V		to tie or prepare or parcel something; to brain-wash someone with some plan of evil intention
yékán	v		to set confusion; to tear something
yékárí	v		to pray; to invoke; to plead; to curse
yékéin	v		to print or make a drawing of something; to make a painting of some
v ••			article work
yékíen	v		to count by numbering
yékíkí			to stop or prevent

Kirikę	PoS	SF	English gloss
yékín	v		to extract something
yékón	v		to accumulate or acquire something or wealth
yékónfī	v		to do business and live by it; to earn a living by being in an occupation
yékónmá	v		to serve someone economically; to live with a master or mistress,
			rendering to him or her all that one realises by trade; to practise
			feudalism
yékón-ókí	v		to be independent; to start serving oneself after rendering services to a
			master
yékókó	v		to save or keep under safe condition
yékún	v		to have or make a good catch as in a fishing trip
yékpá	v		to take good care of something; saving it
yékpákpá	v		to remove the outer coat of something metallic
yékpákpù	v		to hold something tight, avoiding anybody, noticing it; to pilfer
yékpátú	v		to fasten together; to clinch
yékpọ^	V		to tie something
yélá	a.		valuable; to be costly
yéláká	a.		cheap; unworthy
yémá	n		things
	V		don't do
yémíe	v		to do something
yémíebárá	n		behaviour
yémíebárábéòlòkò	n		precepts
yémíekúrámà	V		to plan things agreeably and in good order; to make or arrange things accordingly
yémíękúrómà	v		to arrange things firmly; to confirm plans
yénémì	a.		wise, sensible clever
yénémíkàbò\$	n		idiot, fool, twit, stupid person, blockhead
yèngìbộ\$	n		mother; also nyèngìbò\$
yénúnúa	v.a.		to drag issues; to argue; to be disputatious
yényáná	v.a.		to own something
yé-óþólómáyé	n		gum, glue
yé-ófó	v		to investigate something secretly; to research
yé-ófóin	V		to seize something; to be rapacious
yé-ófórí vá álví	n		zero; nothing
yé-ókí yé-óló	V		to take something to hold something: to be wealthy: to be rich
yéótómáyé	V n		to hold something; to be wealthy; to be rich analogy
yépákýmá	n a.		fruitful; fertile; prolific; productive
yépéí	u. V		to eat fish, meat or insects (specially applied to this class of protein
Jepei	v		food)
yépélé	v		to cut something; to finish or decide something
yépíkí	v		to deny something
yépíkí	v		to turn something
yépó	v		to castrate or remove the inner part like the testickles
yépókí	v		to listen to something
yépókó	v		to pick out something from the ground or the body like picking out
-			jigger
yépókó	v		to remove from a stalk
yépú	v		to break or split something
yèríyèrí	a.		transparent; inflamed appearance of the skin caused by burn or scald or
			boil
yésákí	v		to start something

Kirike	PoS	SF	English gloss
yésárá	V		to pour something
yésénwènìlàmà	v		to hurt some people or someone
yésín	v		to remove or subtract something (n) subtraction in Maths
yésín	v		to accomplish or finish (also = mìesín
yésókírí	v		to be interested to know details of things; to argue or persist with
			issues of minute points or details
yésú	v		to steam or parboil something like fresh fish or meat
yésúká	v		to hang something
yésúkáyé	n		hanger
yésýn	v		to stretch something
yétábá	V		to pass the tongue over the surface of something; to lick
yétábó	v		to soak something
yétán	v		to collect things with the intention of carrying them off; also yétánsín
yétéké	v		to worship things; to beg for something; to apologise; also yétékésín
yétékébárá	n		act of praying or worshiping; supplication (also = yébíbárá)
yétélímá	V		to effect repairing; to make things better; to refine something
yétéré	v		to take good care of something feeble; to be particularly mindful of something
yétíbí	n		reason; main point; chief account of something; subject; cause
yétókúrú	v		to chew something
yétón	v		to plan things; to measure; to survey; to forbid
yétónyé	n		measure; something for measuring like cup, rope, tape etc.
yétórókōmûn	n		progress; prosperity
yétýndý	v		to drag chances or performances; to shirk duty on account of another
yéwókí	v		to be fond of touching and disturbing and thereby disfiguring, mixing up and placing things disorderly
yéwólí	v		to cut or break something
yéwóló	v		to be fond of touching things; hands not kept steady
yéwólómá	v		to be fond of mixing up things
yéyée	v		to do something (also = yémíe)
yèyéé	excl.		of no value or importance ( <pidgin)< td=""></pidgin)<>
yì	v.n		to bear a child; childbirth; parturition
yía	excl.		expression to strike fear into someone; also in low accent into suspecting fear
yìḥàlàḥálà	n		labour; travail
yìbò\$	n		one who delivers or brings forth a child; a nursing mother of a newly born babe
yìb <b>ŏ</b> -ófóríkátókù	n		parentless child; orphan
yìkàbò^	n		barren woman
yìkìkī	v.n		to stop childbirth; prevention of frequent delivery of child by applying contraceptives etc.; adoption of family planning methods to check childbirth; checking of childbirth
yìlá	n		womb
Yīrọ́	p.n.		name or title given to a son's wife by his parents and their relatives (also = tỳkụtā
yàngá	n		attitude of bluff; pride; showy attitude ( <pidgin)< td=""></pidgin)<>
yòngó	v		to swagger stylishly; to swank; moving with neck and body calmly swinging; jerky in movement
yòngòrò	n		mother belonging to him or her; also, <b>nyògòrò</b> or <b>nyèngìbò\$</b> (his or her mother)
yónī	a.		reduced in size; lean; emaciated, (also= <b>nyoni</b> )
yóríyórí	a.		crystal clear

Kirikę	PoS	SF	English gloss
yórítítí	a.		straight and austere; clearly straight like discharging without any
			disturbance or delivering a child without any hitch adv. yórítítímà
yú	pron.		usually applied to an elegant masquerade (yúbé)
yúþé	pron.		referring to a particular masquerade, where the player is well known
yúdę	excl.		expression of joy and jubilation during masquerade display
yúnífòm	n		common dress; uniform worn by members of a society or group
•			( <eng.)< td=""></eng.)<>
<b>Z</b> , z			
Z,z			consonant, the thirty-fourth letter of the Okrika alphabet
záà	id.		expression denoting scattering
zāmâ(zàámáà)	adv.		in a scattering manner e.g. occasion when a mad fellow scares a mob;
			also used as prefix to mean automatic departure e.g. to leave off
			instantly and arbitrarily
zúáí	id.		expression denoting sudden escape
zúáímà	adv.		vanishing from sight automatically